- Define and explain Cache memory. 3
 Differentiate b/w isolated I/O and memory mapped I/O. 3
 Define & explain Booth's algorithm. 3
 Write about Flag register in 8085. 3
- Write an assembly language program to add two nos.

Section - B

(Short Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt any **two** questions. $2 \times 7\frac{1}{2} = 15$

6. What are the steps for a simple instruction cycle? Explain Fetch cycle and Indirect cycle using Register transfer language.

- What do you understand by DMA. Explain giving a diagram.
- 8. Explain Programmed I/O with a flow chart. 7½

Section - C

(Detailed Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions.3×15=45

- Discuss various logical instructions,
 Machine Control Instructions and
 Program Control Instructions in the
 Assembly Language.
- 10. (a) List five important characteristics of RISC Architecture. 5
 - (b) Differentiate B/W Hardwired ControlUnit Vs Micro-programmed ControlUnit.5
 - (c) Explain Interrupt Driven I/O in detail.

18013/3

71/2

P.T.O.

11.	(a)	What are various data transfer
		schemes? Briefly discuss each
		scheme.
	(b)	Explain the need of different
		addressing modes by taking suitable
		examples. 5
	(c)	Explain the role of register transfer
		in computer architecture.
12.	Disc	uss the following in brief: 15
	(a)	Program loops in Assembly
		Language
	(b)	Operation code
	(c)	8 bit Microprocessor
13.	Writ	e short notes on:
	(a)	Memory Inlufacing Memory.
	(b)	Floating point representation

(c) Architecture of 8085.

D	(Printed Pages 4)
(20221)	Roll No
BCA-III Sem.	

18013

B.C.A. Examination, Dec. - 2020 COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE (BCA-303)

Time: Three Hours | [Maximum Marks: 75]

Note: Attempt questions from **all** sections as per instructions.

Section- A

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Note: Answer all the five questions. Each question carries equal marks. Very short answer is required not exceeding 75 words.

5×3=15
P.T.O.

- Differentiate between Micro-instruction and micro program.
- 3. What is the advantage of using Booth Algorithm?
- 4. What is cache memory? Describe its operations in brief.
- Convert the following into reverse polish notation.

A*B+C

Section - B

Note: Attempt any **one** question. Each question carries 15 marks. 1×15=15

- Différentiate between direct and indirect addressing with an example.
- Discuss basic computer organization.
 How is it different from computer architecture.
 18013(CV-III)/2

8. Explain subroutine in assembly language.

Section - C

Note: Attempt any **two** questions. Each question carries 22.5 marks. 2×22.5=45

- What is Booth algorithm? Explain it in detail. Multiply 24 and -7 using Booth algorithm.
- Describe Direct Memory Access (DMA)
 Explain its functioning of DMA transfer
 with the help of diagram.
- What is Priority Interrupt? Explain polling and Daisy chaining Priority.
- 12. What do you mean by Input-output processor (IOP)? Explain with the help of block diagram.

18013(CV-III)/3

P.T.O.

73

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ach

:15