10.	Exp	lain the following in detail:	5×3
	(a)	ISDN bear englished at resigned	
	(b)	FDM - X80logot gent bes into and	
	(c)	Routers. A server took oh hely	
		Panghidi	
11.50	(a)	What are the major components of an o	ptical
-0		communication system?	8
	(b)	Write a short note on quality of servi	ce of
		transport layer. Allo spongo or sanW. (c	7
12.	(a)	Explain pocket switching in detail.	8
	(b)	What are the criteria used to eva	luate
		transmission media? Explain throughpu	t and
		wavelength.	7
13.	(a)	What is Local Area Network (LAN)? W	hat is
av		the difference between LAN and WAN?	8
	(b)	Write a short note on session layer.	7
		correction and detection.	
	esent	b) State the advantages and disadvans	

Which of the following is used for modulation.
6) Roll No
V Sem.
18023 signosia (d)
(d) Multiplexer
B.C.A. Examination, Dec. 2016
Computer Network
, (BCA-503)
(New Course)
(d) Equalization.
Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 75]
Attempt questions from all Sections as per
instructions. To year showing (5)
avods affile above. (b)
odmity leaving a Section-A vallet off to four W
(Very Short Answer Questions)
Attempt all the five questions. Each question carries
3 marks. Select the correct option from the given
multiple choices for the following questions, $3\times5=15$
Aprotocol is really:
(a) A sets of demands
(b) A set of rules
(c) A translation book of diplomats
(d) A call with very high authorization.

2.		Wh	ich of the following is used for modulation and			
			nodulation?			
		(a)	Modem			
		(b)	Protocols			
		(c)	Gateway ELGART			
		(d)				
		(e)	None of the above.			
3.		Error detection at the data link level is achieved by: 3				
		(a)	Bit stuffing			
		(b)	Hamming codes (2-AO4)			
		(c)	Cyclic redundancy codes			
		(d)	Equalization.			
4.		At what layer does a Gateway operate at?				
		(a)	Data link layer			
	Ten	(b)	Application layer			
		(c)	Network layer			
		(d)	None of the above.			
5.			ich of the following uses the greatest number of			
		layers in the OSI model?				
		(a)	Gateway another wit out the agmenta			
	mov	(b)	Repeater	(
		(c)	Bridge			
	-15	(d)	Router. Parawollol school associata significant			
			Section-B Vilastel Isosoforq A			
			(Short Answer Questions)			
		Ans	wer any two questions out of the following three			
		questions. Each question carries 71/2 marks. 71/2×2=15				

6.	(a)	What do you mean by network topology?
		Explain the advantages and disadvantages of
		bus, star and ring topology.
	(b)	What do you mean by Hub, Repeaters and
		Bridges? 3½
7.	(a)	Discuss the major functions performed by the
		presentation layer and application layer of ISO-
		OSI model. To then holds a sthW (d) 4
	(b)	Write the concept of ALOHA. 31/2
8.	(a)	What is computer networking? What are its
		benefits?
	(b)	Discuss stop and wait protocol. 31/2
		Section-C
		(Detailed Answer Questions)
	Ans	wer any three questions out of the following five
	ques	tions. Each question carries 15 marks. 15×3=45
9.	(a)	Explain the different methods for error correction and detection.
	(b)	State the advantages and disadvantages of
		TCP/IP. 5

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Time: Three Hours | [Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt questions from all sections as

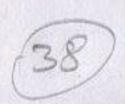
per instructions.

Section-A

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt all the five questions. Each question carries 3 marks. Select the correct option from the given multiple choices for the following questions. $3 \times 5 = 15$

P.T.O.



1.	Repeater operates in which layer of OSI	(b) TDM
	model? 3	(c) Either a
	(a) Application layer	
	(b) Presentation layer	(d) Both a
	(c) Physical layer	· 4. A local telep
	(d) Transport layer	a
2.	A networking device that forwards data	(a) Packet
	packets along networks and acts as a cen-	(b) Circuit
	tral point of network is called-	(c) Both o
	(a) Repeater	(d) None of
	(b) Router	. 5. Which one
	(c) Bridge	by data link
	(d) Hub	(a) Framir
3.	Multiplexing technique that shifts each signal	(b) error
	to a different carrier frequency.	(c) flow o
	(a) FDM	(d) Chanr
4000		F 100 - 100 A
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	(c)	Either a or b	
	(d)	Both a and b	
4.	A loc	cal telephone network is an example	e of
	a	network.	3
	(a)	Packet switched	
	(b)	Circuit switched	
	(c)	Both of the mentioned	
	(d)	None of the mentioned	
5.	Whi	ch one of the following task is not	done
	by c	data link layer?	3
	(a)	Framing	
	(b)	error control	
	(c)	flow control	
	(d)	Channel coding	
10	023/3	F	P.T.O.

(4)

 Explain any one of the protocols used for flow control in noisy channel fibre distributed data interface operation.

(Detailed Answer Questions)

questions. Each question carries 15 marks. Answer is

equited in detail. 15×3=45

Explain the connection masagement of transmission

control protocol...

Explain the functions of session presentation and

Explain the design issues of network layer.

What is Congestion Control Algo ? Explain with

enample

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(BCA-503)

(New)

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt questions from all Sections as per instructions.

Section-A

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Answer all the *five* questions. Each question carries 3 marks. Very short answer is required. 3×5=15

Explain how quality of service is provided through integrated services.

- 2. What is the difference between circuit switching and packet switching?
- Explain in detail about the steps involved in the routing process of a packet network.
- 4. What do you understand by Gateway?
- 5. Explain ethenet protocol.

Section-B

(Short Answer Questions)

Answer any *two* questions out of the following three questions. Each question carries $7\frac{1}{2}$ marks. Short answer is required. $7\frac{1}{2} \times 2=15$

- 6. Explain error detection and error correction code.
- 7. Explain any one of the following:
 - (a) NCP
 - (b) PPP layers.

8. What is the difference between TCP and OSI model?

Section-C

control in noisy channel filter distributed dur-

(Detailed Answer Questions)

Answer any *three* questions out of the following five questions. Each question carries 15 marks. Answer is required in detail.

15×3=45

- Explain the connection management of transmission control protocol.
- Explain the functions of session presentation and application layer.
- 11. Explain the design issues of network layer.
- 12. What is Congestion Control Algo? Explain with example.

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B.C.A.-V Sem.

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B.C.A. Examination, November-2019 COMPUTER NETWORKS (BCA-503)

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt questions from all sections as per instructions.

Section-A

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt all the five questions. Each question carries 3 marks. Very short answer is required not 5×3=15 exceeding 75 words. has lexinos walt w

- Which is the best topology for a local area network 1. in a building? Justify your answer.
- The power of a signal is 100 mW and the power of 2. the noise is 10µW; what are the values of SNR and SNR_{dB}? Note: Attempt any three questions

Answer is required in detail.

How frequency division multiplexing works ?

P.T.O.

What are the services of transport layer?

Section—B

(Short Answer Questions)

Note: Answer any two questions out of the following three questions. Each question carries 71/2 marks. Short answer is required not exceeding 200 words.

2×71/2=15

- Explain any one of the following:
 - (a) Transmission modes
 - (b) LAN and MAN
- How flow control and error control is done at data link layer? A and vgologo upd off a doidW
- Explain the functions of session layer.

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(Detailed Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions out of the following five questions. Each question carries 15 marks. Answer is required in detail. 3×15=45

(3)

Explain the Link state routing example.

gorithm with an

10. Discuss the different unguided mail lias with the uses.

11. How packet switching works in a etwork? Explain in detail.

12. Discuss different protocols at ar ication layer.

13. What is the essence of Modems How DTE-DCE interface works.

- 3. Four channels, each with a 100-KHz band width, are to be multiplexed together, what is the minimum bandwidth of the link if there is a need for a guard band of 10 KHz between the channels to prevent interference?
- 4. Differentiate gateways & routers.
- 5. What is connection-less service provided by the transport layer?

Section-B

(Short Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt any two questions out of the following three questions. Each question carries 7½ marks. Short answer is required. 7½×2=15

- 6. Explain any **one** of the following:-
 - (a) Ring & star topology.
 - (b) Transmission modes.

7. Discuss point-to-point protocol (PPP).

8. Explain the functions of presentation layer.

Section-C

(Detailed Answer Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions out of the following five questions. Each question carries 15 marks. Answer is required in detail. 15×3=45

- 9. Explain the distance vector routing algorithm with an example.
- 10. Discuss the different guided medias with the uses.
- How circuit switching works in a network, explain in detail.
- 12. Discuss different protocols at application layers.

13. How DTE-DCE interface works? Also discuss the essence of modems. 10+5

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Time: Three Hours |

[Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt questions from all Sections as per instructions.

Section-A

(Very Short Answer Questions)

Note: Answer all the **five** questions. Each question carries **3** marks. Very short answer is required. $3 \times 5 = 15$

- Enlist the components of data communication.
- 2. Explain attenuation in a signal.

P.T.O.

18023 (CV-III) B.C.A. Examination, Dec.-2021 COMPUTER NETWORKS (BCA-503)

Time: 1½ Hours | [Maximum Marks:75

Note: Attempt **all** the sections as per instructions.

Section-A

Note: Attempt any **two** questions. Each question carries **7.5** marks.2×7.5=15

- 1. What is UDP?
- 2. What is DTE-DCE interface?
- 3. Write a short note on computer network.

Section-B

Note: Attempt any one question out of the following three questions. Each question carries 15 marks. 1×15=15

- 6. Discuss ISDN, its services & layers.
- What do you mean by guided & unguided media? Explain with example.
- Draw a neat diagram of OSI model and explain the functioning of each layer.

Section-C

Note: Attempt any two questions out of the following five questions. Each question carries 22.5 marks. 2×22.5=45

What do you understand by routing?
 Explain any routing protocal in detail.
 Differentiate between static and dynamic routing.

18023 (CV-III)/2

- 10. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Throughput & Wavelength
 - (b) Synchronous protocols
 - (c) Routers
- 11. Explain TCP packet format in detail.
- 12. Give a brief description of session layer and explain the functions of session layer.
- 13. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Network topology
 - (b) LCP
 - (c) Error control

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