(20516)

Library Institute of Application of Research Roll No. 766/020

B. Sc. (Micro.)-II Year

3497

B. Sc. (Microbiology) Examination, May 2016

Microbial Metabolism

(B-204)

Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

marks.

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal

Briefly describe various metabolic activities of microorganisms. 10

- Describe different types of fermentation and their importance in human welfare. 5,5
- Write an account of oxidative phosphorylation in 3. microbes. 10

- 4. What do you understand by Anaerobic Respiration?
- Describe the mechanism of anaerobic respiration in microorganisms.
- 5. Write short notes on any four of the following: 2½ each
 - (a) Acetogenesis
 - (b) Microbial production of ethanol
 - (c) Cyanobacteria
 - (d) Nif-genes
 - (e) Leghaemoglobin
 - (f) Lectins and Mycoparasitism.
- 6. Write an account of Nitrogen fixation in free-living microorganism.

Write notes on any two of the following: 5 each

- (a) Nitrification and Denitrification
- (b) Inorganic Nitrogen Assimilation
- (c) Pentose Phosphate Pathway.
- 8. What are the main types of carbohydrates found in microbes? Write notes on their importance in plant metabolism.

 5,5

3497-2-

N

(Printed Pages 3)

(20517)

Rell No. 15966 0 662

B.Sc. (Micro.)- Il Year

3497

B.Sc. (Microbiology) Examination, May 2017

Microbial Metabolism

(B-204)

Time : Three Hours]

Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

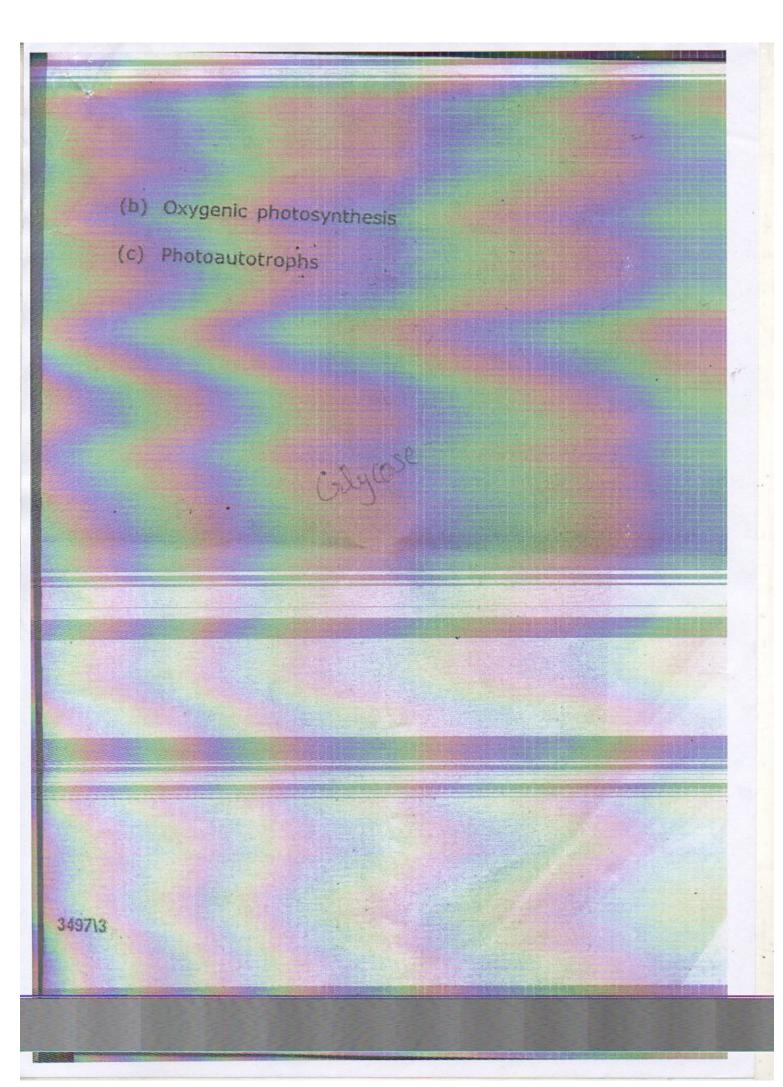
- Define the term fermentation. What are its significances in industrial microbiology? 10
- 2. What is oxidative phosphorylation? Describe the current model of oxidative phosphorylation.

 5,5
- Discuss in brief the mechanism of nitrogen fixation in bacteria.

P.T.O.

4.	Briefly discuss the glycolysis process in	bac-
	teria.	10
5.	Define respiration. Describe the proce	ess of
	anaerobic respiration.	10
6.	Write short notes on any four of the fo	allow-
	ing: 21/2	each
	(a) Reserve polymers	
	(b) Chemolithetrophs	
	(c) Nitrifying bacteria	
	(d) Nitrification	
	(e) Nod factors	
	(f) Nitrogen assimilation	
7/	Write an account of Nitrogen fixation by	y au-
	tetrephic microorganism.	
	Write short notes of any two of the fo	llow-
	ing: 5 e	each
	(a) Azotobacter	
345	97\2	

CALIFORNIA SININA PROPERTURA PROP



B. Sc.(Micro.)-II Year and anagomia wood analysis

3497

B. Sc. (Microbiology) Examination, May 2018

Microbial Metabolism
(B-204)

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Attempt any Five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

 What is bioreactor? Describe its importance in fermentation technology.

Differentiate between:

21/2×4=10

- (i) Fermentation and anaerobic respiration
- (ii) Aerobic and anaerobic respiration
- (iii) Nitrification and denitrification
- (iv) Primary and secondary metabolites.

Give a detailed account of Electron transport mechanism in microbes.

THE W		N.		1	v
	1			a.	
				0	

4.	Explain,	how	Nitrogen	fixation	is	carried	out	in
	leguminous plant by the microbes?							10

- 5. Describe biochemical steps of glycolysis. 10
- 6. What are the advantages of fermentation technology at industrial level?
- 7. Give a general account of secondary metabolites produce by the microbes.

8/

Write short notes on any four of the following:

· 21/2×4=10

- (i) Homolactic fermentation
- (ii) Oxidative phosphorylation
- (iii) Nitrogen assimilation
- (iv) Nitrogenase enzyme
- (v) Autotrophic and heterotrophic bacteria.
- Give a detailed account of the role of microbes in Nitrogen cycle in nature.

10:

Answer the following parts:

1×10=10

- (i) What is the end product of glycolysis under anaerobic condition?
- (ii) What is the role of leghaemoglobin in N₂fixation?
- (iii) Write the name of enzyme responsible for conversion of pyruvate into acetyl Co A.
- (iv) Write the name of any denitrifying bacterum.
- (v) How many NADH are produce during TCA cycle?
- (vi) Write the name of any two secondary metabolites produce by microbes.
- (vii) What are Nod-factors?
- (viii) What is chemoosmotic theory?
- (ix) Write the name of two photoautotrophic microbes.
- (x) What are antibiotics?