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Rethinking the Law Commission's View on Sedition Law



Kirti Saini

New Delhi: Renowned author Andre Gide famously noted, "Everything has been said before, but since nobody listens, we have to keep going back and beginning all over again." This historic line aptly captures the overall debate about the brutal colonial legacy of the sedition law. The 22nd Law Commission's report arguing against the repeal of the draconian law and upholding its retention with even more stringent punishments is a testament to how "nobody ever listens."

The report titled 'Usage of the Law of Sedition' walks a reader through the history of sedition law in the country, previous reports of the Law

Commission, debates in the constituent assembly, and the SC's orders related to the law. After labouring about the increased threat to the country and passing the buck to the police over the 'alleged' misuse of the act and a survey on sedition law in various countries, the report concludes why retaining the law is paramount.

Further, it makes three significant recommendations. Firstly, it recommends amending the law of sedition, contained in section 124A of the Indian Penal Code (IPC), to incorporate the meaning of sedition as laid in Kedar Nath Singh v State of Bihar by the SC. Next, it advocates increasing the minimum punishment from three to seven years. Finally, it

recommends filing an FIR only after a preliminary enquiry by a police officer with the rank of inspector or higher. The report is simply a signal of backsliding into colonial darkness. Its proposed amendments put the country on the brink of what transpired when the law was re-inserted into the IPC.

To combat elements which might incite disaffection against the British regime, sedition was reintroduced in 1870, a decade after its initial deletion. In the following years, MD Chalmers shaped the law into a completely draconian measure to attain unquestioning obedience from colonial subjects. His imperialistic, racist, and intolerant ideas are the inherent legacy of sedition law in



What is the Sedition Law?

Whoever, by words, either spoken or written, or by signs, or by visible representation, or otherwise, brings or attempts to bring into hatred or contempt, or excites or attempts to excite disaffection towards, the Government established by law shall be punished with imprisonment for life, to which fine may be added...

India. There are multiple caveats in the report by the Law Commission. For starters, the Commission was created for three-year tenure but remained almost non-existent for most of its time. At the end of the Commission's term, Ritu Raj Awasthi, former High Court Chief Justice of Karnataka, was appointed its head. The move garnered intense controversy as the judge delivered the Hijab ban judgement. Nonetheless, the tenure of the Commission was extended till 2024, and it is now tasked with drafting the provisions of the Uniform Civil Code, a much-awaited move by the Bharatiya Janata Party.

The final published report advocates retaining a law that the tallest leaders under the British Government have opposed.

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'UK Learning will Help Reinvent MCD Schools'

IMS News Service

NEW DELHI: The learnings from Tollgate Primary School in London will be incorporated in Municipal Corporation of Delhi schools, said Education Minister Atishi. On the second day of her visit to the UK, Atishi visited the school, which caters to the academic needs of children from low-income groups and diverse cultural backgrounds in London.



The minister said, "This school challenges the conventional 'blackboard-faced' model of a classroom and instead focuses on group-based, community learning, which allows children to interact and learn with remarkable freedom. The most captivating aspect of classroom learning at Tollgate is the use of

roundtables, where students sit and learn together in a group." Atishi also spoke about the galleries in the school, which promoted students' artworks and achievements. "Teachers at Tollgate Primary School are trained to cultivate basic skills in each student through diverse methods and practical applications in everyday knowledge. Learning from Tollgate will aid us in reinventing our MCD schools and creating a conducive learning environment for our students. Following the success of Delhi government schools, our primary focus is now on developing MCD schools into world-class institutions, with the aim of eliminating long queues outside private schools for nursery admissions," she added.

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IIT-BHU at 78th position on CPF Parameter in QS world ranking



IMS News Service

VARANASI: Indian Institute of Technology (Banaras Hindu University), Varanasi, has improved its position significantly in the QS World University Ranking by jumping to 78th position under citation per faculty category from the last year's rank of 115.

The institute gained an individual ranking position of 571 for the first time in the QS World University Ranking this year.

The previous year, IIT-BHU was listed for the first time in QS World ranking, and was

placed in the band of 651-700. Dean (R&D), Prof Vikash Kumar Dubey, said, "The QS World University Ranking assessment is based on nine ranking indicators, including academic reputation, employer reputation, citation per faculty, faculty to student ratio and international faculty."

"This year, the institute's ranking has improved significantly to the individual position 571. Having classified as a publicly-funded institute with a very high research intensity in a focused subject area (Engineering and Technology),"

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क्षेत्रीय फिल्म पुरस्कारों से प्रेरित होते हैं कलाकार : यशपाल

पृथ्वी कवकर

राजपाल शर्मा बॉलीवुड इंडस्ट्री में एक जाना-पहचाना नाम है। उन्होंने कई चर्चित फिल्मों में काम कर अपने अभिनय का लोहा मनवाया है। युवाओं के प्रेरणा स्रोत रहे यशपाल शर्मा से आईएमएस गाजियाबाद (यूनिवर्सिटी कोर्सस कैंपस) में आयोजित एक कार्यक्रम में मेट हुई। इस दौरान उनसे विभिन्न मुद्दों पर बहुत विस्तार से वार्ता हुई। प्रस्तुत हैं कुछ प्रमुख अंश:

कि

गैस ऑफ वासेपुर में अनुराग कश्यप जी के साथ काम करके आपका कैसा अनुभव रहा ?

लम शूटिंग के वक्त ऐसा कुछ नया नहीं करना पड़ा क्योंकि मैं अपनी असल जिंदगी में भी कुछ ऐसा ही था। मुझे यह रोल हवाई जहाज में मिला था। अनुराग कश्यप जी और मैं साथ में ही जा रहे थे। मैंने अनुराग कश्यप से पूछा था कि फिल्म में कोई रोल बचा है तो वह बोले कि कार्टिंग हो चुकी है। मैं गुलजार साहब के शो के लिए लखनऊ जा रहा था। शो खत्म होते ही जब मैं जाने लगा तो अनुराग ने मुझे बुलाया और बताया कि फ्ला रोल् करोगे, मैं वहां रोल करने के लिए राजी हो गया था। कुछ इस तरीके से मुझे यह रोल मिला।

फिल्म में स्क्रिप्ट बहुत अहम होती है। अगर आपको कोई भी स्क्रिप्ट मिलती है तो चयन करने का आपका तरीका क्या होता है ?

कोई भी एक्टर काम करने से पहले स्क्रिप्ट जरूर पढ़ता है। वह स्क्रिप्ट देखने के बाद ही अपना



रोल पढ़ता है फिर पैसा। यह सच है कि मैं स्क्रिप्ट को ज्यादा महत्व देता हूँ। अगर स्क्रिप्ट अच्छी होती है तभी मैं काम करने में इच्छुक रहता हूँ। आपने बहुत सारे नकारात्मक किरदार भी किए हैं क्या वास्तविक जीवन में भी आप ऐसे ही हैं ?

नहीं वास्तविक जीवन में मैं सीधा सादा इंसान हूँ। कोई भी काम या तो हम करते हैं अथवा नहीं करते हैं।

अगर किसी एक इंसान में प्रतिभा हो तो वे कुछ भी कर सकता है-कॉमेट वाला सिनेमा, युद्ध वाला सिनेमा, पैशन वाला सिनेमा। अगर शुरूआत में आपके पास पैसे की कमी है और फिल्म बनानी है और आईडिया अच्छा है, जब जुनून काम आता है, पैसा नहीं। हर चीज की कहीं न कहीं महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका है।

एक्टिंग और फिल्मों में काम करने वालों को उत्साहित करने के लिए अनेक पुरस्कार समारोह और फिल्मोत्सवों का आयोजन किया जाता है। ऐसे आयोजनों और सम्मान समारोहों से युवा पीढ़ी को क्या प्रेरणा मिलती है ?

बड़े फिल्मोत्सवों और सम्मान समारोहों में कुछ चुनिंदा और बड़े बजट की फिल्मों का चयन किया जाता है और उन्हीं फिल्मों की स्क्रीनिंग कर पुरस्कृत किया जाता है। वास्तविकता तो यह है कि क्षेत्रीय स्तर पर कम बजट में भी अच्छी फिल्में बनाई जा रही हैं। संपूर्ण भारत वर्ष में प्रतिभाएं भरी पड़ी हैं। लेकिन क्षेत्रीय फिल्म फेस्टिवल में क्षेत्रीय एवं

कम बजट की फिल्मों को प्रदर्शन करने का मौका मिलता है। कई फिल्मों ऐसी होती हैं जो हमारे जीवन पर बहुत गहरा असर डालती हैं। मुझे खुद अच्छी फिल्मों के दृश्य और संवाद बहुत प्रभावित करते हैं। उनका प्रभाव इतना अधिक होता है कि कई बार मैं सारी रात सो नहीं पाता। मेरा मानना है कि क्षेत्रीय फिल्म फेस्टिवल और पुरस्कार समारोह का उभरती प्रतिभाओं को प्रेरित करने में बहुत अहम योगदान है।





Kirti Saini

A monthly list of the most unique, helpful, and accessible online resources for students. It will help students navigate various life challenges. It features curated collections of Ted talks, videos, blogs, and much more – covering a wide range of topics from personal development and mental well-being to financial literacy and career advice.

How to listen — really listen — to someone you don't agree with

Where to read: Ideas Ted Official Website

Why read: This piece by Tania Israel explores the art of active listening and understanding perspectives that differ from our own. The author emphasises the importance of



setting aside preconceived notions and engaging in genuine dialogue to foster empathy and connection. By providing practical tips

and strategies, the article guides readers on how to create a safe and respectful space for dialogue, enabling them to listen attentively and empathetically to those with opposing viewpoints. Young people and students can benefit from this article as it equips them with essential communication skills, promotes open-mindedness, and encourages meaningful dialogue in an increasingly polarised world. Developing the ability to listen actively and empathetically can contribute to fostering understanding, empathy, and constructive relationships, both personally and professionally.

Depresh Mode

Where to listen: Spotify, Apple Podcasts

Why listen: Depresh Mode is a compelling podcast hosted by John Moe, who openly shares his personal experiences of living with mental illness. Although he is not a licensed therapist, Moe's authentic perspective and willingness to discuss mental health create a unique platform for listeners.



The podcast features a diverse range of guests, including notable individuals like Jamie Lee Curtis, Kevin Love (NBA star), and Surgeon General Vivek H. Murthy, MD. Through brutally honest and darkly comic conversations, they delve into topics such as addiction,

bipolar disorder, and anxiety, offering firsthand insights into these experiences. Depresh Mode provides a safe space for meaningful discussions on mental health, fostering empathy, understanding, and destigmatization. It is a valuable resource for anyone seeking relatable and informative conversations about mental health challenges.

Fake News and Misinformation: Unraveling their Impact on Indian Society

AKSHITA JAIN

New Delhi: In today's digital age, the spread of fake news and misinformation has emerged as a pressing global concern. India, with its vast population and diverse media landscape, is particularly receptive to this phenomenon. The impact of fake news and misinformation on people's lives, beliefs, and social fabric cannot be overlooked. This article aims to shed light on the issue of fake news in Indian media, exploring its consequences and suggesting ways to combat this growing menace.

India, with its booming social media user base and widespread smartphone penetration, has witnessed an exponential rise in the circulation of fake news. Misleading information spreads rapidly through messaging platforms, social networking sites, and even mainstream media outlets. False narratives, manipulated images, and fabricated stories are designed to capture attention, exploit emotions, and sway public opinion.

The impact of fake news and misinformation on Indian society is far-reaching. Firstly, it erodes trust in traditional media sources and undermines the credibility of journalism. When people are constantly exposed to false information, they may become skeptical and develop a sense of cynicism towards news organizations. This erosion of trust weakens the democratic fabric of the nation. Secondly, fake news often fuels communal tensions and contributes to social unrest. In India, instances of communal violence have been triggered by misinformation, leading to polarization and divisiveness among different religious and ethnic groups. The spread of fake news has the potential to incite hatred, exacerbate conflicts, and disrupt harmony within communities. Furthermore, the impact of fake news extends to public health. During the COVID-19 pandemic, false information



India, with its booming social media user base and widespread smartphone penetration, has witnessed an exponential rise in the circulation of fake news.

about cures, prevention methods, and vaccination spread rapidly, leading to confusion, panic, and in some cases, loss of lives. Fake news has also influenced public perception of important issues such as climate change, public policies, and electoral processes, affecting the decision-making abilities of citizens.

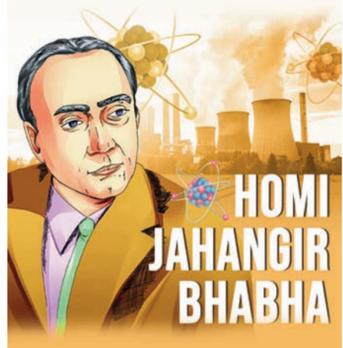
The Indian media landscape is diverse, with a mix of traditional media outlets and digital platforms. While some media organizations strive to uphold journalistic ethics and fact-checking standards, there are instances where sensationalism and the race for viewership have led to the inadvertent or deliberate dissemination of fake news. Additionally, the proliferation of unverified information through social media platforms has posed challenges for media regulators and law enforcement agencies.

Addressing the issue of fake news and misinformation requires a multi-faceted approach. Firstly, media organizations must prioritize responsible journalism by

adhering to ethical reporting practices, fact-checking, and verifying information before disseminating it to the public. Secondly, there is a need for media literacy programs aimed at empowering citizens to critically evaluate information sources, identify misinformation, and distinguish between reliable and unreliable news. Education institutions, civil society organizations, and the government should collaborate to promote media literacy from an early age. Moreover, technology companies and social media platforms must take proactive measures to identify and remove false information. Algorithms can be fine-tuned to prioritize accuracy over virality, and fact-checking mechanisms can be integrated into social media platforms to curb the spread of fake news.

The impact of fake news and misinformation on Indian society is a cause for concern that requires immediate attention. It is crucial for media organizations, citizens, and technology companies to collaborate and address this issue collectively. By fostering responsible journalism, promoting media literacy, and leveraging technology, India can strive towards a society that is better equipped to discern truth from falsehood and safeguard the democratic values it cherishes.

होमी भाभा का विज्ञान में अद्वितीय योगदान



चाहत कुमार

नई दिल्ली। होमी भाभा ने विज्ञान में ऐसा योगदान किया है जो मानवता की प्रगति और विकास के लिए अत्यंत महत्वपूर्ण है। विज्ञान की दुनिया में होमी भाभा एक ऐसा नाम है जिसने अपने योगदान से देश को गर्व महसूस कराया है। होमी भाभा को भारत के विज्ञान के मंगलमय सूर्य के रूप में जाना जाता है, जिन्होंने अपनी अद्वितीय धारणा और कर्म के माध्यम से विज्ञान में अद्वितीय प्रगति की है।

होमी भाभा का जन्म 30 अक्टूबर, 1909 को मुंबई में हुआ था। उनके पिता का नाम कोवसिर भाभा था और माता का नाम मेजनाब बनू था। उनके पिता तंत्रिकी विद्यालय में प्राचार्य थे जिनकी प्रेरणा से होमी भाभा ने भी विज्ञान की ओर अपनी कदम बढ़ाए। उन्होंने कैसर अनुसंधान के क्षेत्र में अपनी परीक्षा

में प्रवेश किया। होमी भाभा को नाभिकीय विज्ञान के एक प्रमुख अध्येता के रूप में मान्यता प्राप्त हुई।

होमी भाभा भारत के विज्ञान के मंगलमय सूर्य की तरह काम किया। विज्ञान एक ऐसी शक्ति है जो मानवता की प्रगति और विकास के लिए महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाती है। उल्लेखनीय है कि होमी भाभा ने भारतीय अंतरिक्ष एजेंसी अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान संगठन (ISRO) के विकास में महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाई। उनका योगदान इसरो के विज्ञान, अनुसंधान और तकनीकी उन्नति में महत्वपूर्ण रहा है। होमी भाभा ने भारतीय अंतरिक्ष कार्यक्रम के लिए मानव शक्ति का महत्वपूर्ण संसाधन के रूप में पहचान किया और उसकी विकास में प्रमुख भूमिका निभाई।

उन्होंने विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी के क्षेत्र में अद्वितीय योगदान दिया और भारत को उच्च स्तरीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान

होमी भाभा ने भारतीय अंतरिक्ष एजेंसी अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान संगठन (ISRO) के विकास में महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाई।

क्षेत्र में पहुंचाने के लिए महत्वपूर्ण पहल की। भाभा ने भारतीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान कार्यक्रम के संचालन में महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका निभाई। उन्होंने सर्वप्रथम भारतीय अंतरिक्ष यान 'आर्यभट्ट' के विकास में महत्वपूर्ण योगदान दिया। उन्होंने भारत के लिए कई महत्वपूर्ण खोज की हैं जैसे भारतीय अणुशक्ति के क्षेत्र में महत्वपूर्ण योगदान किया है। उन्होंने भारत के पहले अणुशक्ति प्रोग्राम की नींव रखी और तंत्रज्ञान के क्षेत्र में अपरिमित ज्ञान और अनुभव साझा किया। उनके प्रमुख कार्यों में तापीय विस्फोटों का अध्ययन, नियंत्रण और प्रगति शामिल हैं। भारतीय अंतरिक्ष यान 'आर्यभट्ट': होमी भाभा ने भारतीय अंतरिक्ष यान 'आर्यभट्ट' का विकास किया, जो 1975 में भारतीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान का पहला सफल मानवीय उपग्रह था। यह उपग्रह उपयोगी वैज्ञानिक अध्ययनों के लिए व्यापक डेटा और जानकारी प्रदान करने के लिए था। टीका विकास के क्षेत्र में भी होमी भाभा ने महत्वपूर्ण योगदान किया।

Continued Page 1...

Rethinking the Law...

Not just that, but the criticism of the law has found an echo in the chambers of the SC, which stayed its implementation in May 2022. The Law Commission's report – a monologue, actually – does not consider the lengthy discussions around the law. In its first recommendation of incorporating the KedarNath judgment while completely ignoring that the top court, in the same decision, held that the sedition law would not survive the test of constitutionality. When it states to expand the meaning of sedition to a mere tendency or inclination to incite violence, it exempts the Government from the onus of presenting specific proofs.

When it addresses the penalties under the act, it refers to a report by the 5th Law Commission, deeming the punishment 'odd.' This means the punishment can only lie between a lifetime in prison or three years and nothing in between. As a solution, the Commission proposes increasing the minimum sentence from three to seven years without ever justifying why the term is being raised from the lower end and not the other way around. Additionally, by doing so, it

neglects the need for reformatory and retributive judicial practices.

In its final recommendation, it allows a local police officer to decide whether an inclination to incite violence will be deemed sedition or not without any actual proof or threats. These are not some mere one-off instances of misuse of law; these are potential changes that can make any citizen a potential seditionist. In such cases, a person will have to undergo media trials while dealing with a system favouring lengthy pre-trials and incarceration over bail.

In its report, the Commission also tries to exonerate the ruling establishment of the misuse of the law. Instead, it places the burden on the police force as if it is an autonomous body. The blatant and systematic abuse of sedition law is a widespread reality today when even protestors looking to draw attention to the most basic demands from a democratic government are slapped with cases. As per a report by Article 14, 22 cases of sedition were filed in the Hathras case, 27 after the attack in Pulwama, 25 during the CAA protests, and six during the protests against farm laws.

While the Commission makes a case for sedition to protect the unity and integrity of the

country, it fails to describe how the act can be used to do so. It fails to notice the shallow rate of conviction and the fact that 96% of cases were filed after 2014, with a meteoric annual rise of 28% in 2020.

Simply put, the Law Commission uses colonial justifications of sovereignty and State to justify sedition law. However, it fails to recognize that the same era was marred with gross violence and inequality. Sedition is a brutal and abusive colonial legacy because it creates an unfair and suppressive distribution of power between the ruling class and citizens. It reduces accountability and removes our collective right to question – two measures essential in a democracy. No amount of verbal jargon can reform 124A and make it legible enough to be a part of the largest democracy on Earth.

UK learning will help...

The minister further spoke about the various art-based curricula followed by the school, which helped in fostering skill development among students from a very young age, nurturing their creativity and critical thinking abilities.

Atishi said the school demonstrated an exemplary commitment to inclusivity by providing an enriching learning environment

for students with disabilities.

IIT-BHU at 78th...

the institute has been consistently performing well in research and discovery, one of the key ranking evaluation parameters of QS WUR," he said, adding that the citation per faculty (CPF) has been the strongest ranking parameter of the institute and this year the institute ranked at 78 globally under this parameter compared to last year's rank of 115. "Further, among the Indian institutes evaluated by QS, IIT-BHU secured 7th position under this research parameter (CPF). With the best ranking so far, the institute fraternity is excited and encouraged for better performance in the future on all parameters," said Prof Dubey.

The institute has published a total of 9,240 Scopus-indexed papers in the domain of engineering and technology, natural sciences, life sciences and health, and arts and humanities during 2017-2021 and received 92,822 citations (excluding self-citations) during 2017-2022 period. Director Prof Pramod Kumar Jain congratulated the faculty members and research staff of the institute for their immense contribution to the research front that enabled the institute to achieve this mark globally.

TECH SANSAR

Sanskriti Gauba

WhatsApp introduces 'Silence Unknown Callers' Feature on iOS and Android

Meta CEO Mark Zuckerberg has announced on Tuesday, June 18 that WhatsApp has introduced a new feature that allows users to silence calls from spam callers. The feature is designed to protect users from unwanted calls and prevent calls from unknown numbers from disturbing the user. This feature comes after several users in India and other regions reported about receiving continuous spam calls from unknown numbers. In order to reduce fraud and spam calls by 50%, WhatsApp claimed it was coming out with its machine learning and AI based spam detection systems. Users who enable the feature will not be disturbed by calls from unknown contacts, but the messaging app will still display the call in the notification area and in the app. This means that the feature will reduce unwanted disturbance from strangers by preventing the phone from ringing. Android users can find the feature under Settings > Privacy > Calls, while iPhone users can find it under Privacy > Calls.



Oppo Reno 10 series to launch in India

The Oppo Reno 10 series (Oppo Reno 10, Reno 10 pro, Reno 10 pro+) will be launching in India soon, expectedly in second half of July. An official page on Oppo's website confirms the news. Here are some key specifications of the Oppo Reno 10 series:



The Oppo Reno 10 is powered by a Snapdragon 778G SoC, a 4,600 mAh battery with support for 80W fast charging, a 120Hz curved AMOLED display, and a triple-camera configuration of 64 MP Main + 32 MP Telephoto + 8 MP Ultrawide. The Oppo Reno 10 Pro has a MediaTek Dimensity 8200 SoC, a 4,600 mAh battery with support for 100W fast charging, a 120Hz curved AMOLED display, and a triple-camera configuration of 50 MP Main with OIS + 32 MP Telephoto + 8 MP Ultrawide.

The Oppo Reno 10 Pro+ is provided with a Qualcomm Snapdragon 8+ Gen 1 chipset, a 4,700 mAh battery with 100W fast charging support, a 120Hz curved AMOLED display, and a triple-camera configuration of 50 MP Main with OIS + 64 MP Periscope + 8 MP Ultrawide.

Microsoft reveals plan to build the world's first true quantum supercomputer.

Microsoft has revealed its guidelines for building a quantum supercomputer within 10 years; the company says that it would have the potential to solve the world's most complex problems. The technology could be used to handle food insecurity and reverse climate change by reforming chemistry. However, there are still several discoveries to be reached before programmable quantum supercomputers will be able to solve problems that current computers cannot. The development is currently at the foundational level (Noisy Intermediate Scale Quantum), with current test machines being built around 'noisy' physical qubits that aren't reliable enough to solve actual problems. Presently, Microsoft has achieved the first milestone towards a quantum supercomputer of creating and controlling Majorana quasiparticles which leads the way to reach the Resilient Level.



GMA Organized YogMahotsav



IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: GMA, in collaboration with the Heartfulness Institute and Meditation Centre, organized YogMahotsav for 3 days on the occasion of International Yoga Day from 21st to 23rd June for one and a half hour each day on different themes which focused on Diabetes, Stress and on Anxiety. Each day, the session comprised a brief introduction on causes and treatment of each of the symptoms followed by practicing related yoga asanas. This was attended by about 75 persons each day and people desired us to organize such sessions more often. A few pics are under:

विश्वविद्यालयों की खबरें

दिल्ली के छात्रों को ग्रीन कैम्पस की सौगात

दिल्ली सरकार गुरु गोविंद सिंह इन्द्रप्रस्थ यूनिवर्सिटी के पूर्वी दिल्ली कैम्पस में ग्रीन कैम्पस यूनिवर्सिटी का तोहफा छात्रों को देने जा रही है। कैम्पस को 388 करोड़ रुपये की लागत से तैयार किया गया है जो 19 एकड़ के क्षेत्रफल में बना है। कैम्पस में 2400 सीटें हैं जिसमें 85 फीसदी सीटें दिल्ली के बच्चों के लिए रिजर्व किया गया है। कैम्पस में 21वीं सदी से जुड़े आधुनिक कोर्स की शिक्षा दी जाएगी। यहां बीटेक-रोबोटिक्स एंड ऑटोमेशन, बीटेक-एआई, डाटा साइंस, बीटेक-एआई एवं एमबीए एवं बेचलर इन डिजाइन जैसे कोर्स उपलब्ध होंगे।

पंजाब स्टेट विवि में अब सीएम होंगे चांसलर

मुख्यमंत्री भगवंत मान की पहल पर पंजाब सरकार ने राज्य के विश्वविद्यालयों में गवर्नर के हस्तक्षेप को खत्म कर दिया है। पंजाब विधानसभा ने 'द पंजाब यूनिवर्सिटी लॉ अमेंडमेंट बिल-2023' पास कर दिया। इसके कानून बनने के बाद किसी भी स्टेट यूनिवर्सिटी में वाइस चांसलर की नियुक्ति प्रक्रिया की जिम्मेदारी मुख्यमंत्री के हाथों में आ जाएगी। सीएम विश्वविद्यालयों के चांसलर बन जाएंगे। इस बिल का मकसद राज्य के सभी 11 सरकारी विश्वविद्यालयों में चांसलर के पद से गवर्नर को हटाना था।

लखनऊ विवि में अमेरिकी छात्र सीखेंगे उर्दू

अमेरिका के 10 छात्र उर्दू और फारसी सीखने के लिए लखनऊ विश्वविद्यालय पहुंचे हैं। विश्वविद्यालय सप्ताह में दो बार उनके लिए कक्षाएं आयोजित करेगा। इस दौरान विवि उनको उर्दू एवं फारसी सीखाने के साथ ही भारतीय संस्कृति की जानकारी दी जाएगी। जानकारी के अनुसार यह लखनऊ विश्वविद्यालय और अमेरिकन इंस्टीट्यूट ऑफ इंडियन स्टडीज (AIIS) के बीच हुए करार से संभव हो पाया है। इंटरनेशनल कोलेजोरेशन के निदेशक प्रोफेसर आरपी सिंह ने कहा कि लखनऊ विश्वविद्यालय अमेरिकी छात्रों को उर्दू और फारसी पढ़ाने के लिए आठ सप्ताह का पाठ्यक्रम बनाया है।

उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान को अब डीम्ड विवि का दर्जा

यूजीसी के संशोधित दिशा निर्देशों में कहा गया है कि 20 साल से कम पुराने उच्च शिक्षा संस्थान अब डीम्ड विश्वविद्यालय का दर्जा पाने के पात्र होंगे। इसके साथ ही प्राइवेट यूनिवर्सिटीज को सेंट्रल यूनिवर्सिटी की तरह ही एकजीवकृतिक काउंसिल बनानी होगी। केन्द्रीय शिक्षा मंत्री धर्मद प्रधान ने यूजीसी (Deemed to be University) रेगुलेशन 2023 जारी किया है जो 2019 के इंस्ट्रक्शंस के स्थान पर लागू किया जाएगा।

बच्चों की परवरिश के गुर सिखाएगा सीसीएसयू

डिजिटल दौर में किस तरीके से बच्चों की परवरिश की जाए। साथ ही माता-पिता और बच्चों के बीच में असमंजस की स्थिति ना हो, इसको लेकर माता-पिता भी किताबी शिक्षा का ज्ञान हासिल कर सकेंगे। चौधरी चरण सिंह विश्वविद्यालय परिसर में संचालित मनोविज्ञान विभाग में अभिभावकों के लिए भी स्पेशल आर्ट ऑफ पेरेंटिंग सर्टिफिकेट कोर्स शुरू किया गया है, जिसमें बच्चों की परवरिश किस प्रकार की जाए, इसको लेकर तथ्यात्मक प्रशिक्षण दिया जाएगा। इस कोर्स में अध्ययन करने के लिए 30 दिन का यह सर्टिफिकेट कोर्स होगा। इसमें सीसीएसयू मनोविज्ञान विभाग के साथ-साथ साइकोलॉजिस्ट विशेषज्ञ माता-पिता को इस संबंध में शिक्षा देंगे। ज्ञात हुआ है कि विभाग में लगभग 20 अभिभावक इस संबंध में संपर्क कर चुके हैं।

आईआईटी कानपुर ने बनाया विशेष एंटीना

आईआईटी कानपुर ने एक विशेष एंटीना की खोज की है। यह एंटीना दूरसंचार, रक्षा, स्वास्थ्य, एयरोस्पेस, इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स उपकरण समेत कई चीजों में काफी मददगार साबित होगा। इसे प्रिंटेड सर्किट बोर्ड (PCB) में बहुत कम जगह पर लगाया जा सकेगा। यह 3डी नॉट एंटीना की तुलना में भी काफी प्रभावशाली साबित होगा। इस एंटीना का उपयोग स्मार्टफोन, लैपटॉप, विद्युत बस, टैबलेट व अन्य इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स उपकरणों में किया जा सकेगा। संस्थान के निदेशक प्रो. अभय करदीकर ने बताया कि 'प्लानर ट्रेफोइल नॉट एंटीना' संचार उद्योग में एक महत्वपूर्ण प्रगति का प्रतीक साबित होगा।

The Power of the Subconscious Mind

Shreya Kumari subject to the laws of reason, evidence, and conscious thinking. Techniques such as positive affirmations, visualization, and mindfulness can be used to harness the power of the subconscious mind and enhance personal growth and well-being. Here are some aspects of the power of the subconscious mind:

- **Memory and Learning:** The subconscious mind is responsible for storing and retrieving memories. It plays a crucial role in learning and skill acquisition by absorbing information and experiences and making them available for recall when needed.
- **Belief Systems:** Our subconscious mind holds our

FACTS ABOUT THE SUBCONSCIOUS MIND

- Moreover times it's difficult for the subconscious mind to distinguish between reality and imagination.
- The subconscious mind is so powerful that it makes you do the things which feel impossible to you.
- When you overthink a situation or trauma it gets stored in the subconscious mind as a defense learning even though you have overcome it in your real life.
- It is believed that before going to sleep, the things to desire or the people you miss, such things can be seen in dreams because that's how our

Is the Indian Subcontinent Heading for Disaster?



Bharuch, Gujrat Earthquake (2001)

Mohak Khandelwal

New Delhi: In recent years, the Indian subcontinent has witnessed a surge in the magnitude of earthquakes, posing significant threats to the lives and infrastructure of the region. The frequency and intensity of seismic activity have raised alarm bells among scientists, prompting a closer examination of the factors contributing to this unsettling trend, as it could lead to more devastating earthquakes in the future.

In 2001, a magnitude 7.7 earthquake struck Gujarat, India, killing over 20,000 people. In 2005, a magnitude 7.6 earthquake struck Kashmir, India, killing over 80,000 people. And in 2015, a magnitude 7.8 earthquake struck Nepal, India, and Tibet, killing over 9,000 people.

These are just a few examples of the many large earthquakes that have struck the Indian subcontinent in recent years. And there is evidence to suggest that the

magnitude of these earthquakes is only going to increase in the future. One reason for the growing magnitude of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent is the movement of the Indian plate. The Indian plate is moving northward at a rate of about 5 centimetres per year. As the Indian plate moves, it collides with the Eurasian plate. This collision causes stress to build up along the fault lines between the two plates. When the stress is released, it can cause a large earthquake.

Another factor that could be contributing to the growing magnitude of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent is climate change. Climate change is causing the glaciers in the Himalayas to melt. As the glaciers melt, they are releasing water into the rivers and streams in the region. This increased water flow is causing the ground to become more unstable. This instability could lead to

more earthquakes, and earthquakes with greater magnitudes. Another reason for the growing magnitude of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent is the urbanization of the region. As more and more people move to cities, they are building their homes on land that is more susceptible to earthquakes. This means that when an earthquake does strike, it is more likely to cause damage and loss of life.

The growing magnitude of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent is a serious concern. It is important to be prepared for earthquakes in this region, and to know what to do in case of an earthquake.

The growing magnitude of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent is a serious threat to the region. However, by being prepared and knowing what to do in case of an earthquake, people can reduce the risk of injury or death.

In addition to the factors

Some tips for earthquake preparedness

- Have an earthquake plan. This plan should include where you will go and what you will do in case of an earthquake.
 - Make an earthquake kit. This kit should include food, water, first-aid supplies, and other essential items.
 - Secure your home. This includes bolting down furniture and appliances, and reinforcing your foundation.
 - Learn about earthquakes. This will help you understand what to expect and how to stay safe.
- By following these tips, you can help to protect yourself and your family in the event of an earthquake.

mentioned above, there are a number of other factors that could contribute to the growing magnitude of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent. These factors include:

- **The presence of active faults in the region**
- **The geology of the region**
- **The weather conditions in the region**

It is important to note that the growing magnitude of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent is a trend, and not a guarantee that future earthquakes will be more devastating. However, it is a trend that should be taken seriously, and it is important

Things to mitigate the risks of earthquakes

Improving building codes. Building codes should be updated to reflect the latest seismic knowledge. This will help to ensure that new buildings are more resistant to earthquakes.

- Educating the public about earthquakes. People need to be aware of the risks of earthquakes and how to stay safe. This can be done through public awareness campaigns and school programs.
- Investing in earthquake research. More research is needed to better understand earthquakes and how to mitigate their risks. This research can help to develop new technologies and techniques for earthquake preparedness and response.

By taking these steps, we can help to reduce the risks of earthquakes in the Indian subcontinent and protect lives and property.



to be prepared for the devastating earthquakes in possibility of more the future.

Mental and Physical Health Tips

Aadil

More than 50% people in the world struggling with the mental illness. 1 in 5 young people (age 13-18) has or will develop a mental illness in their lifetime. Youth depression rates have risen from 12.9% to 25.2% from pre-pandemic to 2021.

Health Tips on Mental and



Physical Wellbeing

- Get regular exercise. Just 30 minutes of walking every day can help boost your mood and improve your

health

- Eat healthy, regular meals and stay hydrated
- Make sleep a priority
- Try a relaxing activity or a hobby
- Set goals and priorities
- Practice gratitude
- Focus on positivity
- Stay connected with your family and friends
- Invest time in relationships.

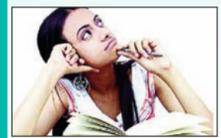
Good relationships are important for your mental wellbeing

- Be physically active. Being active is not only great for your physical health and fitness but also for mental wellbeing
- Learn new skills
- Give to others
- Pay attention to the present moment (mindfulness)

Sudoku

							3	
		4	5		2			
		1	3			9		4
6		3					4	
		9						1
				9				
					7			
9			8	4		2		
	3			2				8

Knowledge



For Students

Solve Quiz No. 105

Solve the following quiz and reply promptly through email. Names and photos of students who answer correctly will be published in IMS TODAY. IMS Engineering college students can provide reply through personal submission-Editor. Email imstoday.insec@gmail.com

1. What is the time taken by the earth to complete one rotation about its axis with regard to a fixed star?
 - a) Sidereal day
 - b) Solar day
 - c) Shake
 - d) Tropical year
2. Which of the following physical quantities do not have any unit of measurement?
 - a) Universal constant of gravitation
 - b) Specific gravity
 - c) Tension
 - d) Planck's constant
3. Which of the following is NOT a method to reduce friction?
 - a) By lubrication
 - b) By polishing
 - c) Throwing sand on the ground
 - d) None of the above
4. The time period of a satellite does not depend on which of the following?
 - a) Radius of earth
 - b) Height of the satellite
 - c) Mass of the satellite
 - d) None of the above
5. What is the time period for a satellite orbiting close to the surface of earth?
 - a) 84.6 minutes
 - b) 72.4 minutes
 - c) 44.8 minutes
 - d) 24 hours
6. What happens to a body when its density is equal to the density of the fluid?
 - a) It floats
 - b) It sinks
 - c) It remains suspended
 - d) None of the above
7. What is the main cause of capillarity?
 - a) Difference in weight of fluids
 - b) Pressure difference
 - c) Temperature difference
 - d) Velocity gradient
8. What is Reynolds number?
 - a) Ratio of inertial force to viscous force
 - b) Ratio of weight of fluid to viscous force
 - c) Ratio of velocity gradient to viscous force
 - d) Reciprocal of viscous force
9. Which of the following electromagnetic waves in the EM spectrum has the shortest frequency?
 - a) Radio
 - b) Gamma
 - c) X-rays
 - d) Infrared
10. Which of the following waves are also called as heat waves?
 - a) UV rays
 - b) X-rays
 - c) Infrared
 - d) Microwaves

Participation format

Quiz No.....
 Name of Student.....
 (also attach your PP size Photo)
 Class.....Year.....
 College name.....
 Mobile number.....
 Email.....
 Present Address.....
 Permanent Address.....

Answers (QUIZ-104) June, 2023 issue:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
b	d	c	a	d	c	d	c	d	b

Prepared By: Prof. Pradeep Kumar, Assistant Professor (AS&H)

आर्थिक तौर पर सशक्त हो रहा भारत!

हाल ही में घटित कुछ वैश्विक घटनाओं के बाद अमेरिका के साथ भारत के संबंध बहुत प्रगाढ़ होते जा रहे हैं। ध्यान रहे कि स्वतंत्रता के बाद पं. जवाहरलाल नेहरू ही भारतीय विदेश नीति के एकमात्र निर्धारक एवं निराल थे। आजादी के पहले से ही उनका वैचारिक युवाव सोवियत रूस की ओर रहा। योजनाबद्ध विकास के लिए रूसी माडल का पंचवर्षीय योजना प्रारूप उपयोगी तो था, लेकिन सीमित पूंजी और सीमित विदेशी सहायता के चलते इसका लाभ आर्थिक कम वैचारिक अधिक था। साम्यवादी या समाजवादी विचारों के अतिशय प्रभाव का परिणाम यह हुआ कि हमने सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र उपक्रमों को प्रश्रय दिया जो यूनिजनबाजी और घाटे के शिकार होकर बोझ बनते गए। जबकि विश्व युद्ध के बाद जापान, जर्मनी और फ्रांस जैसे बर्बाद हुए देश अमेरिका और यूरोप के पूंजीगत सहयोग से अपने पुनर्निर्माण में लग गए।



आर्थिक प्रगति के लिए हमें भी अमेरिकी विधी एवं तकनीकी सहयोग की आवश्यकता थी, लेकिन हम वैचारिक विभ्रम के शिकार बने रहे। उस समय अपनाए गए विकास माडल के अनुसार सोवियत रूस और जापान ने हमें बड़े कारखाने बनवाने में तकनीकी एवं सीमित पूंजीगत सहयोग तो दिया, लेकिन हमने पूंजी के बड़े स्रोत जो हमारे अपने उद्यमी भी हो सकते थे, उन्हें आर्थिक नीतिविधीयों में अपेक्षित भागीदारी नहीं दी और न उन्हें अपने स्तर पर निवेश के लिए प्रोत्साहित किया। वर्ष 1962 में जब चीनी आक्रमण हुआ था तब चीन की जीडीपी 47 अरब डालर, जापान की 60 अरब भारत की 4.4 अरब डालर थी। यानी तीनों देशों में कोई विशेष अंतर नहीं था। फिर 1970 के बाद भारत का पीछे छूटना साफ दिखने लगा। उस दौर में चीन की जीडीपी 92 अरब डालर, जापान की 212 अरब डालर और जर्मनी की 215 अरब डालर थी। उनकी तुलना में भारत की जीडीपी 60 अरब डालर के स्तर पर अटकी थी। यदि एक ट्रिलियन (लाख करोड़) डालर अर्थव्यवस्था की बात करें तो जापान 1978 में, जर्मनी 1986 में, चीन 1998 और भारत 2007 में इस मुकाम तक पहुंच पाया। जबकि 1980 से लेकर 1990 तक भारत और चीन की जीडीपी लगभग समान थी।

फिर चीन ने साम्यवादी फरेब से मुक्ति पाकर अमेरिकी और यूरोपीय सहयोग से पूंजीवाद को अपनाया। परिणामस्वरूप 2014 में जब हम दो ट्रिलियन डालर की अर्थव्यवस्था बन जाने का जश्न मना रहे थे तब तक चीन 10 ट्रिलियन डालर के स्तर को पार कर चुका था। यह सफलता उसे अमेरिकी-यूरोपीय पूंजी के निवेश और वैश्विक निर्माण का केंद्र बन जाने के कारण मिली। इसका सबक यही है कि साम्यवादी-समाजवादी विचारों ने भारत को जो आर्थिक-सामाजिक क्षति पहुंचाई है, वह हमारा बड़े से बड़ा शत्रु भी न कर पाता। इस दौरान भारत क्षेत्रीयता, भ्रष्टाचार और परिवारवाद से बीमार होकर परत ही पड़ा रहा। प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने अमेरिका के साथ रिश्तों को नया आयाम दिया। ऐसे में यह कहना गलत नहीं होगा कि वित्त दोनो प्रधानमंत्री मोदी की ऐतिहासिक रूप से सफल रही। इस यात्रा के दौरान निवेश के लिए वह विश्वास कायम किया गया, जिसकी एक दौरे में भारी कमी महसूस हुई। अन्यथा भारत तो अमेरिकी औद्योगिक पूंजी निवेश का चीन से भी बेहतर विकल्प बन सकता था।

राष्ट्रीय हितों के लिए यदि संवैधानिक संशोधन की आवश्यकता भी पड़े तो किया जाना चाहिए। यह न भूला जाए कि विदेशी निवेश की बढ़त ही आज चीन 17 ट्रिलियन डालर की अर्थव्यवस्था बना हुआ है और हम अभी चार ट्रिलियन डालर के पड़ाव को पार करने की प्रतीक्षा में हैं। अच्छी बात है कि अमेरिका भी भारत की आवश्यकताओं-अपेक्षाओं को समझ रहा है। इसीलिए मोदी की यात्रा के दौरान भारत में निवेश के अतिरिक्त अमेरिका ने रक्षा एवं तकनीकी हस्तान्तरण के समझौते भी किए। जैसे जीई-4-14 इंजनों के निर्माण की राह आसान होने से अगली पीढ़ी के लड़ाकू विमानों के विकास में बड़ी मदद मिलेगी। इससे हमारी वायु सेना की क्षमताएं बढ़ेंगी। यही इंजन अमेरिकी सेना के एफ-18 लड़ाकू विमानों में उपयोग किया जाता है। निस्संदेह, भारत-अमेरिका के करीब आने से एक बड़ी रणनीतिक-आर्थिक साझेदारी आकार ले रही है।

भारत को निहारता विश्व समुदाय

पापुआ न्यू गिनी के प्रधानमंत्री जेम्स मारापे का भारत के प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी के पैर छूना, वैश्विक महाशक्ति अमेरिका के राष्ट्रपति जो बाइडेन का मोदी से कहना कि मुझे आपका आटोग्राफ लेना चाहिए और आस्ट्रेलिया के प्रधानमंत्री एंथोनी अल्बानीज का मोदी को बांस कहरक पुकारना और प्रधानमंत्री की अमेरिका यात्रा में उनका जोरदार स्वागत हाल ही की चंद बड़ी घटनाएं हैं। ये घटनाएं संकेत देती हैं कि विश्व के सबसे बड़े लोकतांत्रिक देश भारत का प्रभाव पूरे विश्व में बहुत तेजी से बढ़ रहा है। इससे यह भी पता चलता है कि वैश्विक समुदाय अनेक जटिल और गूढ़ मुद्दों पर सक्रिय भागीदारी के लिए भारत की ओर निहार रहा है।



डॉ. अनिल कुमार निगम

यही नहीं, जी 20 की अध्यक्षता मिलने के बाद भारत की स्थिति में तेजी से बदलाव हुआ है। सर्वप्रथम, चर्चा करते हैं पापुआ न्यू गिनी की जहां मई महीने में भारत के प्रधानमंत्री जी-7 के शिखर सम्मेलन में हिस्सा लेने गए हुए थे। वहां उनका न केवल जोरदार स्वागत हुआ बल्कि प्रधानमंत्री मोदी के स्वागत के लिए मेजबान देश पापुआ न्यू गिनी के प्रधानमंत्री जेम्स मारापे खुद एयरपोर्ट पर मौजूद रहे। यहाँ जैसे ही मोदी अपने विमान से उतरे, मारापे ने उनके पैर छुए। इसके बाद प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने मारापे की पीठ थपथपाते हुए उन्हें उठा लिया। सोशल मीडिया पर इसका वीडियो तेजी से वायरल भी हुआ। इंडियन कार्डिनल फॉर कल्चरल रिलेशन्स (आईसीसीआर) के अध्यक्ष डॉक्टर विनय सहस्त्रबुद्धे ने इस पर लिखा, 'वैश्विक समुदाय इस तरह से भारत, भारत के नेता और संस्कृति का सम्मान करता है।' महिला पहलवान बबीता फोगट ने भी इस पल को ऐतिहासिक बताते हुए लिखा,

'कोरोना महामारी में वैकसीन भेजकर पीएम मोदी ने वहां के लोगों के लिए किसी फरिश्ते जैसा काम किया था। आज वैश्विक स्तर पर भारत की ताकत को दुनिया मान रही है।' दूसरा प्रसंग है 20 मई को आयोजित होने वाली जापान में क्वाड बैठक का। माना जाता है कि प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी की लोकप्रियता दुनियाभर में बढ़ रही है। मोदी के मुरीद होने वालों में विश्व के कई बड़े नेता शामिल हैं। कथित तौर पर वैश्विक महाशक्ति माने जाने वाले अमेरिका के राष्ट्रपति जो बाइडेन ने क्वाड की इस बैठक में प्रधानमंत्री मोदी से उनका ऑटोग्राफ मांग लिया। बैठक में राष्ट्रपति जो बाइडेन और ऑस्ट्रेलियाई प्रधानमंत्री एंथोनी अल्बानीज ने मोदी से एक रोचक बात का जिक्र किया। बाइडेन ने मोदी को बताया कि अमेरिका में बड़ी संख्या में लोग उससे मिलना चाहते हैं जिसके लिए उनके पास कई आवेदन आ रहे हैं। बाइडेन ने कहा, 'मुझे आपके कार्यक्रमों के लिए लोगों से लगातार अनुरोध मिल रहे हैं जो मेरे लिए चुनौती बन गया है। वहाँ, ऑस्ट्रेलिया के प्रधानमंत्री एंथोनी ने मोदी की लोकप्रियता की तारीफ करते हुए सभी अनुरोधों को पूरा करने में सक्षम नहीं है। तीसरा प्रसंग है आस्ट्रेलिया के विदेश यात्रा का। प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी को आस्ट्रेलिया के प्रधानमंत्री एंथोनी अल्बानीज ने 'द बांस' कहकर पुकारा। हालांकि यह उनके आधिकारिक भाषण का हिस्सा नहीं था। कार्यक्रम के बाद अल्बानीज ने भारत के विदेश मंत्री एस जयशंकर को यह बताया कि मोदी को बांस बोलना उनके मन की बात थी।



वास्तविकता तो यह है कि ऐसा कोई पहली बार नहीं है जब भारत को वैश्विक समुदाय ने सराहा हो।

माना जाता है कि प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी की लोकप्रियता दुनियाभर में बढ़ रही है। मोदी के मुरीद होने वालों में विश्व के कई बड़े नेता शामिल हैं। कथित तौर पर वैश्विक महाशक्ति माने जाने वाले अमेरिका के राष्ट्रपति जो बाइडेन ने व्वाड की इस बैठक में प्रधानमंत्री मोदी से उनका ऑटोग्राफ मांग लिया।

करने के कारण भारत आज अपनी नेतृत्व क्षमता का लोहा पूरा विश्व को मनवा रहा है। डिजिटल क्रांति में अग्रणी होने के साथ-साथ पिछले नौ वर्षों में भारत विश्व पटल पर एक सशक्त ताकत बन कर उभरा है। यही कारण है कि आज संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ में भी पूरा विश्व यूक्रेन-रूस युद्ध के समाधान के लिए भारत की तरफ आस लगाए बैठा है।

भारत इस वर्ष जी 20 की अध्यक्षता कर रहा और अगले वर्ष क्वाड की अध्यक्षता करने वाला है। जी-20 में अमेरिका, ब्रिटेन, अर्जेंटीना, ऑस्ट्रेलिया, ब्राजील, कनाडा, चीन, फ्रांस, जर्मनी, भारत, इंडोनेशिया, इटली, जापान, कोरिया गणराज्य, मैक्सिको, रूस, सऊदी अरब, दक्षिण अफ्रीका, तुर्की, ब्रिटेन, अमेरिका और यूरोपीय संघ आदि देश सम्मिलित हैं।

जी-20 की अध्यक्षता के माध्यम से भारत ने न केवल एक सुव्यवस्थित और उपयोगी शिखर सम्मेलन सुनिश्चित करने का जिम्मा उठाया है, बल्कि वह इसे अंतरराष्ट्रीय संबंधों को देखने का एक नया तरीका स्थापित करने के अवसर के रूप में भी उपयोग कर रहा है। यही नहीं, वह जी-20 के माध्यम से अपने आधारभूत ढांचे को अंतरराष्ट्रीय स्तर का बना रहा है। भारत अब विकसित भारत, श्रेष्ठ भारत की परिकल्पना को पूरा करने के लिए प्रतिबद्ध नजर आ रहा है। भारतीय अवधारणा- 'वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्' की बात अब हर प्लेटफॉर्म पर होने लगी है। अतः कहा जा सकता है कि आज भारत विश्व गुरु बनने के संकल्प की ओर सशक्त कदम बढ़ा रहा है।

अल नीनो का प्रभाव, भारत में सुखाव

हम सभी जानते हैं कि भारत में कृषि क्षेत्र के उपर सबसे ज्यादा दबाव रहता है क्योंकि भारत के लोग सबसे ज्यादा कृषि पर ही निर्भर हैं। लगभग 53 फीसदी लोग कृषि पर निर्भर हैं जबकि भारत के (GDP) सकल घरेलू उत्पाद में इसका 18 फीसदी योगदान है। कृषि का सीधा संबंध मौसम से होता है। कह सकते हैं कि फसल कैसी होगी, यह मौसम पर ही निर्भर करता है। हाल ही में सामने आये पूर्वानुमान के मुताबिक इस साल हमें अल नीनो प्रभाव देखने को मिल सकते हैं, जिससे भारत में मानसून पर प्रतिकूल प्रभाव पड़ सकता है।



अल नीनो, यह एक जलवायु पैटर्न है। यह 'अल नीनो दक्षिण दोलन (El Nino Southern Oscillation-ENSO)' घटना का सामान्य से अधिक उष्ण चरण है। इस घटना के दौरान, दक्षिण अमेरिका के उत्तरी तट से भूमध्यरेखीय प्रशांत महासागर में समुद्र की सतह का तापमान दीर्घकालिक औसत से कम से कम 0.5 डिग्री सेल्सियस अधिक गर्म होता है। इससे भारत सहित विश्व के कई क्षेत्रों में आमतौर पर गर्म तापमान होता है। अल नीनो सामान्यतः हर वर्ष नहीं घटित होता है, यह दो से सात साल के अंतराल में घटने वाली अनियमित घटना का रूप है।



सजना प्रभा

अल नीनो समुद्र के तापमान, समुद्र की धाराओं की गति एवं शक्ति के साथ ऑस्ट्रेलिया से दक्षिण अमेरिका और उससे आगे के स्थानीय मौसम को प्रभावित करता है। भारत में, अल नीनो कमजोर मानसून और सामान्य

एक दशक में सबसे गर्म वर्ष अल नीनो वर्ष रहे हैं। रिकॉर्ड पर अब तक का सबसे गर्म वर्ष '2016' था अब तक के सबसे लंबे और मजबूत अल नीनो में से एक था। इसे गॉडजिला अल नीनो कहा गया था। हाल में ही 8 जून को केरल में मानसून की पहली बारिश हुई और उसी दिन अमेरिकी एजेंसी एनओए (National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration) ने बताया कि प्रशांत महासागर में अल नीनो का असर दिख रहा है। भारत के मौसम में इसे बुरी खबर मानकर चर्चा शुरू हो गई है। जलवायु परिवर्तन के कारण चरम मौसमी

अल नीनो से बचाव के उपाय

- ▶ समुद्र के सतह के तापमान पर नियंत्रण रखना
- ▶ सरकार की तरफ से किसान को आर्थिक सहायता देना
- ▶ खाद्यान्नों का पर्याप्त बफर स्टॉक बनाए रखना और उनकी सुचारु रूप से आपूर्ति सुनिश्चित करना

घटनाएं तो बढ़ ही रही हैं। इसके साथ सामान्य मौसम स्वरूपों में भी बदलाव देखने को मिल रहे हैं। अल नीनो का असर दुनिया भर में महसूस किया जाता है। जिसके कारण बारिश, टंड, गर्मी सब में अंतर दिखाई देता है। अल नीनो के कारण समुद्र की सतह का तापमान बढ़ जाता है। भारत और ऑस्ट्रेलिया में यह सूखे की स्थिति ला सकता है। इससे फसल की उत्पादकता काफी हद तक प्रभावित हो सकती है। हालांकि कुछ अन्य देशों में इसका प्रभाव एकदम विपरीत देखने को मिलता है यानी की अधिक वर्षा। अल नीनो जैसी प्राकृतिक घटनाओं को रोकना हमारे हाथ में नहीं है, पर हम कोशिश कर सकते हैं की इससे कम से कम हानि हो सके।

ELECTIONS-2024. UNIFORM CIVIL CODE -A TRIUMPH CARD FOR BJP

The Uniform Civil Code will be a triumph card for the Bhartiya Janta Party (BJP) in 2024 general elections. The pros and cons of its effect have been already assessed and analyzed. BJP and its govt. feel that under the given political scenario, its appropriate time to implement UCC in the country.



Vasindra Mishra

Opposition parties are badly divided and frightened with central investigating agencies in its respective states. Almost all the opposition parties have their own conflict of interests. They do not want to allow Congress party to play the role of a big brother in the 2024 elections. But it is also factually correct that without the Congress party there will be no strong alternative against BJP at national level. On the other hand, BJP is gearing up for the elections. The party is using 'saam, daam, dand, bhed' formula to win the elections. The idea to implement uniform civil code is one of its plans. The main aim of UCC would



be to streamline present laws related to marriage, divorce, adoption, inheritance, succession, and guardianship. If a UCC is enforced, it would be able to fix the minimum legal age for marriage, abolish bigamy and resolve issues around inter-faith marriages.

implemented, it will impact income tax laws and succession plans, particularly for Hindu Undivided Families (HUFs) as well. In his recent address, Prime Minister Narendra Modi has once again spoken about Uniform civil Code and its need for the nation. The prime minister's statement has created murmur among all the political parties and socio-religious-ethnic groups in the country. But they are not in a position to oppose the UCC openly. Further, most of the opposition

parties have announced support for the UCC. The critics of BJP and its Govts are alleging that they are trying to divert the attention of people from the real issues of the country. The people are worst affected from the policies of the government. There should be an effort to provide relief to people from price rise, unemployment, and politics of hatred. Contrary to this, the union govt. and state governments of BJP are busy in raking up non-issues at this moment.

National Doctor's Day: Honoring the Heroes of Healing

As we navigate the maze of life, there are those among us who possess an extraordinary ability to heal, to bring hope, and to guide us on the path to recovery. On this National Doctor's Day, we appreciate the remarkable contributions of our medical professionals, who tirelessly serve as the guardians of our health and well-being. In every hospital, clinic, and medical facility, doctors stand as beacons of knowledge and compassion, dedicated to improving lives. Their unwavering commitment to the oath they take, the countless hours they spend studying and practicing, and the sacrifices they make every day cannot be understated. National Doctor's

Day, observed on March 30th, reminds us to pause and reflect on the indispensable role doctors play in our society. It is an opportunity to express our heartfelt gratitude for their tireless efforts, empathy, and skill that often go unnoticed amidst the complexities of modern healthcare. Doctors not only possess extensive medical knowledge but also exhibit tremendous emotional strength. They comfort us during moments of vulnerability, offer solace in times of uncertainty, and provide a compassionate ear to listen to our concerns. Their reassuring

presence can bring comfort to patients and their families, instilling a sense of trust in the healing process. Throughout history, doctors have been pivotal in advancing medical science, pushing the boundaries of what was once thought impossible. From groundbreaking discoveries to innovative surgical techniques, their tireless pursuit of knowledge has led to remarkable breakthroughs, saving countless lives and improving the quality of life for millions.

The ongoing COVID -19 pandemic has underscored the immense courage and

Doctors not only possess extensive medical knowledge but also exhibit tremendous emotional strength. They comfort us during moments of vulnerability, offer solace in times of uncertainty, and provide a compassionate ear to listen to our concerns.

dedication of our physicians. They are on the front lines, working tirelessly day and night to protect our communities and care for those affected by the virus. They have selflessly put themselves in harm's way, risking their health and well-being for the greater good.



In our college community, we are fortunate to have access to an exceptional group of doctors who not only educate and inspire future generations of healthcare professionals but also provide outstanding care to students and staff. Their guidance and expertise shape the future of medicine, ensuring that we are equipped to face the challenges of tomorrow. Let us celebrate National Doctor's Day by recognizing the heroes of healing among us. Let

us honor the doctors who have devoted their lives to the service of others, demonstrating unwavering dedication, empathy, and resilience. To our doctors, we extend our deepest gratitude for the lives you have touched, the hope you have restored, and the sacrifices you have made. Your unwavering commitment to healing and your unwavering compassion serve as an inspiration to us all. Happy National Doctor's Day!

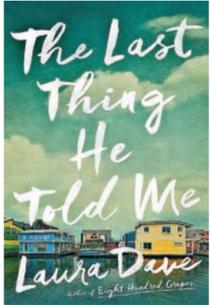
बढ़ती जनसंख्या चिंता का विषय

नई किताब
BOOK – Psych: The Story of the Human Mind
 Divyanshi Mittal

Book Name - The Last Thing He Told Me
 Publication Date - May 4, 2021
 Author- Laura Dave
 ISBN NO - 978-1501171345
 Publisher - Simon & Schuster
 Language - English

Mystery and thriller based book

The author Laura Dave, which has been successfully adapted into a captivating series, starring Jennifer Garner and Nikolaj Coster-Waldau. In picturesque Sausalito, Hannah's perfect life shatters as her husband Owen vanishes.



mysteriously. A cryptic note pushes her to "PROTECT HER," leaving her perplexed. As Hannah investigates, a tangled web of deception unravels. Alongside Owen's daughter, Bailey, they confront their demons and unearth haunting secrets. Each revelation jeopardizes their lives, forever transforming their reality. Personally, I had to read this one first because I like mystery and thriller story. And let me tell you, I absolutely loved it!

The writing, especially at the beginning, was incredibly captivating. The story skillfully weaves between different timelines, showcasing numerous flashbacks and memories involving Hannah and Owen. And story begins.

पूनम कुमारी

जनसंख्या में लगातार बढ़ती चिंता का विषय बनाता जा रहा है। पूरे विश्व की आबादी आठ बिलियन से भी अधिक हो चुकी है। अगर विश्व की जनसंख्या इसी रफ्तार से वृद्धि बढ़ती रही तो वो दिन दूर नहीं जब हमारे पास संसाधन कम और लोग ज्यादा होंगे और तब जो स्थिति पैदा होगी वह जरूरत से ज्यादा भयावह होगी। बड़े-बड़े अंतरराष्ट्रीय और राष्ट्रीय संगठन बार-बार इसी बात पर चर्चा कर रहे हैं कि किस तरह से जनसंख्या को नियंत्रण में किया जा सकता है? कई कानून बनाए जा रहे हैं और कितने देशों ने तो एक या दो से अधिक बच्चे पैदा करने पर दंड लगाया भी शुरू कर दिया है।

बहुत ही जल्द ही जनसंख्या को नजर में रखते हुए संयुक्त राष्ट्र संघ ने 1987 में हर वर्ष 11 जुलाई को विश्व जनसंख्या दिवस मनाने का निर्णय लिया था। इसका उद्देश्य जनसंख्या पर नियंत्रण लगाना तथा जनसंख्या से उत्पन्न समस्याओं पर विचार करना एवं उन विषयों पर लोगों को चेताना है। परिवार नियोजन, मातृ एवं शिशु की सही देखभाल, मानव अधिकार का महत्व, लिंग समानता, गर्वनिरोधक का इस्तेमाल आदि के प्रति लोगों में जागरूकता फैलाना है।

सबसे अधिक चिंता का विषय यह भी है कि पूरे विश्व की आधी से अधिक आबादी एशियाई देशों में रहती है और



अगर सिर्फ भारत की बात करे तो अकेले भारत की आबादी 142.86 करोड़ हो गई है, जो अब पहले नंबर पर पहुंच चुकी है। यूनाइटेड नेशंस पॉपुलेशन फंड (UNFPA) की रिपोर्ट के अनुसार, यह चीन की तुलना में 2.9 मिलीयन ज्यादा है। वहीं, 142.57 करोड़ के साथ चीन दूसरे नंबर पर है। भारत में जनसंख्या वृद्धि दर पिछले दसकों में 1.7 फीसदी बढ़ी है जबकि चीन की जनसंख्या पिछले दसकों में माइनस में है।

यह आकड़ा बताता है, जनसंख्या जैसे गहनशील मुद्दों पर चर्चा करने की भारत को कितनी ज़रूरत है। भारत की आज भी एक बड़ी आबादी भूखे पेट सड़कों पर रात बिताने को मजबूर है और बेरोजगारी एक बहुत बड़ी समस्या बन कर उभर रही है। सबसे ज्यादा गरीबी, भुखमरी, बेरोजगारी भी भारत सहित अधिकतर एशियाई देशों में ही है। जनसंख्या वृद्धि के कई दुष्प्रभाव देखने को मिल रहे हैं,

भारत की आज भी एक बड़ी आबादी भूखे पेट सड़कों पर रात बिताने को मजबूर है और बेरोजगारी एक बहुत बड़ी समस्या बन कर उभर रही है। सबसे ज्यादा गरीबी, भुखमरी, बेरोजगारी भी भारत सहित अधिकतर एशियाई देशों में ही है।



मनुष्य अपनी जरूरतों को पूरा करने के लिए लगातार प्रकृति के संसाधनों का दोहन करता जा रहा है। बड़ी-बड़ी इमारतें बनती जा रही हैं और वन कटते जा रहे हैं, कई जंगली जीवजंतु विलुप्त होते जा रहे हैं। पहाड़ों को मनुष्य अपनी जरूरतों को पूरा करने और सड़कों का निर्माण करने के लिए माईन्स लगा कर कमजोर करता जा रहे जिस कारण से पहाड़ों पर भी भूस्खलन जैसी समस्या आये दिन सुनने को मिलती है। लोग गरीबी और बेरोजगारी की वजह से चोरी डकैती जैसी घटनाएँ अकसर अखबार की सुर्खियां बनती रहती हैं। इन सब पर अगर रोकथाम लगाना है तो बहुत गहन होकर सोचना पड़ेगा।

भारत में हर मिनट कम से कम

पच्चीस बच्चे का जन्म होता है, यह वो आकड़ा है जो सरकारी और गैर सरकारी अस्पतालों का है, इसमें अभी भी घर में जन्म लेने वाले बच्चों की संख्या नहीं जुड़ी है। यह आकड़ा उन तस्वीर को साफ करता है जो भ्रमजाल हम पाल बैठे हैं भगवान भरोसे न तो जनसंख्या के दर में कमी आएगी और न ही हमारे भविष्य में कोई सुधार आ सकेगा।

अगर हम चाहते हैं कल हमारी आने वाली पीढ़ी इस खूबसूरत दुनिया का आनंद ले सके तो आज से ही उसकी तैयारी करनी पड़ेगी और इसके लिए सरकार द्वारा चलाई गयी परिवार नियोजन के लिए हर कार्यक्रम में केवल भाग नहीं लेना होगा बल्कि साथ मिल

कर उन कार्यक्रम को आगे बढ़ाना और ज्यादा से ज्यादा जागरूकता फैलाना होगा। आज भी गाँव और देहात में अक्सर बड़ी और संयुक्त परिवार की परंपरा है जिसमें ज्यादातर घरों में कम से कम से 7 से 8 सदस्य होते हैं। उन घरों की औरतें या तो बस घरों में काम करती हैं या बाहर जाकर मजदूरी या देहाड़ी पर छोटे मोटे काम करती हैं। चूकी परिवार बड़ा होता है और बच्चे भी ज्यादा होते हैं तो वे घरों और बाहर दोनों जगह अथाह परिश्रम करने से उनकी उम्र कम होती जाती है और वे बहुत जल्दी बुजुर्ग हो जाती हैं।

उनका शारीरिक स्वास्थ्य परिवार को कम आय की वजह से अक्सर प्रभावित होता है। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पुरुष

प्रधान समाज होने तथा शिक्षा के अभाव में अधिक बच्चे पैदा करने और स्त्री स्वास्थ्य को अनदेखा करने की वजह से बहुत सी महिलाएं या तो बच्चे को जन्म देते वक़्त मर जाती हैं या फिर बच्चा बहुत कमजोर पैदा होता है। ये बातें कहीं न कहीं हमें बताती हैं कि जनसंख्या नियंत्रण के बारे में कोई पुख्ता कदम उठाने की बहुत जरूरत है। बढ़ती जनसंख्या और उसके दुष्प्रभाव को देखते हुए यू.एन.एफ.पी.एस. जिसका उल्लेख 2019 का जनसंख्या नियंत्रण बिल में भी है, उसको लाने की तरफ इशारा करता है पर कहीं न कहीं 35 वार संसद में पेश होने के बावजूद यह पॉलिसी अटक कर रह जाती है क्योंकि अगर यह कानून लागू किया जाता है तो कानून को तलाकशुदा जोड़ों के अधिकारों के साथ-साथ इस्लामी धर्म को भी ध्यान में रखना होगा।

इतना ही नहीं यह भी ध्यान रखना होगा कि यह अवैध गर्भपात को बढ़ावा तो नहीं दे रहा। कोई ठोस कानून बनाने और उसे अमल में लाने से शायद जनसंख्या में नियंत्रण लगाया जा सकता है। सरकार को भी अपने हर कार्यक्रम और योजना का शुरूआत से लेकर अंत तक समान रूप से नजर रखनी होगी। आज लोगों को आबादी नियंत्रित करने के महत्व को समझना होगा। यह न केवल उन्हें स्वच्छ और स्वस्थ वातावरण तथा बेहतर जीवन स्तर प्रदान करेगा बल्कि अपने देश के समग्र विकास में भी मदद करेगा।

Role of Startups and their Growth in India

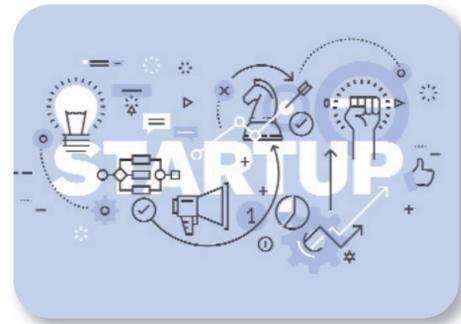
Mansi Bharadwaj

New Delhi :A startup is a business structure with rapid development that is driven by innovation, developed to address a specific issue, expands quickly, and faces significant uncertainty. In essence, a startup is a person who has a novel idea for meeting the demands of the market through the use of technology.

The startup ecosystem in India, known as the "land of opportunities," has experienced a phenomenal flow in recent years. Startups are essential for driving India's socioeconomic development, including job creation and technical advancement. Their contributions go beyond only fostering economic expansion and job development. The objective of startups in India is to "create and innovate new products and services while raising India's employment rate." Startups and other small

businesses are essential to the economic boom. This is due to the fact that they generate employment, which lowers unemployment rates, which in turn denotes a more advanced and well-functioning economy.

India has developed into a hub for startups because of its varied talent pool and a government that is committed to promoting innovation and entrepreneurship. Some people believe that business and startup are the same. I'm here to clear up the confusion about the distinction between a startup and a business. Innovation, which is lacking in business, is added in startups. Let me clarify. You may have heard of Ola and Uber. Earlier, it was not possible to reserve a cab. You must reserve a taxi one day in advance by providing the driver with your timing and destination (i.e., business), but what have Ola and Uber done? Currently, you can book a cab online at any



time and from any location. So, this is how a business and a startup vary from one another. Simply by applying modern technologies and a little creativity, one has developed this startup. In 2021 alone, the country added more than 1600 startups, according to a report by NASSCOM, the organization for the Indian software sector.

The Indian government has put in place a number of efforts to promote entrepreneurship because it recognizes the potential of startups in driving

economic growth. The "Startup India" programme, which was introduced in 2016, sought to offer companies a number of advantages, such as tax breaks, simpler access to financing, and streamlined regulatory frameworks. The Government of India's flagship programme, Startup India, aims to foster a startup culture and establish a robust, inclusive ecosystem for innovation and entrepreneurship in India. In India, startups have become important

foremployment growth. The Confederation of Indian Industry (CII) reported that over 60,000 jobs were reportedly created by startups in 2021 alone. As companies grow, they need qualified experts in a variety of fields. Innovating in fields like e-commerce, fintech, edtech, health tech, and agritech startups in India have been at the forefront of technological advancement. India has developed into a centre of innovation thanks to its innovative business models and emphasis on customer centricity, which has attracted attention and investment from around the world. India's startup environment is world-class in terms of collaboration and mentoring.

They allegedly built the unicorn corporation, as we have heard on numerous occasions. We've heard the word "unicorn" quite a few times. What does it actually imply, and how does it relate to

the startup world? The term "Unicorn" is frequently used in the financial sector to refer to a private startup valued at more than \$1 billion but not yet listed. It doesn't occur frequently. The transformation of a person/company into a unicorn is uncommon. To become a unicorn, a company needs a special idea, a well-defined growth strategy, a solid business plan, and a successful pitching strategy for venture capitalists and private investors. There are 1170 unicorns known as of June 2022. The phrase "cockroach startups" describes businesses that are extremely flexible and robust that can endure and prosper in difficult business situations. Despite this impressive rise, startups in India still confront a number of difficulties.



Khushi Varshney

About Titanic Ship

- **Size and Luxury:** Titanic was one of the biggest and most opulent ships of its era. It had a gross tonnage of about 46,328 tonnes, was 882.5 feet long, and 92.5 feet broad. It had lavish features like a swimming pool, gym, libraries, and upscale eateries.
- **Unsinkable Reputation:** Due to its sophisticated design and safety systems, the Titanic was famously touted as being "unsinkable." In the North Atlantic Ocean, it sadly struck an iceberg and drowned in a matter of hours.
- **Passenger and Crew:** The ship could accommodate up to 892 crew members in addition to 2,435 passengers. Some of the richest people of that time, including politicians, merchants, and celebrities, were among the passengers.
- **Wireless Communication:** For its time, the Titanic possessed cutting-edge wireless communication capabilities. Its wireless telegraphy distress signals were extremely important for the rescue operations and subsequent increase in maritime safety.



Nikshipta Raut

Ghaziabad: In this interview, Rishabh Bhatnagar talks about his experience at IMS Ghaziabad, his learning from both his student life and professional career. Rishabh Bhatnagar is an alumnus of IMS University Courses Campus batch 2017-2020 and at present, he is working as Vice President at Investors Clinic Infotech Pvt Ltd.

How would you sum up your experience at IMS?

I would say that it was an incredible experience. I am grateful for the opportunities that IMS provided me with. From joining as a fresher to finally getting ready to join the industry, my journey at IMS has been a roller coaster ride. As an entrepreneur, mentor, realtor, public speaker and investment banker, I have learned many valuable lessons throughout my journey. I love reading books about business and I also like to talk about my experiences as a real estate professional so



Rishabh Bhatnagar

others can learn from them as well. I started working in the Real Estate industry as a junior level associate, right after completing my MBA (From IMT Ghaziabad). I was passionate about achieving something bigger in my life. Year after year, I accomplished everything that made me who I am today. **Would you like to give any advice to the students who are new in the real estate field?** Yes, absolutely! My advice to the students who are new to the real estate field would be to always keep learning and growing. It is a very challenging industry, and it takes a lot of hard work and

Always focus on the Present and the Future: Alumni

dedication to succeed, but the rewards are worth it. I would recommend finding a mentor or a company that can help you to grow and develop your skills. I would say if you do want a career in real estate it's worth it.

How would you say your time at IMS helped you to achieve your goals?

I would say that IMS had a great impact on my career. When I first joined IMS, I did not have a clear view of my future, but the faculty at IMS helped me in every way possible to reach my goals. In 2nd year everything changed for me. I joined e-cell as a head. Dr. Indrani ma'am and Dr. Nidhi Srivastava ma'am guided me and gave me an opportunity as an Assocham in Leela Palace, then in final year I started my own real estate career. The guidance, opportunities and mentorship I received at IMS shaped my mindset and prepared me for the real world. The faculty was always there to guide me, provide me with



opportunities, and motivate me to achieve my dreams. I am grateful for their assistance, as it has helped me to become a successful individual in my career and life.

Do you ever think back and wish that you would have done anything differently while you were still a student at IMS?

Rishabh: No, I don't like to look back. I believe that everything happens for a reason and that our experiences shape the person that we become. But I prefer to focus on the present and the future. I've been in this industry for over 3 years and have worked with 50+ of real

estate professionals coming from different parts of the country from small to large and I'm self-content with what I do.

What skills did you develop at IMS that helped you with your current profession?

I developed management skills, digital marketing skills, and communication skills at IMS. While at IMS, I learned how to manage different aspects of a business, such as finances, operations, and human resources. I am able to manage different aspects of a business, effectively market properties, and communicate effectively with clients and prospects.



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WE HAVE NO BRANCH IN NOIDA

News Brief

Debate Competition on Should Plastic be Banned Completely to Reduce Environment Pollution



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): On the occasion of World Environment Day, the Department of MCA and the Cultural Committee, IMSEC Ghaziabad organized debate competition on the topic "Should plastic be banned completely to reduce environment pollution" on June 5, 2023. Students from various courses have participated in the event and made it successful.

Winners were
Aditya Gupta (First position) - MCA II Sem
Yash Jaiswal (Second position) - MCA II Sem

Mock Placement Drive Organized



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): Mock Placement Drive organized by department of MCA on Friday, June 2, 2023. The objective of this event was to help students of MCA 1st year to prepare for placement drives. Students participated with full enthusiasm and interests. Top three students had been selected as winners through rigorous selection process consisted of various rounds. Winners were as follows:

First Prize: Devanshu Kumar
Second Prize: Hem Pratap Rana, Aditya Gupta

A Coding Competition was Organised in the Department of Computer Science



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): A coding competition was organised in the department of computer science, Knack Club to test coding skills of students. There were three rounds of coding, each testing the different skills required in coding. The students from various departments participated enthusiastically. This was a certainly a learning experience for them.

Department of MBA Organized a Webinar on Promoting Blood Donation Awareness



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): Department of MBA organized a WEBINAR on "PROMOTING BLOOD DONATION AWARENESS: EMPOWERING LIFESAVING ACTIONS" on June 14, 2023. The speaker was Dr. Jatin Chauhan (MBBS) who did his MBBS from Shri Guru Ram Rai Institute of Medical and health Sciences. He mainly focused that we can recognize and appreciate the selfless act of blood donation. Blood donors are crucial in ensuring an adequate blood supply for medical procedures, emergencies, and transfusions. Recognizing their contributions not only shows gratitude but also acknowledges the critical impact their actions have on the lives of others.

Industrial Visit at Tevatron Technology Pvt. Ltd.



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): The Department of Information Technology and Computer Science has organized an Industrial Visit at "Tevatron Technology Pvt Ltd., Noida-63" for the 2nd Year students on June 10, 2023. Mr. Shubham Vyas & Ms. Anjali Patel accompanied 62 students of 2nd Year IT & CS, who visited the Company as a part of their educational experience. During the visit, students gained practical knowledge and work environment in the field of Robotics & Automation. The visit provided opportunity to enhance leaving expensive beyond the boundaries of Class-room teaching. The students learned about various career options in the field of automations & Robotics and gained knowledge to develop smart robots with the use of programming. They also learned ability to ask their doubts through question-answer Session to industry personals.

Students Hailed from Various Institutions Cheered : AAGHAAZ 2023

IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: IMS Engineering College organized "AAGHAAZ 2023" on June 22, 2023, an extravaganza of Management & Technical events, in which many institutions from in and around Delhi NCR had participated. More than 500 participants who are pursuing either Management or Computer Application courses at post or under graduate levels felt privileged being a part of this mega festival.

This was a collaborative effort of MBA & MCA department of IMS College to welcome students. Through participation in various events, they were



given an opportunity to showcase their versatile thought processes pertaining to create unique business models and management skills to become successful entrepreneurs in future. In nutshell, it was an opportunity for students who are multi-taskers & enterprising, eager to unleash their potential and demonstrate talents in the field of innovation and management skills to execute their excellent & technical ideas confidently. The multiple events scheduled were Blind Coding, Business Plan, Paper Presentation Contest, Ad Zap-The Ad Mad Show, Jugaad Management, Web-a-Thon, 100 ka Dum, Movie Making and the list is endless. The inaugural moment witnessed Prof. (Dr.) H.S. Sharma, Chairman CSI Chapter, Ghaziabad as Chief Guest and Mr. Tejas. S as Guest of Honor from Daikin Japanese Institute of



Manufacturing Institute along with honorable Director of IMS Engineering College Dr. Vikram Bali, Dean Academics Dr. S.N. Rajan, Dean Student Welfare, Dr. Pankaj Goel, H o D - M B A , Dr. Meenu Baliyan, HoD-MCA, Dr. Kavita and many other dignitaries. Dr. Vikram Bali congratulated all students and participants for their dedication, devotion and determination shown to

make this event a grand success. He blessed students for exploring and refining their talents like leadership, innovation, communication skills and team dynamics. The prime personality of the valedictory function was Dr. Manjeet Ratan, Treasurer CSI Ghaziabad Chapter along with the Director, Deans and HoDs of various departments. The participants and students of IMSEC had added much required enthusiasm in the

entire function. The winners were rewarded with cash prizes, certificates and accolades. Dr. Bali had extended his heartiest thanks and sincere gratitude to each and every staff member of the institution for bestowing their best and motivating the ignited minds and grooming them to escalate their confidence.

The event was a huge success because students in quest of exploring strategies were getting refined; participants cultivated the seeds of managing time effectively by prioritizing their work and honing team dynamics for venturing into a companionship with successful deadlines paving a career path for an enduring success.

Yoga Seminar and Yoga Activities at IMSEC

IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: IMS EC organized yoga seminar and yoga activities for the intellectual, mental and physical development of its students.

The whole month was a fitness month and encouraged all the students of the college to stay healthy and fit. The students participated in all the activities with great enthusiasm. IMSEC invited Shri. Lakshmi Kishore Awasthi, Sangathan Mantri and Yoga teacher, Patanjali Yog Samiti, Mr. Saurabh and Ms. Neha ji



renowned Yoga instructors, who very efficiently explained different Yoga postures to the students as well as shared their knowledge and thoughts about Yoga with the students for their betterment. More than 300 students of B.Tech. and MBA and around 50 faculty members participated in the whole event wholeheartedly.

Department of MBA Organized a Session on Gender Sensitization

IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: MBA department organized a session on "GENDER SENSITIZATION: Humanity has no Gender" where SI Pragati Singh, SO (Mahila Thana, Ghaziabad) shared her life experiences and encouraged attendees to question traditional gender roles and expectations that limit individuals' self-expression and opportunities. The seminar focused on dismantling harmful gender stereotypes that perpetuate



discrimination and inequality. Participants engaged in critical discussions, examining how these stereotypes affect various aspects of life, including education, career choices, relationships, and parenting. By challenging these biases, attendees explored ways to create a more inclusive environment for all. The seminar served as a stepping stone toward a future where gender equality and inclusivity are integral components of a just and compassionate society.

Visit to National Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasting



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): The students of 2nd year, 4th Semester - CSE3 of the Department of Computer Science & Engineering along with faculty members Mr Aashish Kumar and Mr Aditya Sam Koshy visited National Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecasting (NCMRWF) A-50, Sector-62, Noida for an Industrial visit. This visit was mainly focused on understanding the concepts of Weather forecasting using Super Computer & AI technologies. Dr. B. Athiyaman, Scientist F & Head, Computer Department, their trainers, and coordinators explained the

organization, their methods of working with different technologies, the difference between different models used for Weather Prediction and forecasting along with their advantages and disadvantages. He also explained about the Super Computers and how it has been used in Weather prediction and analysis. After the Presentation, a tour was arranged for viewing the Super Computers like Cray X-MP, Cray XC 40, and IBM, and the steps to use them were explained. Overall, the Industrial visit was very informative and beneficial for the students.

The Department of MBA Organized a Fun-Filled Activity Called Ad-Zap

Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): Kaizen Club of the department of MBA, IMSEC organized a fun-filled activity called Ad-Zap.

The objective of the activity was to allow participating students to showcase their creativity, communication skills, and marketing acumen by advertising a given product within the span of 5 minutes. The judges of the event judged the participants based on several factors that included brand awareness, creativity, communication skills, and how convincingly they were able to sell the product to the audience. The winners of the event were awarded by the Kaizen Club, which helped to motivate the students and encouraged them to participate in many



more such activities. The Ad-Zap activity was a huge success, allowing the students to hone their marketing and communication skills while having fun. It also helped to promote teamwork, collaboration, and creativity, which are essential qualities for success in the corporate world. The organizing committee and the judges were delighted with the response and look forward to hosting many more such exciting events in the future.

Guest Lecture on Microsoft ERP Technology - Revolutionary Vision



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): Guest lecture on "Microsoft ERP Technology - Revolutionary Vision" held on June 7, 2023 was organized by MCA department. Eminent guest was Mr. Vikas

Srivastava, Practice Head, AMY Softech PVT. Ltd. Speaker enlightened our students' various aspects of ERP including Dynamic 365. Students of MBA & MCA attended the lecture with full enthusiasm and interest.

Farewell Party Organized for Final Year Students

IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: The farewell party for the final year engineering and management students at IMSEC was organized as a memorable event to celebrate their accomplishments and bid them farewell as they embarked on the next chapter of their lives. The event aimed to create an atmosphere of joy, nostalgia, and appreciation for the students' hard work and dedication throughout their academic journey.

The party took place at the premises of IMSEC, which was transformed into a vibrant and nostalgic ambiance. The decorations featured a blend of the



University's colors and symbols, displaying posters, banners, and pictures depicting memorable moments from the students' time at IMSEC. The venue was arranged with comfortable seating, allowing attendees to socialize and reminisce. The Director, Prof. (Dr.) Vikram Bali delivered a heartfelt speech, reflecting on the students' journey and

inspiring them to strive for excellence. Inspirational messages, anecdotes, and advice were provided to inspire and motivate the graduating class. To add a touch of entertainment and nostalgia, the students showcased their talents through various performances, including singing, dancing, skits, and poetry recitals. These performances not only



entertained the audience but also created an emotional connection between the students and their peers. Outstanding students were recognized and honoured during the farewell party. This segment aimed to highlight the students' well-rounded achievements and contributions to the IMSEC community. Talented performers graced the stage, and

deserving students who exemplified qualities of leadership, compassion, and involvement throughout their time at the institution were honoured with the titles of "Mr. & Ms. Department" for each department, as well as "Mr. and Ms. Farewell." A sumptuous dinner was arranged for all attendees, allowing them to mingle, share stories, and create lasting memories. The

relaxed atmosphere encouraged conversations between faculty, staff, and students, fostering a sense of camaraderie and unity.

The farewell party provided an emotional and joyous atmosphere as the departing students bid farewell to their alma mater. It served as a platform for expressing gratitude to faculty members, staff, and friends who supported them during their academic journey. The event left a lasting impact on both the students and the IMSEC community, symbolizing the successful completion of their studies and the beginning of a new phase in their lives.

International Yoga Day Celebrated at IMS UC



IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: Ghaziabad District Management Association organized the International Yoga Day celebration at IMS Ghaziabad University Courses Campus on June 21, 2023. Program began by lighting lamp to pay gratitude to goddess Saraswati by Chief

Guest Shri Narendra Kashyap, State Minister, Uttar Pradesh, District Magistrate Shri Rakesh Kumar, Shri Vikramaditya Singh Malik, Chief Development officer, Shri YashParashar, Yoga Guru, Shri LalitJaiswal, Chief Warden Civil Defence, CA (Dr.) Rakesh Chharia, General Secretary, IMS Group and Shri Arun Kumar

Singh, Director, IMS Ghaziabad University Courses Campus. International Yoga Day is celebrated world over with great enthusiasm and positivity. This day has been recognized by World Health Organization with the aim to raise awareness worldwide of the many benefits of practicing yoga. Yoga cultivates the ways of

maintaining a balanced attitude in day-to-day life and endows skill in the performance of one's actions. During the program, Yoga Guru Shri YashParashar demonstrated various aasanas, the right way of doing the aasanas and their benefits. He also explained in detail the benefits of Pranayama.

The International Day of Yoga has gained significant popularity worldwide. The theme for this year was 'Yoga for Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam,' which effectively encapsulating the collective aspiration for 'One Earth, One Family, and One Future.' Many countries organized events and initiatives to celebrate the day, including mass yoga

demonstrations, lectures, discussions, and cultural performances related to yoga. The day also encourages people to incorporate yoga into their daily lives and experience its benefits firsthand. The program at the campus began at 5 am with meditation session by Dr. Deepali Monga, Mindfulness Meditation

Trainer and Life Coach followed by Yoga Session, by Yoga Guru Shri YashParashar which was attended by not only the faculty members and staff of IMS but also people from all sections of the society. Prime Minister Narendra Modi's live address was also telecasted during the session. In the end, DM, Shri Rakesh Kumar emphasised on the

significance of Yoga in our life and benefits of doing it on daily basis. Yoga is not just a way of exercising but it is a way of life, he said during his address to the audience. Chief Development Officer, Shri Vikramaditya Singh Malik thanked everyone for their efforts and ended the program on a hopeful note of organizing many such events in the future.

Peer Enrichment Session on Self Awareness & Leadership



IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: Career Development Centre at IMS Ghaziabad University Courses Campus organized a Peer Enrichment Session on the topic "Self Awareness and Leadership". The session was

specifically planned to dwell deeper into this area and ponder upon the concept of self-awareness and its correlation with leadership. Prof. Rashmi Singh began the session by welcoming the participants and the resource person. Dr. Deepali Monga,



Head CDC, presented the resource person with a sapling as a token of gratitude. Resource person Prof. Swati Tyagi led this interactive session and shared valuable insights on the subject through various examples and instances from real life.

Session emphasized on the thought that Leaders who are self-aware are better able to recognize and manage their own emotions, which can help them respond more effectively to difficult situations and conflicts. Self awareness is a best

companion for great leadership as many leadership problems are driven by low self-awareness. During the session, participants got the opportunity to evaluate their self-awareness level through a specifically designed Self Analysis Test and were also guided to set SMART goals regarding the Locus on Control. In the end, Dr. Deepali Monga, HOD CDC, gave the vote of thanks to the resource person and all the participants and congratulated everyone for organizing such informative session which was very well received by the participants.

Corporate Alumni Connect in Mumbai



IMS News Service

Mumbai : MS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus) collaborated with University of Mumbai's Alkesh Dinesh Modi Institute for Financial and Management Studies in organizing Corporate Alumni Connect, which was conducted on 24th June, 2023 at the Green Technology Auditorium of University of Mumbai.



The event started with offering shower petals to the Goddess Saraswati, followed by the welcome speech by both the directors of the institute, Dr. Arun Kumar Singh (Director, IMS Ghaziabad University Courses Campus) and Dr. Smita Shukla (Honorary Director WRC/ICSSR & Director of IQAC, University of Mumbai). The Key note speaker of the day was Dr. Srinivasan R Iyengar (Director, JBIMS, University of Mumbai), who shared his valuable insights on the changing landscape of business in the present scenario due to automation and AI. The next segment of

the event was the panel discussion on the topic "Automation & AI Changing Business Landscape". Panel of 8 corporate members shared their thoughts on the topic. The moderator of the discussion was Mr. Siddharth Singh (General Manager & Country Head - India, MP Biochemicals). The panel Members were Ms. Dipanwita Chattopadhyay (CEO, DC Consultants), Mr. Abhishek Mahalpure (Chief Manager, Aditya Birla Capital), Mr. Jimmy Shah (Associate Director, UNIQUUS), Mr. Niket Koregaonkar (Senior VP - Corporate Banking, Yes Bank), Mr. Amey Joshi

(Credit Analyst, Canara HSBC, Life Insurance), Mr. Makarand Patil (Founder, Business Intelligence Group). After the panel discussion, both the institutions shared their success journey in educational field via medium of short video. Dr. Pooja Rastogi (Head - Alumni Relations) shared the journey of IMS and its accolades and the bond the institute have with its alumni's. Few of the alumni's shared their experience with the gathering about the time they spent during the graduation days. The session ended with the vote of thanks by Dr Shivani Dixit and Ms Kavita.

Industrial Visit to Advanced Level Telecom Training Centre

IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering and Computer Science, IMS Engineering College, Ghaziabad organized an Industrial Visit to Advanced Level Telecom Training Centre (ALTTC), Ghaziabad for the students of ECE and CS. Total 43 students of 2nd year (13 students from ECE) + (30 Students from CS) visited the training centre. The student got the information about Job Oriented Technologies like Mobile technologies, Broad-band Communication and their



applications in forthcoming 5G wireless technology. They also had been briefed about various internship options available with

ALTTC, Ghaziabad. Students found the visit very informative and encouraging to think about these future technologies.

Industrial Visit to CEPTA Infotech



Ghaziabad (IMS News Service): The students of the 2nd year, 4th Semester - CSE2 of the Department of Computer Science & Engineering along with faculty members Ms Gurpreet Kaur and Ms Meenu Sharma visited CEPTA Infotech Private Ltd D-58, Sector-2, Noida for an Industrial visit on June 9, 2023. This visit was planned to help students get familiar with the current job scenarios.

It was mainly focused to understand various technologies in demand for jobs as Freshers. The students were given a special lecture by trained instructors on Data Science and knowledge about how this technology can improve their career growth. The students were given a tour of the company and were thoroughly informed and demonstrated about various projects under development by the Company.

Pledge-Taking Event Organized on World Environment Day



IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: On the occasion of World Environment Day, the Department of Computer Science and Engineering & the Cultural Committee at IMSEC Ghaziabad organized a Pledge taking the event on June 5, 2023 at 2:30 pm, C block in respective classrooms of CSE 2nd year.

Students and faculties took the pledge enthusiastically and committed to taking care of the environment as a whole. The event aimed to raise awareness about environmental conservation and promote sustainable practices to keep our environment healthy and safe. Let's continue to make a positive impact on our environment every day!

MDP Organized on Team Building & Conflict Resolution

IMS News Service

Ghaziabad: Management Development Program on 'Team Building & Conflict Resolution' was being organized at IMS Ghaziabad University Courses Campus, in collaboration with GMA. The MDP started in the main auditorium with the Inaugural speech by Dr. Punam Sahgal, former Dean & Professor of Organization Behaviour at IIM Lucknow. Post the inaugural speech, Dr. Sahgal explained on the topic of self-awareness and leadership in context of teams and also discussed their interconnection. She



discussed with the participants on various real life instances and suggested possible solutions to the problems. She highlighted that the individual exhibits self-centered behavior and tend to dominate interactions, displaying indifference and arrogance

to others. They struggle to adapt to superiors or individuals with a different style. Overall, they display a range of behaviors that hinder effective collaboration and positive relationships with others. Post Lunch, next session was on Conflict Resolution



and Negotiation. The trainers were Dr. Deepali Monga and Prof Anuradha Bhardwaj. They discussed positive and negative aspects of conflict and various types of conflict which people are not aware of. Live study was conducted through

questionnaire to know how people view conflict. Participants learnt about their conflict management styles and how to change it for better. Participants also learnt various effective techniques to resolve the conflict and various stages of negotiation were

discussed. Relevant cases, role plays, games and activities were conducted. People from corporate participated in various activities with great enthusiasm and zeal. Participation certificates were also provided to all the participants. Towards the end Dr. Poonam Gupta, Associate Professor, Area Chair - MDP gave the vote of thanks to the resource person and to all the participants. She thanked all the HODs for supporting the program and also mentioned the guidance provided by the management for organizing such a successful event.

NavIC could challenge the GPS Dominance !



Khushi Varshney

New Delhi: India is a nation that is continuously succeeding in the field of technology and development. Various steps have been taken for its enhancement.

India has unleashed a masterstroke in the world of navigation. Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) has launched NavIC, an Indian navigation system that could challenge the dominance of GPS. NavIC is more accurate than GPS in terms of various aspects such as navigation, positioning, and time precision. India has now joined the League of Nations by having its satellite-based navigation system as a result of this miracle.

ISRO has launched an indigenous satellite navigation system named Navigation with Indian Constellation (NavIC). The project was originally scheduled to begin in 2011, but it was postponed and began in 2018 instead. This system would undoubtedly usher in a new era of independence and technical advancement, the Indian space agency is confident.

The primary goal of the regional satellite navigation system NavIC is to fulfill the positioning, navigation, and timing requirements. NavIC is also called as Indian Regional Navigation Satellite System (IRNSS).

A constellation of seven satellites plus a ground station network that is operational 24*7 makes up the NavIC concept. Placements of these satellites are done: four satellites in each plane are placed in geosynchronous orbit at 55°E and 111.75°E, respectively, with an inclination of 29°, while the other three satellites of the constellation are placed in

geostationary orbit at 32.5°E, 83°E, and 129.5°E.

NavIC system covers the area of India and the region up to 1500km beyond the Indian border. Standard Position Service (SPS) for civilian users and Restricted Service (RS) for strategic users are the two services that are provided by NavIC. Two frequencies are used in NavIC, L5 (1176.45 MHz) and S-band (2498.028 MHz), both are supported by this system.

NavIC is precisely made to provide more accuracy better than 20m and for accurate timing better than 50ns.

The signals of NavIC are more explicit and specifically SPS signals are compatible with other global navigation satellite systems (GNSS) like GPS (US), GALILEO (European Union), GLONASS (Russia), and BEIDOU (China). New and strong frequencies are used in the NavIC system which is leading it to be compared with GNSS.

It was crucial to bring this type of navigation system to India to step forward in the field of technology and development. However, there was a Kargil War occurrence that brought this system's significance to light.

To save Indian soldiers, the Indian government requested GPS support from the US in 1999 during the Kargil War when Pakistani embedders entered the Kargil highlands, but the US refused and preferred Pakistan. At that time India decided to develop their indigenous navigation satellite system.

Two primary applications—one for military usage and the other for general use (for navigation)—make up NavIC.

Cyclones Cause Heavy Economic Loss

Shruti Raj

New Delhi: CYCLONES are characterised by inward-spiralling winds that rotate about a zone of low pressure. It is a large air mass that rotates around a strong centre of low atmospheric pressure, counter-clockwise in the Northern hemisphere and clockwise in the Southern hemisphere.

Cyclones are also held responsible for economic losses in India. In May 2020, Cyclone Amphan made landfall near the India-Bangladesh border. It was the costliest tropical cyclone on record for the North Indian Ocean. India faced economic losses of approximately USD 14 billion, a flagship UN report has said.

The 2023 North Indian Ocean cyclone season is an ongoing event in the annual cycle of tropical cyclone formation. The north Indian Ocean cyclone has no official bounds, but cyclones tend to form between April and December, with the peak from



May to November.

Cyclonic storm Biparjoy (disaster in Bengali) hit Gujarat and neighbouring Pakistan, causing extensive damage to infrastructure and the economy. Evacuations have affected daily wage earners while export was disrupted as major corporations like Reliance Industries and Adani Group had suspended operations in the region. Infrastructure bore the brunt of cyclonic fury, leading to a slowdown in business activity and causing the country's GDP growth to stumble under the weight of natural calamities. (Economic times). It was expected that



occupations made the life of fishers as insecure.

A resident of Baghlanji village in Puri district, Akhila Behere, 45, would earn Rs 10,000-15,000 a month before the cyclone hit the shores of Odisha by fishing in Chilika lake spread in 1200 sqkm of area. (News 18)

The devastation caused by Cyclone Amphan in May 2020 has catapulted Bengal to the top of the list of insurance claims for losses due to extreme weather events in 2020-21.

On average, 2-3 tropical cyclones make landfall in India each year, with about one being a severe tropical cyclone or greater. Cyclones are one of the dangerous natural hazards we face. In order to prevent lives of huge numbers of people, the public infrastructure of the country should be designed keeping in mind the hazard mapping of the cyclone. Construction of a steep-slope roof to avoid the risk of being blown away. Anchoring strong posts with solid footings on the ground.

Cyclonic storm Biparjoy (disaster in Bengali) hit Gujarat and neighbouring Pakistan, causing extensive damage to infrastructure and the economy.

Biparjoy would fall with wind gusts potentially reaching a maximum speed of 150 kilometres per hour. (Indian Metrological Department)

Red alert had been issued by IMD for Saurashtra and Kutch coasts in Gujarat, anticipating "extensive" damage.

On June 17, Union Home Minister Amit Shah during Gujarat visit said that only 47

people injured during cyclone and 234 cattle died. (Livemint)

The Gujarat Government said that it will compensate farmers for the loss of their crops, orchards as well as the death of cattle due to the cyclone, while a preliminary survey revealed the state's power infrastructure has suffered damage to the tune of Rs 783 crore. (Press Trust of

India)

Tropical cyclones often knock out power, depriving life saving services to vast majority of people, preventing vital communication and hampering rescue efforts. It often destroys key bridges, overpasses, and roads, complicating efforts to transport food, clean water, and medicine to the areas that needs it. Life of fishermen may get damaged in terms of their residence, fish-landing jetty road, boat, and other assets and make them jobless. Low level of education, ingenueness and inaccessibility of other

The Chess: A Game of Strategy and Skill

Vivek

New Delhi: The International Chess Day, observed on July 20th every year, is a celebration of the ancient game that has captured the hearts and minds of millions around the world. With its rich history, strategic complexity, and numerous benefits, chess has become more than just a game - it is a tool for education, mental stimulation, and global connectivity.

Chess dates back over 1,500 years, with its origins believed to lie in ancient India. From there, it spread to Persia, and eventually reached Europe during the Islamic Golden Age. The rules and strategies evolved over time; leading to the establishment of the modern game of chess we know today. What sets chess apart from other games is its universality. Unlike many sports that require expensive equipment or specific

physical abilities, chess is accessible to anyone with a simple board and pieces. Additionally, it is a game that transcends language barriers, uniting players of diverse backgrounds and cultures. Moreover,



chess has made its way into popular culture, appearing in countless books, movies, and even art. In literature, notable works such as Vladimir Nabokov's "The

Defense" and Stefan Zweig's "Chess Story" explore the compelling world of chess and its impact on human psychology. Films like "Searching for Bobby Fischer" and "Pawn Sacrifice" have also brought the excitement

and intensity of the game to the big screen. Chess also plays a significant role in education. Many schools and educational programs incorporate chess into their curriculum, recognizing the myriad benefits it offers students. The game teaches students critical thinking skills, patience, and the ability to analyze situations from multiple perspectives.

Chess has been proven to enhance academic performance and improve problem-solving abilities, making it an invaluable tool in the educational landscape.

On International Chess Day, chess enthusiasts across the globe come together to celebrate their shared passion for the game. From local chess clubs to online tournaments, players engage in friendly competition and spread awareness about the benefits of playing chess. Chess festivals, simultaneous exhibitions, and workshops are organized to introduce newcomers to the game and foster a sense of community among players.



...एवरीवन इज अ हीरो: इंसानियत और भाईचारे की कहानी



सरवन कोरी

फिल्म - 2018: एवरीवन इज अ हीरो निर्देशन - जूड एंथनी जोसेफ लेखक - अखिल, जूड एंथनी जोसेफ कास्ट - टोविनो थॉमस, तन्वी राम, आसिफ अली, अर्पण बालमुर्ली, कलैयासरण हरिकृष्णा उपलब्ध - सोनी लाइव सिटिफिकेशन - U/A 16+ आइएमडीबी रेटिंग - 8.5

‘ह’र आपदा महज खबर होती है, जब तक कि वो हम तक नहीं आ जाती। इस बेहद जरूरी वक्तव्य के साथ शुरू होती है उतनी ही जरूरी फिल्म 2018: एवरीवन इज अ हीरो। 2018 प्राकृतिक आपदा पर आधारित एक मलयालम फिल्म है, जो कि शैली की दृष्टिकोण से एक्शन, ड्रामा और थ्रिलर का मिश्रण लगती है। फिल्म 2018 में आए केरल के भीषण बाढ़, उसकी वीभत्सता, उसमें फंसे लोगों के संघर्ष और उस संघर्ष से उभरे भाईचारे की कहानी कहती है।

निर्देशक जूड एंथनी जोसेफ का निर्देशन कमाल का है। फिल्म लगती ही नहीं है कि केवल 20 करोड़ की लागत में बनी है या बाईं भी जा सकती है। फिल्म वीएफएक्स, सिनेमेटोग्राफी, और बैकग्राउंड स्कोर की दृष्टिकोण से किसी भी 200 या 300 करोड़ की मेगा बजट फिल्म के स्तर की है। अगर इससे बेहतर भी कहा जाए तो इसमें कोई अतिशयोक्ति नहीं होगी। जहां एक ओर यह आपदा की व्यापकता और वजन के साथ न्याय करती है, तो वहीं दूसरी ओर किरदारों की कहानी, उनके आर्क का निर्माण करने में भी अपना पूरा समय लेती है। फिल्म दौड़ नहीं करती और अपना पहला हाफ जानबूझकर कई किरदारों का परिचय कराने में निवेशित करती है, जिसका फल दूसरे हाफ में स्पष्ट रूप से नजर आता है।

किरदारों के साथ जुड़ाव, उनके साथ घट रही घटनाओं का असर उसके दर्शकों पर होना किसी

भी फिल्म के लिए एक बहुत जरूरी तत्व है, और 2018 इसमें सफल होती है। हालांकि कुछ क्षणों में ऐसा महसूस होता है कि फिल्म का सत्य घटना पर आधारित होना भी इसके पीछे एक वजह है। कई किरदार होने के कारण कुछ के आर्क अंधेरे तो कुछ के उतने प्रभाव नहीं लगते। फिर भी किरदार कहानी को हमेशा बाँधे रखते हैं। मूल रूप से मलयालम भाषा में होने के कारण संवाद हिंदी तक आते-आते थोड़े साधारण तो होते हैं। कुल मिलाकर कहें तो हिंदी डबिंग भी अच्छी है और देखने योग्य है। भारत में प्राकृतिक आपदा पर फिल्मों में कम ही देखने को मिलती हैं, जिनका स्तर अच्छा हो। फिल्म अपने विषय को लेकर न केवल गम्भीर है, बल्कि पूर्ण समर्पित है। किसी भी तरह की राजनीतिक टिप्पणी से खुद को बचाते हुए फिल्म बहुत ही खूबसूरत ढंग से प्रेम, इंसानियत, और भाईचारे की बात करती है। आज के समय में जब नफरत, अलगाव और हिंसा को जश्नित करने की परंपरा विकसित हो रही है, वहीं एवरीवन इज अ हीरो एक ऐसी केरला स्टोरी हम तक लाती है जिसे सभी को न केवल देखना चाहिए, बल्कि दिखाना भी चाहिए।

Creative Corner

देखते ही देखते जवान माँ-बाप बूढ़े हो जाते हैं...

सुबह की सैर में, कभी चक्कर खा जाते हैं, सारे मोहल्ले को पता है, पर हमसे छुपाते हैं।

दिन प्रतिदिन अपनी, खुराक घटाते हैं, और तबियत ठीक होने की, बात फोन पे बताते हैं।

ढीले हो गए कपड़ों, को टाइट करवाते हैं, देखते ही देखते जवान, 'माँ-बाप' बूढ़े हो जाते हैं।

किसी के देहांत की खबर, सुन कर घबराते हैं, और अपने परहेजों की, संख्या बढ़ाते हैं।

हमारे मोटापे पे, हिदायतों के ढेर लगाते हैं, 'रोज की वर्जिश' के, फायदे गिनाते हैं।

'तंदुरुस्ती हज़ार नियामत', हर दफे बताते हैं, देखते ही देखते जवान, 'माँ-बाप' बूढ़े हो जाते हैं।

चीजें रख के अब, अक्सर भूल जाते हैं, फिर उन्हें ढूँढने में, सारा घर सर पे उठाते हैं।

और एक दूसरे को, बात बात में हड़काते हैं, पर एक दूजे से अलग, भी नहीं रह पाते हैं।

एक ही किस्से को, बार बार दोहराते हैं, देखते ही देखते जवान, 'माँ-बाप' बूढ़े हो जाते हैं।



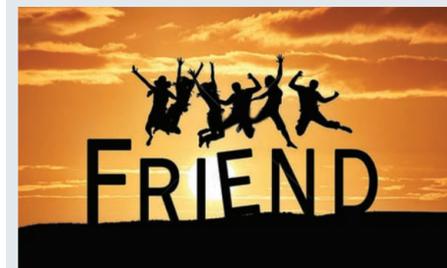
आदिल



दोस्त

दोस्ती में मतलब की बात न आए बिछड़ना पड़ जाए दोस्तों को अंत में, कभी ऐसी मुलाकात न आए। वक्त न मिले तो मत मिलना दोस्तों से क्योंकि मिलने के बाद, फिर वक्त की याद न आए। माता, पिता, भाई, बहन, सब रिश्ते बने बनाए मिले हमें

हमने खुद बस एक रिश्ता बनाया, जो हमारे दोस्त कहलाए। जिंदगी में हो रहे बदलावों में, एक बदलाव जो हम नहीं चाहते उन पुराने दोस्तों की जो वक्त के साथ नहीं बदलते। उन पुराने यारों की जो उम्र के साथ बिना बदलाव के हमारे साथ चलते हैं, हमारे साथ ढलते हैं। क्योंकि मेरे यार पुराने सच्चे हैं, मेरे यार पुराने अच्छे हैं...



संजना प्रभा



THE LIGHT I CAN'T SEE

What is this I feel? It makes me think, am i even seen? hugging me oh so tight, This relentless uncease It makes me feel light. Light because I can't see any But I sure feel it. Might be worth every penny Every penny I've spent Every penny I've wasted Every drop of failure I've ever tasted Then how come I'm never enough Never on time to see you love You're too clumsy You're too dumb You're worth nothing Just swallow the lump So next time I try harder I work and I work I work to make you proud Only to end up with you being loud Maybe one day this platonic light will turn into something real But until then I'll be right here my dear.



Akshita Jain

