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## ‘Shikshak Samman Samaroh’



### IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad:** “It was the courage and values that my teachers instilled in me right from childhood that I showcased in the face of death at the Kargil war,” said India’s youngest Param Vir Chakra awardee Yogendra Singh at the Shikshak Samman Samaroh held in the IMS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus) on 10 September 2022.

The event was organized to commemorate Teachers’ Day and honor the efforts and services of teachers in sculpting the future of the nation. With fervor, enthusiasm, and delight, the campus opened its doors to 58 schools and over 270 teachers from various schools in the NCR region. Director, Arun Kumar Singh, opened the program with his zealous words, terming teachers as the country’s backbone.

Feeling privileged to host such an auspicious gathering, Mr. Singh recalled the McKinksy Sternfels 2022 report’s statement, “It’s not India’s decade, it’s India’s century.” While recalling the statement, he emphasized the vast contribution of teachers in this new dawn for the country. With a commitment to turning Skill India into ‘Will

India,’ Mr. Singh opened the forum for the chief guest. The chief guest of the day and the nation’s braveheart, Mr. Yogendra Yadav, initiated his address with a triumphant ‘Jai Hind.’ He expressed his gratitude towards all the teachers in the country who work tirelessly to train students. Further adding to his words, Mr. Yadav recalled the role his teachers have played in his life, stating that he owes all his courage and bravery on the battlefield to his teachers. Along with this, he also thanked the mothers, the first teachers, who taught their daughters and sons to devote their lives to the country. Sanchar Ratna Mr. M. K. Seth was the guest of honor at the event.

Followed by the chief guest’s address, Prof. Anuradha Bhardwaj introduced the campus. The teachers present at the function were felicitated with trophies for their service to the country in the form of awards and certificates by Mr. Yogendra Yadav and Director Mr. Arun Kumar Singh. Cultural performances by the students kept the occasion lively and upbeat. The teachers went on a campus visit to take an overview of the various programs of the institute and the facilities offered to the students.

## Is Iran Heading Towards Another Revolution?: Anti-Hizab Movement, A Challenge To Islamic Fanatics

Vasindra Mishra

The anti-Hijab movement in Iran is not a mere protest by Iranian women. Its success will pave the path of total transformation in Iranian society. You may call it a movement for ‘perestroika and glasnost’ in Iran. First time, in the global history, the narratives of perestroika and glasnost were used by late president of erstwhile Soviets Union Mikhail Gorbachev for his political survival in the last days of his presidency. Due to his policies Soviet Union was liquidated. He got the Nobel Peace Prize by the western world but in erstwhile Soviet Union countries, he was blamed as agent of western world. His exit was highly disgraceful.



Similarly the whole world is familiar about strange relationships between America and Iran. America has been against Iran’s nuclear program. Iranian Army Chief was killed by American drone attack in the past. The anti American lobby in Iran blame America for its anti hijab movement in the country. Another important country like France had already banned burqa. Contrary to this, the



anti hijab movement is spreading in entire Iran. Thousands of women are in the streets. They are against the moral policing in the country. The protest was ignited with the death of Mahsa Amini. She opposed hijab. She wanted to live her life according to her wish. She was arrested and beaten by police. She lost her life. Earlier before religious revolution, Iran was known as modern country. Women

were allowed to wear dresses as per their choice. But in 1979 there was a religious revolution. And with the beginning of Khamenei Era, the civil and individual rights of women were curtailed. The anti hijab movement was started in 2009 by progressive women of Iran. They publicly discarded hijab. Mesha Ali Neza led the protests but later on she had to leave the country and got asylum in America.

Another protest was launched in 2017. Almost all the western world from America to Germany and Italy to France are supporting the movement. United Nations has also expressed concern over the atrocities by Iranian government on protesting women. Women from entire world have expressed concern and announced their support to Iranian women. Iranian Government is under tremendous pressure from internal and external forces. The western world has successfully isolated Iran from rest of the world. If the Khamenei Government of Iran does not take this crisis tactfully, it would cost very dear to

present regime and the country will have to face another revolution.



## UGC Issued Professor Of Practice To Engage Experts As Academics In Universities/ Colleges

IMS News Service

**NEW DELHI:** Paving the way for distinguished experts from various fields for an academic stint as ‘Professor of Practice (PoP) in Universities and Colleges’, the University Grants Commission on Friday issued the guidelines on the same. As reported by the TOI earlier, UGC has taken this new initiative to bring industry and other professional expertise into academic institutions. As per the guidelines – Guidelines for Engaging Professor of Practice in Universities and Colleges – distinguished experts who have made remarkable contributions in their professions from various fields such as engineering, science, technology,



entrepreneurship, commerce, social sciences, media, literature, civil services, armed forces, legal profession, municipal planning, community participation and inclusive development of tribals among others preferably at a senior level, will be eligible for PoP.

A formal academic qualification is not considered essential for this position and are also exempted from the requirement of publications

and other eligibility criteria stipulated for the recruitment of faculty members at the professor level. PoP is common practice across the world. PoPs, who are primarily non-tenured faculty members, are in vogue in many universities such as MIT, Harvard University, Stanford University, SOAS University of London, Cornell University, University of Helsinki to name a few.

*Continued on Page 2...*

## Highest Enrolment In Govt. Schools In 2022

IMS News Service

**New Delhi:** Government schools in the city have seen the highest enrolment this year, with more than 18 lakh students in 1,043 institutes, an increase of over 30,000 compared with last year.

As per Directorate of Education (DoE) data, as of September 2022, there are 18,01,345 students enrolled in the schools. Last year, almost 17.7 lakh students were enrolled. Enrolments in Delhi government schools steadily rose between the 2009-10 and 2013-14 academic sessions, but have fallen over the past few years. While they stood at 12.8 lakh in 2009-10, they rose by a lakh each the following two years. In 2012-13, the city’s government schools had 15.5 lakh students. The 2013-14 session



saw enrolments dip marginally but 2014-15 witnessed considerably reduced figures, at just over 15 lakh. In 2015-16, enrolments fell below the 15 lakh mark, to 14.6 lakh. The next few years saw the numbers in a similar range. Enrolments picked up again in 2019-20, with 15 lakh students. In the 2020-21 session, when the pandemic hit, it increased significantly, to 16.2 lakh. Experts attributed this to students shifting from private schools to government ones due to

loss of income after the lockdown. Last year, the 2021-22 session saw a bigger rise in enrolments, with 17.7 lakh students. Principals have attributed the rise in enrolment numbers to the ‘changing standards’ of Delhi government schools. “The standard has improved. Another reason is people in the lower- and middle-income groups who were paying Rs 1,000-1,200 in private schools have moved to government schools.

*Continued on Page 2...*

## Influx Of Cases: Strained Indian Judicial System

kirti saini

A mention of the Indian judicial system every day is a norm in the media industry today. It is in the headlines of newspapers and television channels every day. It makes the front page news and has an abundance of news values and elements. The keynote addresses India’s honorable justices or the landmark judgments being delivered in the houses of equality and justice in India – the courts, are not out of the public eye anymore. But what is powering this huge influx of cases into the courts? From oxygen deficiency to India’s vaccination policy, Farm laws to the Hijab ban controversies, bail of citizens detained under various laws to pleas against defections, and whatnot – how the Indian courts have become a parable of every administrative decision of the country is something worth diving



into. The administration and policy failure in India has cost lives and livelihood, particularly seen in the outrageous failure of executives during the Covid-19 pandemic. The courts duly noted the human costs of these policy failures as pleas of oxygen supplies, migrant crisis, vaccine mismanagement and against Covid-19 relief funds reached the courts. The Delhi High Court deemed the failure to provide

adequate oxygen supply as ‘blood on the hands’ of the administration. The court came down heavily on both the Central and Delhi government, particularly noting that economic interests do not have the power to override human life. The disastrous nature of the executive functionary can be assessed when courts have to press the importance of human lives on the ears of a relatively disinterested

### Cases pending before the Indian courts that define administrative recklessness

- Plea concerning internet safety and seeking directions for the government to secure personal information
- Teesta Setalvad Trial
- Hijab Ban
- Maharashtra defections
- Election Commission appointments
- MLA bribery (Sita Soren vs Union of India)
- Adequacy of compensation paid to Union Bhopal Gas Tragedy victims
- Gyanvapi Mosque
- Citizenship Amendment Bill
- Same-sex Marriage Legalization
- Challenge to WhatsApp’s privacy policy

administration and government. “Hugely discriminatory and away from social realities,” remarked the Supreme Court while discussing the Central government’s vaccine policy. The SC came down heavily on the Central government, which eventually forced a uniform

vaccination process across the country. The travesty of the system is such that without petitions and court orders, the state refuses to cater to the basic needs of survival of its own people in the midst of a worldwide pandemic.

*Continued on Page 2...*



# Digital Rape: A New Rage

Shreya Kumari

**T**n a country like India with 135 crore population, we always talk about empowering women, as they hold the half citizenship of the nation. But some anti-social elements never looked over our degrading society these days. They never care about the situations women go through. Society has always heard the terms like molestation, harassment, rape, baiting and teasing commonly used for any kind of misbehaved activity against a person of any gender.

Recently, a new term has been commenced in society i.e. Digital Rape. The word 'digital' means toe, fingers, or thumb, while 'rape' is any kind of forceful activity for sexual intercourse. Many stories and incidents have evaporated over the years and grasped the public's attention. 'Digital Rape' got noticed in 2013 after the Nirbhaya rape case. Further, under the POCSO (Protection of Children from Sexual Offences) Act, a new law was defined for digital



Digital rape is a term used for any kind of enforcement in the genitals of an individual with any of the foreign instruments like fingers, thumb, toe, vibrators, or using mouth without the consent of the person.

rape. Before 2013 there was no law or provision for the victims of digital rape.

There was a law made which dealt with rape crimes under section 376 of IPC, but unfortunately, it had some loopholes which were that it didn't involve violations of female dignity using foreign objects, or any part of the human body. Therefore, there was no justice before 2013 for the sufferer of digital rape. According to the report by legal news website

'Legal Service India,' it has been acknowledged the cases reported since 2013, almost in 70% of the cases the sinner is someone whom the victim already knows, and in 29% of cases the sinner is someone from their surrounding and in 1% cases the sinner is a stranger. It has been noticed as someone close to them like their uncle or a relative or a friend is an offender and the target is always between the age of 3-10 years, who can't even

differentiate between good touch and bad touch. It has been studied that people who go through these situations are very sensitive and delicate with their emotions. They need to open up about their wound which has mentally broken them.

Mentoring sessions are the best solutions to deal with these problems. But the most challenging step is to first gain their trust and make them realize that whatever happened to them is not their fault but rather the system's failure. Although there are punishments mentioned under the new law of section 376 of the IPC which states that a sinner must be jailed for

Many new incidents have been reported recently, a case from Noida, a minor of 4 years was victimized by digital rape. She went to school on a daily basis when one day she complained to her mother about the burns on her genitals. The mother took her daughter to the doctor, later, they discovered that she was the victim of an offence from one of the staff members of the school.

Another incident from Delhi that made the anesthetized moment in the country was when a 60-year-old woman was digitally assaulted by an auto-rickshaw driver who inserted an iron rod into her private part multiple times during a visit to her relative's wedding.

It becomes a continuous process of assaulting women, especially minors who can't even raise their voices about the maltreatment against them.

five years to 10 years to life imprisonment depending on the severity of the crime committed. A very popular case was testified on January 21, 2019, a 65-year-old man Ali Akbar from Malda, West Bengal, was sentenced to life imprisonment and a penalty of Rs 50,000 to the digital rape victim who was of 3-year-old. The minor confirmed that Akbar (offender) lured him with toffee, took her to his room, and assaulted her. The complaint was filed by the father of the victim and the case was registered in 2019 in the Sector 39, Police Station,

Noida, Uttar Pradesh. The court convicted Akbar under section 376 of IPC and the POCSO Act and the victim was entitled under section 357-A of CrPC. The general public needs to be aware of these incidents. Many stories are burnt off into the ashes that no one notices but it creates deep scars with psychological disorders in the victims' life. As concerned citizens, we should not tolerate any kind of misbehaviour towards any gender, raising our voices and standing with the victim for their losses should be our prior duty.

## Five Days Online MDP/ FDP On Machine Learning



IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** Ghaziabad Management Association, along with Ajay Kumar Garg Institute of Management (AKGIM), organized a five days online MDP/ FDP on Machine Learning from the 5 to 9 September 2022 for representatives of its corporate and institutional members. This program was conducted under the umbrella of AKGIM's newly established Center of Excellence for Data Science and Business Analytics. Forty participants registered for the online program. Recently Universities have introduced course on 'Machine Learning' and its demand is high among the sought after skills in India. The sole objective of this online Development Program was to develop an

understanding of Machine Learning from concept level to implementation. The resource persons invited in this MDP/FDP had practical experience in implementing various Design Thinking project in industry and courses on Design Thinking in academic institutions. The following topics were covered during FDP: Basics of Machine Learning, Working with Python, Data Visualization using Matplotlib Lib., Exploratory Data Analysis Using Python, Predictive Analytics Using Python. Mr. Prateek Vashishtha was the resource person on first and second day. Mr. Azib Hasan was the resource person on third day, Dr. Dushyant Tyagi was the resource person on fourth day and Mohammed Ameer was the resource person on fifth day.

## Annual General Meeting Of GMA

IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** The 39th Annual General meeting of GMA was held on 26th September 2022 at IMS, Ghaziabad, University Courses Campus. This was attended by 25 members comprising professionals, leading Industrialists, Academicians, and senior officers of organizations in this area. Mr. Vinay Gupta, Executive Director, welcomed the members and read out the minutes of previous year's AGM which were ratified and approved by the members. Dr. TYR Pandey, the Hony. Secretary shared the GMA activities during the year and CA Gulshan Thapar, the Hony. Treasurer



shared the salient features of the GMA Audited accounts of 2021-22. After a brief discussion, these were accepted as adopted and appreciated by all present. Thereafter, Mr. Dharmendra Singh, the President, GMA thanked the members for their consistent cooperation in organizing and successful completion of the activities of the Association through the year. He briefly shared the activities that were

planned but due to certain constraints, could not be executed. He further outlined the new initiatives and activities that he would like the members to associate and help him and his team, accomplish in the coming year. The members present assured him of their best efforts and co-operation in this direction. The President in his address stated that:

▶ Although there are some



institutes whose students are STUGMA members, he would like more Institutes to help in making their students also as members of STUGMA.

▶ Inter Industry visits for seeing the best practices in each other for improvement. Give further fillip to Institute/ Industry interaction. At least 6 such visits should be organized.

▶ Carry out at least 6 programs under the banner of STUGMA in the balance year.

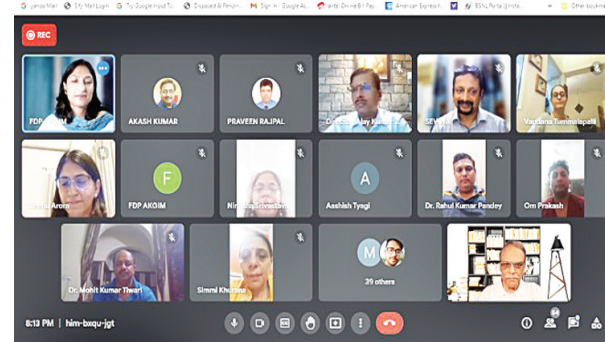
▶ All means should be tried to finish the GMA office premises renovation work by December end.

▶ In the end, the Executive Director thanked the members present for their whole hearted participation and thereafter high tea was arranged.

## FDP/MDP On 'Developing & Measuring Competencies

IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** A 5 days Online FDP/MDP on 'Developing & Measuring Competencies'; A Way Towards Building Dynamic Organizations was organized by Ghaziabad Management Association in collaboration with AKGIM from 26 September to 30 September 2022 for two and a half hours daily in the evening. The following topics were covered: Introduction to Conceptual framework of Competency mapping by Ms. Indra Sood, Hands on developing competency Models by Dr. Sraban Mukherjee, Creating Competency Profiles by Mr. Jeet Chatwal



and Measuring Determinants & Validating Assessments and mapping by Dr. Puneet Mohan. All the resource persons are highly experienced at top management level in Private/ Public Sector industry and presently, they are reputed consultants in the domain. The distinguished speakers

explained with practical examples on how to develop and map competency profiles of employees in an organization and the data relevant for reference. This was attended by 55 to 65 numbers of participants each day over the five days of the workshop/ MDP/ FDP.

### Continued Page 1...

#### Influx Of Cases:

However, the process of swarming the judiciary with cases that should have, in the first place, been resolved through proper executive and administrative functioning is not new. The callous nature of the working of the administration has prompted the need for judicial activism every now and then. There have been several examples in the history of the country where courts have taken a step up from their relatively neutral stances and upheld the democratic nature of the country in the face of regressive executive and legislative groups.

In G. Satyanarayana v. Eastern Power Distribution Company (2004), Justice Gajendragadkar decided that if a person is fired for wrongdoing, an investigation must be performed, and he must have a chance to defend himself. This decision imposed rules on labor law that the law had been ignoring. Similar to this, the significant case of Vishaka v. State of Rajasthan (1997) serves as a reminder of the necessity of judicial activism. Here, the SC outlined rules that must be adhered to in order to ensure proper treatment of women in the workplace. It further declared that these principles should be regarded as law until Parliament passes laws enforcing gender equality. Other significant instances include the Kesavananda Bharati case (1973) and the I. C. Golaknath & Ors vs. State Of Punjab & Anrs. (1967). However, with the Indian judicial system swamped with 40 million and counting cases, how long can the instances of judicial activism continue to uphold the dignity of individuals and cover up for executive and administrative failure? The 'two main reasons' for the explosion of undertrial cases in the nation are legislatures not realizing their full capacity and negligence by the various wings of the administration. In the words of former Chief Justice NV Ramana, farmers won't file lawsuits if the tehsildar resolved their issues regarding land or ration cards. Citizens won't turn to the justice system if the municipal department or gram panchayat performs its duties, and there won't be land, which make up for 66% of cases still pending, if revenue

authorities follow proper procedure while acquiring lands. Deliberate inaction by governments, notwithstanding court decisions, is not helpful for the health of a democracy. Ambiguities in laws often add to existing legal concerns. The judiciary is confronted with the dilemma of the executive willingly passing the burden of decision-making to it. Courts are often blamed for the huge number of pending cases. As much as it is a judicial discrepancy, the role of the executive and the legislative pillars of the country cannot be disregarded. When the first two sections responsible for the proper functioning of democracy fail to do their jobs, it is bound to increase the pressure on the third and create a huge vacuum of citizens being devoid of their rights.

#### Highest Enrolment In Govt.

Moreover, although the worst of the pandemic seems over, parents are yet to recover from financial losses," said AK Jha, Principal, Government Co-ed Sarvodaya Vidyalaya in Rohini, Sector 8. This year, Jha's school saw an increase of 800 admissions, possibly the highest in the city.

A total of 3,200 students are enrolled in the school. Teachers said they hoped that the rise in enrolments will also lead to more posts for them. "It is important to create more teachers' posts with the increase in enrolments, otherwise the student-teacher ratio will be affected. Several schools are already facing problems," said a teacher on condition of anonymity.

#### UGC Issued Professor...

In India too, PoPs are appointed in IITs such as Delhi, Madras and Guwahati. According to the guidelines, the number of PoPs in a HEI, at any point in time, should not exceed 10% of the sanctioned posts in a HEI and will be engaged in three categories – funded by Industries, funded by HEIs from their own resources and on honorary basis and the maximum duration of service at a given institution should not exceed three years and is extendable by one year in exceptional cases.

## Program On Will Writing, Succession Planning & India Equity Market Opportunities

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** A program on Will Writing & Succession Planning was organized by Ghaziabad Management Association in collaboration with M/s Emkay Wealth Management on 9 September 2022 at Hotel Fortune Inn Grazia, Ghaziabad by Ms. Namita Aggarwal, AVP, Succession Planning of the company. In addition, there was also a session on India Equity Market Opportunities by Mr. Sameer



Narayan, Head, Alternate Investment Equity, Aditya Birla SunLife AMC Ltd. Both the sessions were very interesting

and relevant to all, especially to the Family owned businesses. This was attended by around 50 participants.

## Celebration Of GMA Foundation Day



IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** Having been created on 25 September 1982, the 40th Foundation day of Ghaziabad Management Association was celebrated on 25th September 2022. On this occasion, our Patron and founder member shared his view and the story of



formation and growth of the Association. On this occasion, one of our members, Dr. Ashish Kulshreshtha was appreciated and honoured with a memento from GMA for writing a book on 'A Practical Approach on Criminal Justice System in response to Sexual Offences against women in India'. He



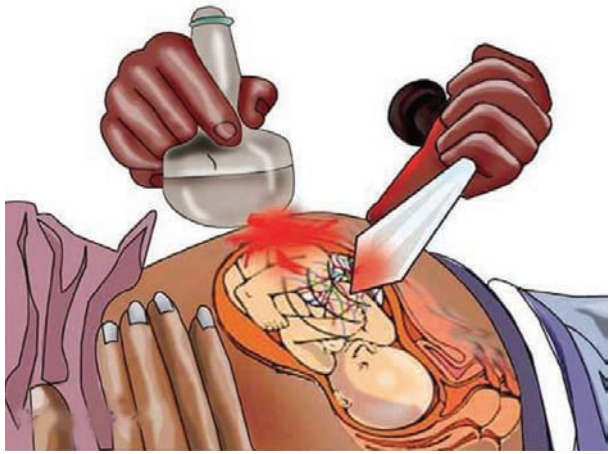
was also honoured for the book by the Hon'ble CJI of India on the last Constitution Day in Delhi. In addition, Prabhu Jiva Gopal Das, Motivational speaker and Lifestyle Coach; and Head, Institutional & Corporate Affairs, ISKCON, Noida was invited to address the audience on the Role of Leadership in creating a



happy organization. The day coincided with birthdays of two Governing Council members and cake cutting ceremony was arranged between the program and the dinner. The members were invited with their spouses to join the celebration, followed by dinner. There were almost 120 persons who attended the event.



# स्त्री-पुरुष में समानता से ही समाज का उत्थान!



पूनम कुमारी

नारी के शक्ति रूप में पूजा, हमारे देश की संस्कृति का एक महत्वपूर्ण परंपरा रही है। जब भी हम नारी के विशाल शक्ति स्वरूप की पूजा अर्चना करते हैं तब हमारे मन मस्तिष्क में नारी के प्रति सम्मान और आदर का भाव जागृत होता है। आश्विन मास के शुक्ल पक्ष में नारी के शक्ति रूप की पूजा हमारे सनातन धर्म की भी परंपरा रही है। कहा जाता है कि हजारों वर्ष पूर्व महिषासुर नामक राक्षस भगवान ब्रह्मा से वरदान पाकर अत्यधिक शक्तिशाली हो गया था और उसने स्वर्ग लोक में देवताओं को पराजित कर भगवान इंद्र से उनका आसन छीन लिया था। चारों दिशाओं में जब हाहाकार फैल गया, माता पार्वती ने शक्ति स्वरूप मां दुर्गा बन महिषासुर का संहार किया तथा चहुं लोक की रक्षा की।

स्त्री और शक्ति को जब हम एक साथ आज के संदर्भ में देखते हैं तो हम स्त्री के सशक्तिकरण की बात करते हैं। हम स्त्री और पुरुष को समान दर्जा देते हैं और स्त्री की अधिकारों की बात करते हैं। आज लगभग हर नारी माँ दुर्गा का स्वरूप है क्योंकि वह अब पहले से कहीं ज्यादा सशक्त है और पुरुषों के साथ कंधे से कंधा मिलकर चलने में समर्थ है। इस पुरुष प्रधान समाज में महिलाओं का सशक्त होना समय की मांग भी है। वास्तव में महिलाओं के साथ हो रहे अन्याय एवं दुर्व्यवहार का इतिहास पूरे विश्व में



## बलात्कार के मामले 19.34% बढ़े



राष्ट्रीय अपराध रिकॉर्ड ब्यूरो की रिपोर्ट के अनुसार 2021 में पूरे देश भर में दर्ज कुल 31,677 बलात्कार के मामलों में 19.34 प्रतिशत की वृद्धि दर्ज हुई है, जो महिला सुरक्षा पर कई सवाल खड़े करता है। अगर हम बात करें महिला साक्षरता दर की तो भारत में महिला साक्षरता दर केवल 65% है। महिलाओं के लिए एडिक्शन तब और भी खराब हो जाता है जब आप इसकी तुलना 82% की पुरुष दर से करते हैं। अपनी प्रगति की वर्तमान स्थिति में भारत केवल 2060 में सार्वभौमिक साक्षरता प्राप्त करेगा, जो अपने पड़ोसी चीन से बहुत पीछे है।

महिलाओं के खिलाफ अपराध के 4,28,278 मामले दर्ज किए गए। उत्तर प्रदेश सबसे अधिक 56,083 मामलों के साथ सूची में सबसे ऊपर है, इसके बाद राजस्थान है जहां 40,738 मामले दर्ज किए गए हैं। महाराष्ट्र और पश्चिम बंगाल पिछले साल महिलाओं के खिलाफ अपराध के क्रमशः 39,526 और 35,884 मामलों के साथ तीसरे और चौथे स्थान पर हैं। अगर हम बात करें कन्या

भ्रूणहत्या की तो केंद्र सरकार के आंकड़ों के आधार पर चूरिसर्च सेंटर द्वारा किए गए एक शोध से वर्ष 2000-2019 में कम से कम 9 मिलियन महिलाओं की भ्रूण हत्या का संकेत मिलता है। शोध में पाया गया कि इनमें से 86.7% भ्रूण हत्याएं हिंदुओं (आबादी का 80%) द्वारा की गई थीं। इसके बाद सिख (जनसंख्या का 1.7%) 4.9% और मुसलमान (जनसंख्या का 14%) 6.6% थे।

सोचने वाली बात है कि जिस देश में कन्या को पूजा जाता है और कंजक को पुण्य कमाने के लिए भोजन खिलाया जाता है, वहां भ्रूण हत्या चरम पर है।

हमारे देश में शक्ति स्वरूपा दुर्गा की पूजा करते हैं, अगर, कपूर, तिलक, बाती इत्यादि सामग्री का उपयोग इसलिए करते हैं कि माँ दुर्गा हमें और हमारे अपनों को सकुशल रखे। पर जब हम उसी नारी को एक

आम महिला के रूप में देखते हैं तो उसकी अवमानना और तिरस्कार करते हैं, उस पर हिंसा करते हैं। उसे अपने अधीन करने की कोशिश करते हैं। यह दोहरी सोच ही सारे अपराधों की जड़ है, जो संस्कार और शिक्षा के अभाव में जन्म ले रहा है। हम जिस प्रकार अपनी संतान को शिक्षा देंगे, कल वही हमारे लिए एक सभ्य समाज के निर्माण में योगदान होगा। हम स्त्री और पुरुष में भेदभाव किए बिना अपने घर से सही संस्कार अपने बच्चों में सींचें तो शायद हम महिलाओं की स्थिति में सुधार कर सकते हैं।

भारत में महिलाओं के स्थिति का अंदाजा, महिला साक्षरता दर से लगा सकते हैं जो केवल 65% है। इतनी अधिक कीटोपी वृद्धि दर वाले देश के लिए यह चिंताजनक है। महिलाओं के लिए एडिक्शन तब और भी खराब हो जाता है जब आप इसकी तुलना 82% की पुरुष दर से करते हैं। अपनी प्रगति की वर्तमान स्थिति में भारत केवल 2060 में सार्वभौमिक साक्षरता प्राप्त करेगा, जो अपने पड़ोसी चीन से



## भारत में 24% महिलाएं ही कामकाजी

जेंडर गैप रिपोर्ट 2020 की तरफ अगर हम नजर करें तो भारत में 82% पुरुषों की तुलना में केवल 24% महिलाएं ही कामकाजी हैं जिसमें केवल 14% महिलाएं नेतृत्वकारी भूमिकाओं में हैं। वर्ल्ड इकोनामिक फोरम की जेंडर गैप रिपोर्ट-2020 के अनुसार, भारत का इस इंडेक्स में 136 वां स्थान है। भारत इस इंडेक्स में अपने पड़ोसी देशों (बांग्लादेश, नेपाल और श्रीलंका) से भी पीछे है। यह बताता है कि समाज को और हमारे देश को स्त्री सशक्तिकरण पर अभी और कितना ध्यान देने की आवश्यकता है?

बहुत पीछे है। अनपढ़ महिलाओं में प्रजनन क्षमता और मृत्यु की दर अधिक होती है। एक साक्षर महिला प्रति परिवार दो बच्चों का औसत रखती है जबकि एक अशिक्षित महिला के लिए औसत लगभग छह है। यह आंकड़ा सोचने को मजबूर करता है कि क्या वाकई महिलाएं तरक्की कर रही हैं? अगर कर भी रही हैं तो भारत में ऐसे कई गांव हैं, जहां की महिलाओं का जीवन घर की चार दीवारों तक ही सीमित है इतना ही नहीं, हमारे देश में कामकाजी महिलाओं की तुलना अन्य देश से काफी कम है। यह एक गंभीर विषय है और इस पर सोचने की बहुत अधिक आवश्यकता है।

हमारी भारत सरकार भी तरह-तरह के प्रस्ताव पास करती है। महिलाओं के अधिकारों के सुरक्षा के लिए जैसे कि महिला आरक्षण बिल। इस बिल के मुताबिक संसद की 33% सीटों को महिलाओं के लिए आरक्षित करने के नियम का प्रस्ताव था, लेकिन उस समय कांग्रेस सरकार केवल राज्यसभा से ही इस बिल को पास करवाने में कामयाब रही थी पर लोकसभा में इस बिल को पूर्ण बहुमत न मिलने के कारण पास नहीं किया जा सका था। वहीं साल 1993 में भारत सरकार ने एक संवैधानिक संशोधन विधेयक पारित किया गया था, जिसमें ग्रामीण परिषद स्तर के होने वाले चुनावों में एक तिहाई सीटें महिलाओं के लिए आरक्षित की गयी थीं जिसकी वजह से आज हर गांव में होने वाले चुनाव में महिला चुनाव लड़ती है।

Sudoku								
			2					5
8					9			4
			1	8			2	
3						5		9
5							7	
	6						4	
								6
			1		3	4	9	8
9	2		6	5				3

## IITs Aim To Increase International Student Share To 5%

**AHMEDABAD (IMS News Service):** The officials of Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) across India recommended higher 'internationalization' of campuses by taking the number of international students to 5% of the total students, giving 1,000 international student scholarships and 200 overseas experience fellowships. The discussion

took place at the 4th All IITs International Relations Conclave at IIT Gandhinagar on September 30 and October 1.

Senior officials of all 23 IITs, including IIT Bombay, Delhi, Kanpur, Kharagpur & Madras, were present at the conclave. The officials said that it would need a fourfold jump in international students to achieve the 5% target. IITs have proposed



centres in Nepal, Bangladesh and Afghanistan to expand their reach beyond India. They added that internationalization is a major focus of the New

Education Policy (NEP).

Another major issue discussed at the conclave was streamlining the calendars for government schemes such as Indian Council for Cultural Relations (ICCR) and Study in India due to differences in academic calendar followed by IITs and scholarships offered to foreign students. "Hundreds of international students admitted to

graduate programmes of the IITs through these schemes are lost annually because they do not receive scholarships, or the decisions arrive too late," said a participant. Among other topics discussed at the meet were student recruitment, student exchange and ways to strengthen educational and cultural experience of international students.

## Parali And Pollution During Festive Season

Shalini Sharma

Parali also known as rice stubble is one of the greatest concern for the pollution in northern and north-eastern states. Rice stubble is the left over material of the rice after being harvested. Rice straw or husk is the major portion of parali which according to the farmers is useless, thereby they burn it, causing havoc for the environment.

Due to lack of knowledge or awareness, the farmers burn the rice stubble regardless of its deleterious effects, for the next growing season of paddy. Whereas, India is well known land of festivals. It not only celebrates changing seasons but also harvest,



reconciliation. Every year during festivals like Diwali or other private celebrations and ceremonies, firecrackers are burned that release toxic gases and severe air pollution. Rice stubble is a

boon if it is utilized in a correct way. The major concern of the rising air quality index above 400 is due to burning of the parali and burning of the crackers on the occasion of festivals and other ceremonies. Burning of crackers and parali creates thick smog in the environment thereby affecting the air quality index (AQI) in the national capital & NCR and causing major pollutions. Burning of stubble affects the viability of all the ecosystem present in it. Stubble shouldn't be burnt,

it can be grinded and then mulched into the soil thereby increasing fertility and nutrient quality. But farmers want steady and a quick process for the removal of that so-called burden therefore they burn it. According to the WHO, approximately 40% people in India, die yearly due to air pollution. Increasing health hazards of air pollution include asthma, emphysema, and bronchitis thereby causing death of people.

The most effective way of utilizing rice stubble is

production of bioethanol with the help of processes such as saccharification and fermentation. NABARD is an organization which creates awareness among people as well as work for the welfare of the environment. Other ways for treating the rice straw such as using a machine known as 'Happy Seeder' which not only helps us to get rid of rice stubble but also sow seed. Various methods can be applied for treating 'Rice Stubble', we only have to think a correct and effective way to cope with this problem. Furthermore, festivals are one of the most important parts of our life. It is believed that people forget their past differences, and festivals mark a new beginning for them. Truly speaking, festivals are a source of love, joy, peace, and happiness in our lives. Although, we must keep in mind our responsibility towards the environment. It's also rightly said obstacle will remain an obstacle until its thought logically.

### Knowledge

### Solve Quiz No. 96

### For Students

Solve the following quiz and reply promptly through email. Names and photos of students who answer correctly will be published in IMS TODAY. IMS Engineering college students can provide reply through personal submission-Editor. Email [imstoday.imsec@gmail.com](mailto:imstoday.imsec@gmail.com)

- Which instrument determines specific gravity of liquids?
  - Gravimeter
  - Hydrometer
  - Hygrometer
  - Hypsometer
- Which spacecraft was the first to land on the Moon?
  - Apollo 10
  - Apollo 11
  - Apollo 13
  - Sputnik
- Which one of the following prevents bleeding?
  - Leukocytes
  - Lymphocytes
  - Neutrophils
  - Platelets
- What is the purpose of sphygmomanometer?
  - To measure blood pressure
  - To measure hypertension
  - To measure body temperature
  - To measure heart beat
- Death in Carbon dioxide atmosphere occurs due to
  - Lack of oxygen
  - Suffocation
  - Destruction of tissues
  - It stopping the functioning
- Which is the largest blood vessel in the body?
  - Alveoli
  - Artery
  - Aorta
  - Vein
- Who had performed the world's first heart transplant?
  - Dr. Venugopal
  - William Harvey
  - Christian Bernard
  - None of the above
- Which of the following uses radio waves to determine the range, altitude, direction, or speed of objects?
  - LIDAR
  - LORAN
  - RADAR
  - SONAR
- Who discovered antiseptic surgery?
  - Alexander Fleming
  - Edward Jenner
  - Joseph Lister
  - Louis Pasteur
- The oil in the wick of an oil lamp rises up due to the phenomenon of
  - Difference in pressure
  - Gravitational pull
  - capillary action
  - Oil being lighter

### Participation format

Quiz No. ....

Name of Student ..... (Also attach your PP size Photo)

Class ..... Year .....

College name.....

Mobile number.....

Email.....

Present Address.....

Permanent Address.....

### Answers (QUIZ-95) Sept, 2022 issue:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
a	c	d	b	d	c	c	d	a	a

Prepared By: Prof. Pradeep Kumar, Assistant Professor (AS&H)

### Impact is enormous

### Impact – Polluted Air

Why harmful for air

One ton of stubble on burning releases

- 2 kg of SO<sub>2</sub>
- 3 kg of PM
- 60 kg of CO
- 1,460 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>
- 199 kg of ash



# राष्ट्रीय गौरव के लिए सक्रिय पहल

‘पराधीन सपनेहुं सुख नाही’ कहने का आशय है कि पराधीनता में कुछ भी सुख नहीं मिलता। हर व्यक्ति पराधीनता के बंधन से मुक्त होकर अनंत आकाश में उड़ना चाहता है। आज भारत को स्वतंत्र हुए 75 साल गुजर चुके हैं। आज हम आजादी का अमृत महोत्सव मना रहे हैं। लेकिन कई बार ऐसा आभास होता है कि मानसिक तौर पर हम गुलामी की बँडियों से जकड़े हुए हैं और हमारा मन मस्तिष्क आज भी आजाद नहीं हो पाया है। हम पर विदेशी आक्रांताओं- मुगलों, पुर्तगालियों और अंग्रेजों का खासा प्रभाव जमा हुआ है। यही कारण है कि हमारे देश की राजधानी सहित अनेक शहरों, कस्बों, गांवों और सड़कों के नाम विदेशी आक्रांताओं के नाम पर चल रहे हैं। हालांकि हाल ही में प्रधानमंत्री नरेंद्र मोदी ने राजपथ का नाम कर्तव्य पथ रखकर यह संकेत अवश्य दे दिया है कि हमें गुलामी की मानसिकता से बाहर निकला होगा और समृद्ध भारतीय संस्कृति और ज्ञान परंपरा के अनुरूप राष्ट्रीय प्रतीकों को स्थापित करना होगा। इसके पहले प्रधानमंत्री ने कोच्चि में आइएनएस विक्रांत को नौसेना को सौंपने के साथ ही भारतीय नौसेना के ध्वज को भी उसके औपनिवेशिक अतीत से मुक्ति दिलाई। नए ध्वज से गुलामी के प्रतीक सेंट जार्ज क्रॉस को हटाकर राष्ट्रीय चिन्ह को उस नीले अष्टकोण में जड़ा गया, जो कभी शिवाजी महाराज की नौसेना का चिन्ह था। यह विडंबना है कि भारत के स्वतंत्र होने के बावजूद भारतीय इतिहास के लेखन में मार्क्सवादी इतिहासकारों का बहुत अधिक प्रभाव रहा। मार्क्सवादी चिंतन प्रभाव के ही चलते शैक्षणिक संस्थानों में ऐसी मानसिकता से ओत-प्रोत कथित लेखकों की एक जमात तैयार हुई। ये ऐसे लोग थे जो विदेशी आक्रांताओं और अंग्रेजी राज को देश के लिए वरदान समझते थे। आजादी के बाद पत्रकारों की भूमिका भी अपेक्षा के अनुरूप नहीं रही। उल्लेखनीय है कि वर्ष 2014 के बाद सरकार ने कुछ अच्छे काम किए। भारत की राजधानी में औरंगजेब रोड का नाम बदलकर पूर्व राष्ट्रपति एपीजे अब्दुल कलाम के नाम पर रखा गया। राजाहमुद्री का नाम बदलकर राजामहेन्द्रवर्मन किया गया। यह बदलाव 11वीं सदी के शासक राजामहेन्द्रवर्मन के सम्मान में किया गया। अप्रैल 2016 में गुडगांव का नाम बदलकर गुरुग्राम किया गया। महाभारत के गुरु द्रोणाचार्य के नाम पर यह बदलाव किया गया। पड़ोसी मेवात का नाम नूंह कर दिया गया। बैंगलुरु शहर के रेलवे स्टेशन का नाम 19वीं सदी के क्रांतिकारी स्वतंत्रता सेनाना क्रांतिवीर संगोल्ली रायन्ना के नाम पर कर दिया गया। 17 रेश कोर्स के नाम से मशहूर प्रधानमंत्री आवास के नाम को बदलकर लोक कल्याण मार्ग किया गया। इसी तरह से जुलाई 2018 मुंबई के एलिफिस्टन रोड का नाम ब्रिटिश गर्वनर के नाम पर था, जिसे बदलकर प्रभादेवी किया गया। राजस्थान के बाड़मेर के मियों का बाड़ा का नाम बदलकर महेश नगर किया गया। ग्रामीणों का कहना था कि मुस्लिम नाम होने के कारण उन्हें अपने बच्चों के विवाह के लिए प्रस्ताव नहीं मिलते क्योंकि लोग इसे मुस्लिमों का गांव समझ लेते हैं। अगस्त 2018 में मुगलसराय रेलवे स्टेशन का नाम बदलकर पंडित दीनदयाल उपाध्याय किया गया। 1860 में इस स्टेशन की स्थापना हुई थी और यह देश के व्यस्ततम स्टेशनों में से से एक है। इलाहाबाद का नाम बदलकर प्रयागराज कर दिया गया। वास्तविकता तो यह है कि जीवन में सांस्कृतिक एवं राष्ट्रीय प्रतीकों का बहुत महत्व है। लेकिन मानसिक गुलामी और स्वाधेयपूर्ण राजनीति के चलते कुछ राजनैतिक दल इसका विरोध करते हैं। तुष्टीकरण की राजनीति के चलते वे नामों के बदलाव का विरोध करते रहे हैं। वे विदेशी मीडिया के माध्यम से सरकार के इस तरह के कार्यों के खिलाफ एक एजेंडा चलाते रहे हैं। लेकिन यह सर्वविदित है कि किसी सशक्त राष्ट्र के निर्माण में जहां आर्थिक, सामाजिक और राजनैतिक ढांचे का मजबूत होना आवश्यक है, वहीं राष्ट्र का स्वावलंबी और आत्मनिर्भर होना भी आवश्यक है और ऐसा तभी संभव हो सकेगा जब हम राष्ट्रीय गौरव और उसके प्रतीकों को बिना किसी द्विष्टक के स्थापित करेंगे। यह काम सिर्फ सरकार नहीं है बल्कि देश के आम नागरिक को राष्ट्रीय गौरव की स्थापना के लिए सक्रिय पहल करनी चाहिए।

# A GENERATION GAP

A lot can happen in 10 years’ time, and it looks like the 2010s brought rapid changes to each aspect of culture and life. Look no prior to Mobile Phones, in January 2010, 80% of yank adults had a cellular phone. As of February 2019, an astounding 96% of yank adults owned one of these devices, and 81% owned a smartphone. To determine exactly what quantity life has changed over the past 10 years, modern life has shaped the way we work, play, eat and live. The Amazon Echo was launched in 2014, and since then Google Home, Apple Home Pod, the Galaxy Home and other smart speakers hit the market and arrived in our homes. These voice-activated Artificial Intelligent speakers can answer questions, stream music and control everything in your house from your lights to your TV. While a touch cylinder that listens to you and runs your household would have given the impression of something straight out of ‘The Jetsons’ up until recently, today, over 75% of households have one amongst these devices.

Some of today’s biggest pop stars got their start on YouTube and Vine. Big, flashy music videos on MTV are so yesterday, while the flexibility for a song to become a meme makes it successful. a number of the decade’s biggest songs, like ‘Old Town Road’, ‘Harlem Shake’ and ‘Gangnam Style’, got big because of TikTok and other modern-day meme-generating sites. Marriage equality was established within us in 2015 when the Supreme Court ruled that statewide bans on twosome were unconstitutional in its decision in Obergefell v. Hodges. Generally speaking,



Sajal Kulshreshtha

members of the LGBTQ+ community and identities like pansexual, transgender and non-binary are more visible. Gender-neutral pronouns and therefore the concept there are quite two genders is additionally gaining traction. Despite the last decade being entitled ‘the golden age of television’, fewer people are subscribing to cable TV than ever. People have now hopped on to video streaming services like Netflix, Amazon Prime, Zee 5 and Disney+ Hotstar.

TV wasn’t the sole medium that turned to streaming this decade — album sales plummeted within the 2010s as streaming services like Spotify, Apple Music, Soundcloud and Pandora debuted and altered the way we hear music. The highest album of 2009, Taylor Swift’s ‘Fearless’, sold over 3 million copies and streaming wasn’t factored into its sales. Office spaces have also become more collaborative places, with open-concept spaces. The rise of Wi-Fi and smartphones implies that telecommuting is less complicated, but it also implies that it’s harder to travel off the grid and truly disconnect from work. In step with a survey by Glassdoor , 61% of employees reported working while on vacation, 24% of individuals were contacted by coworkers and 20% were contacted by their boss while using their paid day without work. Concluding with words, Success could be a series of small wins, we as a private have left our series unclosed somewhere in between that of Dalgona Coffee and have moved onto different aesthetics like mental peace as a private.

# पीएफआई जैसे संगठन देश के लिए घातक

राष्ट्रीय जांच एजेंसी (एनआई) और प्रवर्तन निदेशालय (ईडी) की पापुलर फ्रंट ऑफ इंडिया के देश के विभिन्न राज्यों में स्थित ठिकानों पर छापेमारी के बाद आरोपियों की गिरफ्तारी और उस पर पांच साल के लिए प्रतिबंध लगाना बहुत अहम है। ज्यादातर मुस्लिम संगठनों ने एजेंसियों की इस कार्रवाई पर या तो चुप्पी साध रखी है अथवा प्रतिबंध का लगाने का समर्थन किया है। मुस्लिम संगठनों और उनके नेताओं की चुप्पी अथवा उस पर प्रतिबंध का समर्थन बहुत बड़ा संकेत है कि पीएफआई की गतिविधियां संदेह के घेरे में रही हैं। यह भी विदित है कि आतंकवाद और दंगों से कई ऐसे मामले आदलत में हैं, जिसमें पीएफआई की संदिग्ध भूमिका दर्ज है। एनआईए ने अपने आधिकारिक बयान में कहा है कि उसको जो जानकारी मिली थी, उसी आधार पर कार्रवाई की गई। पीएफआई के लोग आतंकी घटनाओं को अंजाम देने के लिए प्रशिक्षण शिविर आयोजित करते रहे हैं और मुस्लिम समाज के पढ़े-लिखे तबके को कट्टरपंथी बनाया जाता रहा है।

हालांकि एनआईए की छापेमारी पर भड़के पीएफआई के कार्यकर्ताओं ने कोच्चि से कोयंबटूर तक जमकर उत्पाद मचाया। सरकारी बसों पर पथराव किया। दुकानों, वाहनों में आग लगा दी। नकाब और हेलमेट पहनकर उतरे लोगों ने एंजुलेंस तक को नहीं बख्खा। यात्रियों के साथ मारपीट की और पुलिसवालों पर भी हमला किया। आरएसएस और भाजपा के दफ्तरों पर भी हमले किए गए।

एनआईए और ईडी ने 15 राज्यों में पीएफआई के ठिकानों पर छापेमारी कर 100 से अधिक आरोपियों को गिरफ्तार किया। एजेंसियों ने केरल, तमिलनाडु, कर्नाटक, आंध्र प्रदेश,



डॉ. अनिल कुमार निगम

तेलंगाना, बिहार, पश्चिम बंगाल, उत्तर प्रदेश, राजस्थान, दिल्ली, असम, मध्यप्रदेश और महाराष्ट्र में कार्रवाई की। इसको पीएफआई और उससे जुड़े लोगों को प्रशिक्षण देने, आतंकी और दंगों के लिए फंडिंग करने के मामले में यह अब तक की सबसे बड़ी कार्रवाई बताया गया।

ध्यातव्य है कि पीएफआई का गठन 17 फरवरी 2007 को हुआ था। यह संगठन दक्षिण भारत में तीन मुस्लिम संगठनों को आपस में विलय कर बनाया गया था। पीएफआई में केरल का नेशनल डेमोक्रेटिक फ्रंट, कर्नाटक फोरम फॉर डिमिटी और तमिलनाडु का मनित्वा नीति पसरई शामिल हुए। वर्तमान में पीएफआई देश के 23 राज्यों में सक्रिय है। देश में स्टूडेंट्स इस्लामिक मूवमेंट (सिमी) पर प्रतिबंध लगने के बाद पीएफआई का विस्तार तेजी से हुआ। कर्नाटक, केरल जैसे राज्यों में इसकी खासी पकड़ बताई जाती है। इसकी अन्य शाखाओं में नेशनल वीमेंस फ्रंट और विद्यार्थियों के लिए कैंपस फ्रंट ऑफ इंडिया जैसे संगठन शामिल हैं। संगठन का दावा है कि इसका गठन मुस्लिम समुदाय में शिक्षा का विस्तार करने और उसका पिछड़ापन दूर करने के लिए किया गया है। लेकिन संगठन के अस्तित्व में आने के बाद से ही यह संगठन विवादों में रहा है। वर्ष 2012 में केरल की कांग्रेस के नेतृत्व वाली सरकार ने उच्च न्यायालय में एक एफ़ीडेविट देकर यह कहा था कि पीएफआई प्रतिबंधित स्टूडेंट्स इस्लामिक मूवमेंट ऑफ इंडिया (सिमी) का ही दूसरा रूप है। ईडी ने दावा किया है कि पीएफआई से विदेश में जुड़े लोग मानवीय मदद के नाम पर संगठन को पैसा भेज रहे थे। इस पैसा का इस्तेमाल देश विरोधी गतिविधियों में हो रहा था। कतर में रहने वाले पयथ ने भारत में अपने एनआर खाने में पहले रुपये भेजे और बाद में पीएफआई सदस्य



रउफ शेरीफ को दो बार में 21 लाख और बाद में 16 लाख रुपये ट्रांसफर कर दिए। ईडी पहले से ही देश के कई भागों में नागरिकता संशोधन अधिनियम के खिलाफ होने वाले प्रदर्शनों, दिल्ली में हुए दंगों (2020) और हाथरस (उत्तर प्रदेश) में एक दलित महिला के साथ सामूहिक दुष्कर्म के बाद हत्या की साजिश में पीएफआई की संदिग्ध भूमिका की जांच कर रहा है। अगर एक नजर में देखा जाए तो पीएफआई की भूमिका प्रारंभ से ही संदेह और विवादों के घेरे में रही है। यह मुस्लिम समुदाय में शिक्षा को बढ़ावा देने के नाम पर लोगों को गुमराह करता रहा है। भोले-भाले मुसलमान युवाओं को गलत जानकारी देकर वह अपने झंसे में फंसाकर संगठन में शामिल करता रहा है। यह संगठन पलित्व, पुष्पित और पोषित इसलिए होता रहा है क्योंकि इस संगठन की विदेश में बैठे लोगों से अच्छी साठगांठ रही है। विदेश में बैठे हुए ऐसे लोग हैं जो हिंदू और मुसलमान के बीच भाईचारा

और समरसता को समाप्त करना चाहते हैं। वे भारत में अशांति फैलाना कर इसे इस्लामिक स्टेट बनाने का षडयंत्र करना चाह रहे हैं। इसी उद्देश्य की पूर्ति के लिए वे मोटी धनराशि पीएफआई को भेजते हैं। मुझे आभास हो रहा है कि देश के मुस्लिम नेता भी इस बात को समझ रहे हैं कि पीएफआई देश विरोधी गतिविधियों में संलिप्त है। शायद यही वजह है कि वे अपनी चुप्पी के माध्यम से सरकार की कार्रवाई का अप्रत्यक्ष समर्थन कर रहे हैं। लेकिन समाज के लिए नापूर बन चुकी इस समस्या का समाधान महज पीएफआई पर प्रतिबंध लगाने मात्र से नहीं होने वाला। अब समय आ गया है कि मुस्लिम संगठनों के नेता आगे आए। वे दिग्भ्रमित हो रहे मुस्लिम समुदाय के युवाओं का सही मार्ग दर्शन कर एक बड़ी रेखा खींचें ताकि भारत में न केवल अमन चैन और सौहार्द का वातावरण बने बल्कि राष्ट्र की एकता और अखंडता को अक्षुण्ण रखा जा सके।

# Green Menstruation: A Sustainable Approach

Menstruation or Period is normal vaginal bleeding that occurs as a part of a women's monthly cycle. Green Mensuration is the term used where women use biodegradable menstrual hygienic products because they are good for the environment. Menstrual cups, organic cotton-based pads and reusable cloth pads are among the items available.

So, the question is why we Should use eco-friendly / Biodegradable Sanitary pads / Menstrual hygienic products? Plastics have been a part of our lives for decades, while they are convenient for use but on other hand, they are extremely toxic and harmful to the environment. According to the given data, India has 355 million menstruators, with two-thirds of them using tampons and pads, women dispose of about 12 billion sanitary pads per year. Although vaginal and reproductive health-friendly since their use reduces the occurrence of rashes and vaginal infections but also dramatically lowers the incidence of new-age problems such as endometriosis, adenomyosis, and cervical cancer. These issues emerge as a



Dr. Umesh Kumar

result of dioxins and furans, which are toxic compounds found in plastic pads. And eco-friendly, as these sustainable items generate only 0.6 percent of the garbage produced by single-use plastic pads. Therefore, many of our hygienic products have plastic in them and sanitary pads are one good example of that. Its true plastic shield does not allow moisture to seep through and ensure protective shielding, but at what cost?

**Harmful for health & environment**

Most of the commercially available sanitary pads are primarily manufactured using artificial by-products of petroleum i.e., plastics and are not biodegradable. And while this is just the environmental concern, the effect these synthetic pads can have on the reproductive health of a woman is beyond measure. While there's no denying that the

ease that comes along with the use of these synthetic pads is something that women enjoy, little do they suspect the impending health threat that they are being exposed to, and the effect these pads are having to their reproductive health. When we menstruate, our body gets rid of blood and other body fluid. The plastic-based pads are efficient in trapping moisture which provides the breeding ground for bacterial and fungal infection.

This can result in allergic reaction and irritation and also lead to pelvic inflammatory disease and some cases cervical cancer. While there's a rough estimate that an average 9000 tons of menstrual waste is generated in India monthly and most of it comes from sanitary pads which are either flushed down the toilets or thrown in open garbage. Rag pickers often handle this waste with bare hands and can easily become infected in case of blood belong to an HIV-positive person. They not only infect soil but also water facilities.

According to Menstrual Health Alliance India, One Sanitary pad could take 500 to 800 years to decompose as the plastic used is non-biodegradable. And this stands as one of the main reasons to switch to biodegradable sanitary pads.

**Eco-Friendly alternative**

While commercial sanitary napkins continue to make our lives easier, it is no secret that they are a deadly menace to the environment. While much has been said about the pollution created by synthetic sanitary napkins, the question of what the alternative is remains unanswered. Here's a list of items that can simply be used in place of commercial sanitary napkins : Reusable and Washable Cloth Pads, Reusable Tampons, Menstrual cups, Bamboo fiber pads, Banana fiber pads and Water hyacinth pads.

The following are some Initiative steps by different organizations: Goonj's Menstrual hygiene initiative 'Not just a piece of Cloth', Eco Femme, Kamakhya.

Concluding all these things, the proper menstrual hygiene education is essential for raising knowledge about these concepts and making them prevalent among people. Furthermore, the costs for these products should be more affordable for all women, rich or poor.

# Rasa : Used In Banking Bot On AI

Technology has had a significant impact on our daily lives and banking is no exception. Since the development of central banking systems, the banking sector has embraced technological innovations such as online and mobile banking, biometrics, big data analytics, artificial intelligence and the Internet of Things (IoT). In order to enhance the consumer experience, international banking institutions are embracing technology. The emergence of chatbots is the most recent disruptive force that has changed the banking sector. Chatbots have emerged because of the industry's transition to computing, changing the way customers and banks interact. An unauthorized representative that converses with users via chat is known as a chatbot. Chatbots have a lot going for them, including a 24/7 customer service, rapid responses, effective

management of enquiries, decreased client care costs, and the greatest levels of client happiness. They outperform people in terms of speed and accuracy. The bot was utilized but in recent years, industries have emerged thanks to the deployment of bots. Chatbots have existed since the 1960s. Chatbots have made considerable advancements. Rule-following chatbots are the most widely used type and artificial intelligence (AI) is what drives these more sophisticated chatbots.

Rasa is a vital set of resources for developing more intelligent and useful AI chatbots and assistants. Users have access to robust, trustworthy and proprietary intelligent chatbots because of Rasa's infrastructure and technological advancements. With Rasa's support, any developer can enhance their chatbots that



Archana Gupta

use both text and voice. Rasa's NLU offers the developers the tools and technology needed to record and analyze user input as well as identify the purpose and entities. Rasa offers support for a wide range of languages, pre-trained entities, and custom entities.

Chatbots use artificial intelligence by utilizing techniques for NLP (AI). Comp Artificial intelligence methods, such as tools for natural language processing, are used by chatbots (AI). Using this design, computers are capable of reading, processing, and analyzing large amounts of natural language data. Deep learning and machine learning algorithms are also among the technologies used in artificial intelligence. By interacting and conversing with other people, AI bots can increase their knowledge base. Rule-

based bots, on the other hand, receive less responses because they are made up of simple algorithms. The program searches for the user's entered keywords, selects them, and then responds with the relevant instruction. Rule-based chatbots stop reacting to orders and vague language, in contrast to AI-based chatbots.

To create AI bots, Chatbots use artificial intelligence technique Rasa. It is an open-source platform for building AI bots. Using this design, computers are capable of reading, processing, and analyzing large amounts of natural language data. The tools used in artificial intelligence. Rasa NLU and Rasa core are the two components of the Rasa open-source framework. Rasa NLU and core can be used alone, however Rasa recommends using them together. The Rasa core component controls the framework's conversational engine and



facilitates the customization and construction of increasingly complex chatbots. With Rasa, learning through interaction is possible. The Rasa framework's flexibility options enable for the advancement of chatbots. The Rasa core component manages the framework's conversational engine and aids in the development of more complicated chatbots with

customization. Learning through interaction is possible with Rasa. The chatbot's integration, deployment, and connectivity to websites and applications may all be completed rapidly. Rasa is very useful and easy to change because it is open source. Most of the currently accessible chatbot frameworks provide software as a service and are totally cloud-based.

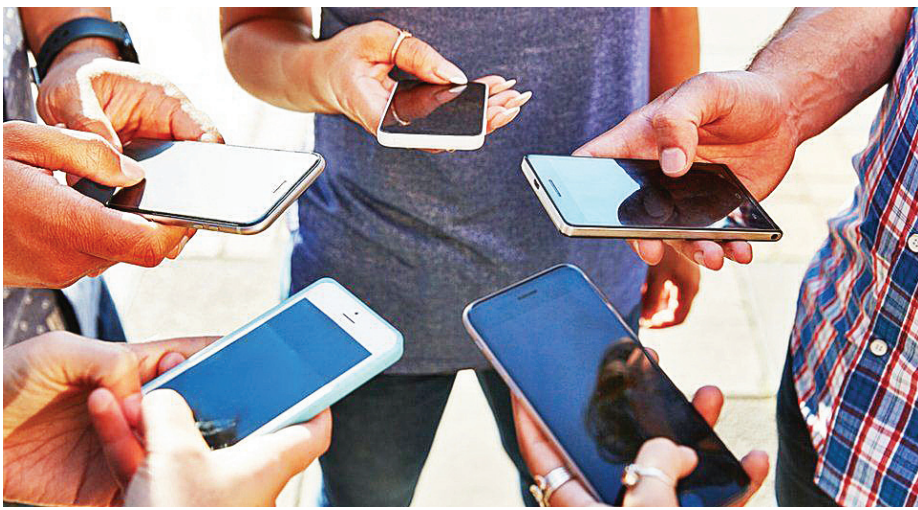


# डायरेक्ट टू मोबाइल बदलते भारत की नई पहचान

अनुराग सिंह

21 वीं सदी का भारत जिसने तकनीकी क्षेत्र में अपनी एक विशेष योग्यता का परिचय देते हुए पुरे विश्व का ध्यान अपनी ओर आकर्षित किया है। इस क्रम में आगे बढ़ते हुए देश के दूरसंचार विभाग और प्रसार भारतीय एक ऐसी तकनीक को भारत में लागू करने की संभावनाएं खोज रहा है, जिससे मोबाइल पर बिना इंटरनेट कनेक्शन के मल्टीमीडिया सामग्री प्रसारित की जा सकेगी।

यह तकनीक भारत ही नहीं बल्कि पूरे विश्व में सूचना क्रांति की एक नई मिसाल होगी। डायरेक्ट टू मोबाइल तकनीक को भारत एक खास उद्देश्य के तौर पर तैयार कर रहा है। डायरेक्ट टू मोबाइल तकनीक ठीक डायरेक्ट टू होम तकनीक के समान है, बस थोड़ा सा अंतर यह है कि यह तकनीकी मोबाइल फोन के लिए है। जिसके तहत आपको मोबाइल फोन में सीधे बिना इंटरनेट न्यूज, क्रिकेट आदि के वीडियो प्रसारण की सुविधा मिल जाएगी, साथ ही आपके फोन पर फ़िल्मों से लेकर हॉटस्टार, सोनी लिव, जी फाइव, अमेजन प्राइम और नेटफ्लिक्स जैसे ओवर द टॉप कंटेंट



समेत अन्य मल्टीमीडिया कंटेंट सीधे प्रसारित किए जा सकेंगे। यह तकनीक ब्रॉडबैंड और ब्रॉडकास्ट को मिलाकर काम करेगी और इसका अनुभव कुछ उसी तरह होगा जैसे लोग अपने फोन पर रेडियो सुनते हैं, डायरेक्ट टू मोबाइल के जरिए मल्टीमीडिया कंटेंट को भी फोन में सीधे ब्रॉडकास्ट किया जा सकेगा, जो भारत के शिक्षा, सूचना, मनोरंजन, समाचार, विकास में एक गति प्रदान करेगा, साथ ही यह तकनीक भारतीय नागरिकों से जुड़ी किसी खास जानकारी को सीधे उनके मोबाइल में

प्रसारित करने में मदद करेगी। जिससे इमरजेंसी अलर्ट जारी करने और आपदा प्रबंधन में सहायता करने में मदद मिलेगी। सबसे खास बात उन्हें ये सुविधा बेहद कम कीमत में मिलेगी, भारत के ग्रामीण इलाकों में जहां मोबाइल कंप्यूटर है, परन्तु इंटरनेट की सुविधा नहीं है। यह तकनीक भारतीय सूचना क्रांति को भविष्य में एक अलग डैचाई प्रदान करेगा। साथ ही दूर दराज के क्षेत्रों पर विशेष ध्यान के साथ निर्बाध कवरेज प्रदान करने वाला एक मजबूत और सुरक्षित अत्याधुनिक दूरसंचार

नेटवर्क विकसित करेगा, यह तकनीक सामाजिक-आर्थिक विकास गति देते हुए नये भारत की भविष्य की चुनौतियों से निपटने अहम योगदान देगी।

साथ ही भारत को दूरसंचार और उपकरण निर्माण के लिए एक वैश्विक केंद्र बनाने में मदद करेगी। यह तकनीक भारतीय परिवेश में आम जन तक पहुँचने का सटीक माध्यम होगा, जो भारतीय शिक्षा, कृषि सूचना प्रौद्योगिकी, मौसम के पारस्परिक ढाँचे में बदलाव कर इंटरनेट की आवश्यकता को लगभग समाप्त कर छात्रों को गुणवत्ता

पूर्ण शैक्षिक सामग्री, भारतीय किसानों को किसान सिंचाई पद्धतियों या मौसम के पूर्वानुमान के बारे में गुणवत्ता के साथ जानकारी प्रदान करेगी, साथ ही प्राकृतिक आपदाओं, जैसे बाढ़, भूकंप, भूस्खलन आदि के समय में भी यह तकनीक बहुत मददगार हो सकती है और जान माल के नुकसान से देश को बचा सकती है। भारत सरकार ने इस तकनीक को और विकसित करने के लिए भारतीय दूरसंचार विभाग ने सीधे उपयोगकर्ताओं के स्मार्टफोन पर प्रसारण सेवाओं की पेशकश के लिए स्पेक्ट्रम बैंड की व्यवहार्यता का अध्ययन करने के लिए एक समिति का गठन किया है। बैंड 526-582 मेगाहर्ट्ज को मोबाइल और प्रसारण दोनों सेवाओं के साथ समन्वय में काम करने के लिए डिजाइन किया गया है जिसकी जाँच के लिए एक समिति बनायी गयी है। सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय वर्तमान में देश भर में टीवी ट्रांसमीटरों के लिए इस आवृत्ति का उपयोग कर रहा है, परन्तु सरकार के पास इस तकनीक को आम जन तक पहुँचाने एवं बड़े पैमाने पर रोल आउट के लिए बुनियादी ढाँचे में बदलाव और कुछ नियामक परिवर्तन करने होंगे। साथ ही मोबाइल ऑपरेटरों जैसे प्रमुख

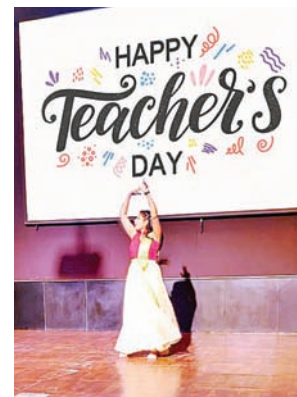
हित धारकों को व्यापक स्तर पर इस तकनीक को लॉन्च करने में सबसे बड़ी चुनौती होगी। डायरेक्ट टू मोबाइल तकनीक का उपभोक्ता और व्यवसाय पर प्रभाव उपभोक्ताओं को इस तकनीक से सीधा लाभ होगा। वे आसानी से वीडियो ऑन डिमांड (वीओडी) या ओवर द टॉप (ओटीटी) सामग्री प्रदाताओं के माध्यम से सभी अपने मोबाइल डेटा का उपयोग किए बिना और कम कीमत पर मल्टीमीडिया सामग्री को सीधे अपने मोबाइल पर प्राप्त कर सकेंगे। यह तकनीक भारतीय गावों और सुदूर इलाकों जहाँ सीमित या इंटरनेट की व्यवस्था नहीं है वहाँ के लोगों को सभी तरह के कंटेंट, मल्टी मीडिया और सूचना देने में मदद करेगी। व्यवसायों के लिए प्रौद्योगिकी के प्रमुख लाभों में से एक यह है कि यह दूरसंचार सेवा प्रदाताओं को अपने मोबाइल नेटवर्क से प्रसारण नेटवर्क पर वीडियो ट्रैफिक स्थानांतरित करने की अनुमति देगी, जिससे उन्हें मूल्यवान मोबाइल स्पेक्ट्रम मुक्त करने की अनुमति मिलेगी। यह सेवा, मोबाइल एयरवेक्स और फ्री-अप बैंडविड्थ, कॉल ड्रॉपआउट को कम करने और डेटा गति को बढ़ाने के उपयोग को भी अनुकूलित करेगा।

## Teachers Day Celebration



IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** 'Teachers' Day' was celebrated in IMS Engineering College by the students to give thanks to all the teachers. Dr. Vikram Bali, Director, IMS Engineering College motivated the faculty members to keep improving themselves not only in terms of technical knowledge but also holistically to support students in their comprehensive development. The students performed many activities like dance, songs, speech and skit. Harshit Sharma of 3rd year BT anchored the event. Dr. S.N.Rajan, Dean Academics gave vote of thanks to the cultural



committee for organizing the event and to the students for their energetic performances. Faculty and staff members enjoyed the performances especially the self-composed poetry by Dr. Arvind Kumar (AP-AS&H Department) who melodiously highlighted the talent of some teachers.

## Seminar on 'IP Creation in Biotechnology'

IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad:** The Department of Biotechnology organized a seminar on 'IP Creation in Biotechnology' on September 23, 2022. The seminar started with a motivating talk by Dr. Vikram Bali, Director, IMS EC, who emphasized on the significance of Intellectual Property. The key speakers in this seminar were Mr. Amit



Bhardwaj, Director-Business Development, TekIP Knowledge Pvt. Ltd., Mr. Mayank Sharma, Sales & Marketing Manager, Intas

Pharmaceuticals and Mr. Abhay Shukla, Team Leader-Business Development, TekIP Knowledge Pvt. Ltd. All the speakers guided the



participants about the various forms of IP. They also threw insights into the various career opportunities available for biotechnology students in

the field of patenting. The event was coordinated by Dr. Indu Bhatt, Assistant Professor, Biotechnology Department.

## IMSEC Conducted a Spiritual Lecture

IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad:** MBA department and Cultural committee of IMSEC conducted a spiritual lecture by Mr. Adbhuta Narsimha Das - from ISKON on 10th of September 2022 in the Auditorium of C Block. The lecture started with musical chanting of Hare Rama Hare Krishna mantra by him and other devotees from ISKON followed by discussion on



searching for the meaning of life, its purpose and importance of happiness for soul. All faculty and staff members were mesmerized by the chanting of mantras.

The atmosphere was filled with positive energy all-round the hall. Dr. Meenu Baliyan thanked the esteemed guests and all audience presented in the Auditorium.

## 'Me As A Teacher' – Role Play By Students

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** The Cultural Committee of IMSEC organized an event 'Me as a Teacher' wherein the students played the role of a teacher. The event was organized on Sep 8, 2022, in the Seminar hall (Block A). Students of all departments participated in the event enthusiastically. The event was the amalgamation of honour, appreciation, and affection for the teachers through their acts. Priya (BT), Nakul (CSE), Muskan (CSE) and Mohdeep (BT) were



recognized as the best performers and were bestowed with gifts. This activity not only helped students in coming out of their shells of shyness but also added wings to their innate talent of acting like a teacher since childhood. All teachers appreciated the role played by students.

## Book Donation Drive organized by Department of Biotechnology



**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** GEMS Society, Department of Biotechnology organized a book donation drive on September 10, 2022. The faculty and students of biotechnology department enthusiastically participated in this noble cause and generously donated books related to microbiology, biotechnology, bioinformatics, instrumentation, biochemistry, genetics and other allied subjects.

## Faces Club Organized Fun and Creative Activity

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** FACES Club of Electronics & Communication Engineering Department organized various technical and non-technical activities for second and third-year students of Electronics & Communication, Electrical & Electronics and Mechanical Engineering branch on 21 September 2022, Wednesday. The non-technical activities included



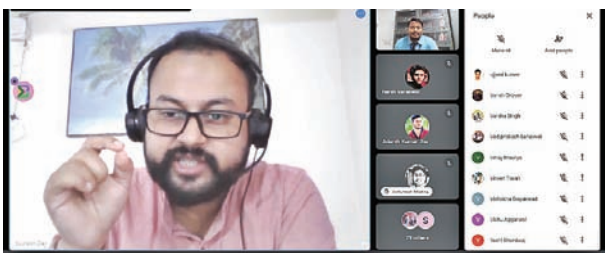
Quiz based on general awareness, guess the song and dumb charades. The technical activity was based

on fill-ups. The motive of this event is to enhance the interactive skills, motor skills, thinking ability,

confidence level and improving body language among students from the very beginning. This event was organized and managed by Ms. Mayurika Saxena of ECE Department as Faculty Coordinator and Riddhi Agrawal (ECE 4th Year) and Aviral Tiwari (ECE 3rd Year) as Student Coordinators. Overall, 26 students of ECE, EN and ME branch participated in this event.

## Department of IT organized Alumni Talk

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** The Department of Information Technology, IMSEC organized an online Alumni-Talk on the topic 'Understanding Agile Methodology using Live Project Examples' in association with CSI, Ghaziabad Chapter on 16 Sep-2022. The goal of this program was to provide an understanding of the basic concepts of Agile



Methodology using some live project examples. The speaker was Mr. Saurabh Dey (Senior Product Engineer, Larsen and Toubro Infotech, Pune), IT Alumni (Batch 2011-2015).

The faculty coordinator of this workshop was Mr. Updesh Jaiswal (IT Department). Around 100 students of different engineering branches had participated.

## Lecture organized on NEP 2020

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** A lecture on NEP 2020 was conducted by the Cultural Committee. The lecture was taken by Dr. Jyoti Guglani (HoD ECE). She elaborated the role of teachers in the new education policy and stated that according to the new policy there should be overall development of each and every student apart of their academic and skill development.

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## News Brief

**‘Shri Ganesh Pooja Utsav’ Celebrations At IMS Ghaziabad**

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** The Festival of ‘Shri Ganesh Pooja Utsav’ was celebrated at IMS Ghaziabad from 31 August 2022 to 4 September 2022, with great zeal. Prof. (Dr.) Urvashi Makkar addressed the audience, highlighted the institute’s rich cultural legacy and emphasised the learning that future managers can derive from the Indian culture and traditions. The event commenced at the hostel of IMS Group on 31 August 2022, with ‘Sthapana’ followed by different cultural events. 4 September 2022, marked the final day of the event. The idol of lord Ganesh was later immersed in Masoori Lake following the traditional practices.

**Global Talk Series organised on ‘Management of Change, Innovation & Technology’**

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** Mr. Ashish Patel, Managing Director, CXO Advisory, Morgan Franklin, Washington, USA was invited to deliver 30 hours Global Talk Series on ‘Management of Change, Innovation & Technology’ (MCIT) for Term IV students of PGDM Batch 2021-23. He discussed various MCIT concepts from a global perspective. Additionally, he enriched students with his worldwide experience managing organisations to cope with technological advancements.

**Article Published In Indobes**

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** A leading business magazine Idobes published an insightful article by Prof. (Dr.) Urvashi Makkar, Director, IMS Ghaziabad, in their September issue. The article draws attention to the importance of management education in shaping the competent leaders of tomorrow. Therefore, educational institutes should focus on knowledge creation through research, and its dissemination for skill creation was the key highlight of the article. Further initiatives taken by IMS Ghaziabad towards corporate readiness and skill enhancement to train budding managers were also discussed in the article.

**Director, IMS Recognised as the ‘Top 10 Most Influential Business Leaders’**

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** India Today announced Dr. Urvashi Makkar, Director, IMS Ghaziabad, as one of ‘Top 10 Most Influential Business Leaders’.

**IMS Celebrated ‘Aarambh 2022’**

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** The final year students of IMS Ghaziabad organised ‘AARAMBH 2022’- fresher’s party to welcome the 2022-24 batch students on 3 September 2022. The event was based on the theme of ‘The Freshers’ Paparazzi 2k22’, and exciting activities and performances were also organised.

**Workshop Organized on ‘Yoga for Holistic Development’**

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** Ghaziabad : IMS, Ghaziabad, conducted a vital ‘Yoga for Holistic Development’ workshop on 13 September, 2022. The expert resource person for the session was Shri Ramnash Vatsa, the eminent Yogacharya of global repute popularly referred to as ‘Rubber Boy’. The session was to sensitise the students, faculty and staff members about the importance of Yoga to gain balance and control in their lives.

**11th Higher Education & Skill Development Summit**

Skill Education, Entrepreneurship & Innovations in Higher Education’ was organised on 2 September 2022 at Le Méridien Hotels & Resorts, New Delhi. Various other dignitaries from the government, industry, education and media were also present at the event.

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** Prof (Dr.) Urvashi Makkar was invited as a distinguished panellist at ‘11th Higher Education & Skill Development Summit’. The event themed ‘Integration of

# Glittering Inaugural Ceremony During Mega 15th Annual HR Conclave

**IMS News Service**

**Ghaziabad :** IMS Ghaziabad successfully organised its flagship 15th Annual HR Conclave on the theme ‘Reskilling, Upskilling and Outskilling: Building HR Framework for Competitive Advantage’ on 17 September, 2022. The Inaugural Session was graced by delegates of global repute like Mr. Ashish Patel, Managing Director, CXO Advisory, Morgan Franklin, Washington, USA, Mr. Neeraj Narang, Director, HCM Product Strategy, Oracle, Mr. Vijay Rai, Chief Growth Officer & Board Member, Asia Pacific



Region, Day One Technologies, USA and Mr. Rohin Agarwal, Deputy Director & Head, CII. The panel discussed the emerging trends shaping the industrial world’s future. In addition, the event witnessed over 500 human resource stalwarts, including industry experts,

delegates, faculty & students from various institutes.

The conclave was spread across three panel discussions. Panel 1 ‘Roadmap to Re-engineer the Future with Technology Interface’ elicited actionable insights from industry experts such as Dr. Nirav Mandir,

Chief Human Capital Officer, Shree Ramkrishna Exports, Mr. Debargha Deb, National Manager HR, Dabur India Ltd; Mr. Tarun Sharma, National Lead-Institution Growth, OneBanc and Mr. Kapil Sharma Kush, Founder, Growth Momentum Hub. The

session highlighted the importance of integrating the technology across various HR domains. Panel Discussion-II ‘Reshaping the Human Experience Transition from Employee Wellbeing to Healthy Organisation’ elicited actionable insights on the importance of employee wellbeing from corporate stalwarts like Ms. Madhura Bagchi, Learning Advisor-Growth Ops, Genpact; Mr. Rajesh Popli, Assistant Director, Human Resources, Ernst & Young, Mr. Agniwesh Thakur, Vice President, Human Capital Management, Accenture, Mr.

Amulya Sah, CHRO, Team Computers, Ms. Divya Mishra, Head HR, Global Development Center, Landis+Gyr. Accelerating the momentum, Panel Discussion III on the theme ‘Diversity, Inclusion & Equity for Organization Innovation and Success’ witnessed expert insights on making the organisation more socially inclusive from Mr. Varinder Singh, Chief Manager-HR, Fortum, session Moderator and Distinguished Panellists, Ms. Monika Marwah APAC, Student Program Manager, Amazon India; Mr. Tahir Abdul Bari, CEO and MD.

## Kick Starts ‘Buddy Pathshala’

**IMS News Service**

**Ghaziabad:** ‘Buddy Pathshala’- Peer to Peer Learning initiative commenced at IMS Ghaziabad. The initiative focuses on the theme of ‘Life After 06:00 pm’ to create a vibrant learning ecosystem for the budding managers in the IMS hostel. The initiative was inaugurated by Prof. (Dr.) Urvashi Makkar, Director, IMS Ghaziabad, on 15 September 2022, organised at IMS Hostel. The event was also attended



by global expert Mr. Ashish Patel, Managing Director and CXO, Morgan Franklin, USA and other faculty

members. In addition, the coordinators of the buddy pathshala initiative were also felicitated for the initiative.

## ‘Placement Readiness Enhancement Program’ (PREP) Organized

**IMS News Service**

**Ghaziabad:** IMS Ghaziabad, an institute known for its perpetual endeavours towards making its students corporate-ready, organised the 12 Hours Short Term Training Program (STTP) on ‘Placement Readiness Enhancement Program’ (PREP) for PGDM Batch 2022-24 on September 14, 19, 21 & 23, 2022.

The initiative endeavours to enhance the students’ self-belief, ability & skills to ace the



selection process. The sessions were conducted by the experienced team of mentors from ‘The Winning Mantra’- Dr. Pramod Joshi (Co-Founder & Director) & Aman Bedi (Leadership

Coach). Overall this programme was proposed to help the students identify and develop the required competencies for enhancement of employability quotient.

## FDP on Achieving Academic Excellence through Student Engagement & Pedagogical Innovations.

**IMS News Service**

**Ghaziabad :** In line with its numerous endeavours for promoting academic excellence, IMS Ghaziabad organised a Faculty Development Program on ‘Achieving Excellence in Outcome Based Education System through Pedagogical Innovations’ on September 20, 2022. The expert resource of the FDP, Mr. Ashish Patel, Managing Director, CXO



Advisory, Morgan Franklin, Washington, USA, shared his student engagement-centric

academic learnings and experiences. The FDP was to enable the faculty members to develop

creativity and high order thinking skills for achieving outcome-based education objectives.

## 2nd Mega Industrial Visit to Haier Appliances

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** To provide its budding professionals with exposure to business processes and work practices beyond regular classroom teaching, IMS Ghaziabad organised an Industrial Visit to Haier Appliances India Pvt. Ltd., Greater Noida, for PGDM Batch 2022-24 on September 20 & 22, 2022. The enthusiastic learners interacted with the HR and Technical team of Haier



Appliances. They discussed the new era of technologies in refrigeration, air conditioning, washing machine, smart appliances, assembly line layout &

safety. They developed practical insights of IoT enabled smart home, Haier’s manufacturing unit, its products and asked many relevant questions.

## IMS Ghaziabad Organised ‘EBSCO Host Database Training’

**IMS News Service**

**Ghaziabad :** In line with its motto of ‘Involve, Innovate and Ignite the Reading Habit’, the Library team of IMS Ghaziabad organised a Student Engagement activity on ‘EBSCO Host Database Training’ for its budding managers on September 20, 2022. The Expert Resource Speaker of the session was



Mr. Lakhpat Singh Naruka, Training Manager, EBSCO Information Services.

The activity was conceptualised to familiarise

the young minds with EBSCO Host Research Database and develop better solutions by understanding the technological landscape.

**Faculty Roundtable Discussion Organized****IMS News Service**

**Ghaziabad :** Dr. Jeet Sharma, Managing Director, Stemvogel Consulting (OPC) Pvt Ltd. conducted the Faculty Roundtable Discussion on ‘Assessing the Path Travelled by IMS in Executing 5-year Perspective Planning of IMS’ on September 19, 2022. The session reflected on the IMS achievements and reviewed the roadmap for achieving various future goals and milestones.

## ‘Gurusrijan 2022’- Vibrant Teachers’ Day Celebrations

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** Following the cultural values of ‘Guru Shishya’ heritage, IMS Ghaziabad organised ‘Gurusrijan 2022’- Teachers’ Day on 3 September 2022. Addressing the occasion, Dr. Urvashi Makkar mentioned the importance of teachers in the current society and said, “Teachers are the backbone of any country, the pillar upon which all aspirations are converted into realities”. Dr Makkar also appreciated the faculty members’ efforts toward the institution’s growth.

**Director, IMS Invited as Special Guest of Honour & Expert Speaker.****IMS News Service**

**Ghaziabad :** Prof. (Dr.) Urvashi Makkar, Director, IMS Ghaziabad, attended ‘Indo-Asia Business Excellence Summit 2022’ organised by Business

Connect Magazine on 10 September, 2022 as the special guest of honour and expert speaker at Hyatt Centric Janakpuri New Delhi. Dr. Makkar shared her insights in the expert-led panel discussion.



## News Brief

## Industrial Visit to 'Yakult'



**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** An industrial visit to 'Yakult Danone India Pvt. Ltd.' Food Park, Rai Industrial Area, HSIIDC, Sonapat, Haryana 131029 was organized by the School of Biosciences, IMS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus) for B.Sc. (H) Microbiology and Biotechnology IIIrd year students on 28 September, 2022. A group of 64 students got an opportunity to learn the insight of the industry machinery, latest demanding technologies accompanied by the faculty members Prof. Neha Antal and Dr. Swati Tyagi. The Yakult Executive, Ms. Devanshi, gave a brief introduction about the biological processes encompassing the production of the YAKULT, a probiotic drink for a healthy lifestyle. She also guided the students regarding the machinery, quality control laboratory and operation involving the packaging of the Yakult. After that, all headed towards a small presentation on the history, science behind Yakult and the health benefits being served by the consumption of Yakult. By this visit students got the insight of probiotic product development and future scope associated with the emerging trend in the microbiology field.

## Buddy Mentoring Session Organized

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** There are so many different ways to learn. One of the most personal and relationship-building learning experiences comes from Buddy mentorship.

A buddy system is an opportunity wherein an 'influential supporter' share tips, tools, knowledge and assist juniors, both personally and academically. With an aim to build a unique guidance system, School of Biosciences organised a Buddy Mentoring session on 30 September 2022, where Ms. Disha Tyagi, student of B.Sc. Microbiology 2020-23, shared her insights on 'Understanding DNA and RNA at Molecular and Chemical level: A Structural and Mechanistic perspective'. Dr. Surabhi Johari, Head of the Department congratulated her for outstanding contribution in academic mentoring, assistance and supports and recognised her efforts with memento and certificate.

## Buddy Mentorship On 'How to Build Static Website Using HTML'



**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service) :** HTML is very easy and simple markup language. HTML is typically used for designing the structure of web page. School of Information Technology of IMS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus), organized buddy mentorship program on HTML for BCA 1st year students on 22 September 2022 to make them familiar with HTML.

The session was taken by BCA 3rd year students Ms. Kiran Sharma, Mr. Adhiraj Sirohi, Mr. Ankur Chaudhary and Mr. Apporva Krishna, Mr. Keshav Garg, Mr. Pranav Nagaich and Ms. Komal Bansal. The session was practical and various tags was shown in the during the session. The session was interactive and lots of curiosity was there among 1st year students. Presenters handled each query of the student in a professional manner.

## Phoenix : BBA Pre-Induction Program



**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service):** The School of Management, IMS Ghaziabad UC Campus organized the 'Phoenix- BBA Pre-Induction Program' on 14 September 2022 for the new BBA Batch of

2022-2025. The program laid out a roadmap of opportunities, a vision for the future and motivation for career paths, to give a heady start to the new batch. To this end, stalwarts from industrial domains of Consulting, Logistics, FMCG and Financial Technology were invited to address the gathering of about five hundred students. The program was spread over two sessions which were conducted successfully to acquaint the students with the challenges and opportunities that are to come their way. This was carried out by the personal testimonials shared by the guests of honor, who graciously shared their success stories and lessons from personal experiences. For the first session, the School of Management invited illustrious dignitaries such as Mr. Ajay Goyal CEO, International Division of Agarwal Packers and Movers Pvt. Ltd., Ms. Snigdha Varmani, AVP HR in Genpact, Mr. Vaibhav Arora, Director of Consulting at KPMG Global Services, Ms. Manisha Pawar, Regional Head HR-North Dabur India Ltd., and Dr. Arun Kumar Singh, Director, IMS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus). Dr. Arun Kumar, after facilitating the guests of honor, addressed the gathering, highlighting how students at IMS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus) are chiseled to be leaders of tomorrow.

## School Of IT Organized Pre-Induction Program

## IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** School of Information Technology of IMS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus) organized a Pre-induction program for the first-year students, batch 2022-2025 on 15 September, 2022 in the college Auditorium. The session began with the welcome of the guests.

The objective of the session was to provide our young technocrats a perfect idea and a complete road map



of their BCA journey. The total number of students were 292 from BCA 1st Year. Our Anchors Unnati Mishra and Ayush Kumar Singh from

BCA second-year welcomed our guests and invited Director, Dr. Arun Kumar Singh to show gratitude to Chief Guest, Mr. Vishnu



Chandra, Former Deputy Director General & HOG, NIC, Govt. of India by presenting a sapling and momentos. Guest of Honour, Mr. Saurabh Singh, Director, Appinativ was welcomed by HOD ( School of Information Technology) Dr. Gagan Varshney and Mr.

Deepak Jindal, Associate Director, Incture was welcomed by CRC Head Mr. Mandeep Singh Rawat. Guest of Honour was welcomed by presenting sapling and Momentos. Our guests motivated first year students by briefing them related to the importance of

AI, Cyber security and data science in industry. They also told the students about team work in organization by sharing the practical examples. All the students raised multiple queries at the end of the session and guests handled the queries in very professional and satisfactory manner. The session made the students anxiety of knowing more in the technology which was enjoyed by them. It was good experience for the first-year students and everybody gained a lot of knowledge.

## Workshop On Video Editing Using Filmora



## IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** School of Information Technology of IMS Ghaziabad (University Courses Campus) organized a workshop 'Video Editing Using Filmora' that mainly focused on the basics of video editing and all features of the

video editing software (Filmora) for our young technocrats. The session started at 2.30 p.m. sharp on 13 September 2022 which was held under the guidance of Prof. Rakesh Roshan (Faculty Coordinator). Total participants were 20 from BCA 2nd Year. The workshop

was all about making students familiar with the basics functionality of Wondershare Filmora (Video Editing Software). Students learnt about the different features like Splitting, Transitions, Effects, Greenscreen, Import/Export, etc. Students also learnt about the different layers which are used to perform the editing task. It was a successful workshop and was enamored by the students of BCA. It was a good experience for the second-year students and everybody gained a lot of knowledge. It shifted the interest of various students towards Video editing.

## Cover Card Making Competition

## IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad :** 'Splash-the Art and Craft Club' at IMS Ghaziabad UC Campus organized the 'Cover Card Making Competition' on Indian Culture for students with an artistic and creative mindset.

A total of 70+ students participated with a lot of enthusiasm as they put their artistic imagination and creativity skills into making a creative card with different themes like Indian festivals,



Indian Tradition etc. The purpose of setting up this 90-minute art and craft activity was to showcase the immense

talent among the students. The event was concluded by the judges rewarded with trophy and participation certificate to

all the winners and participants. The event was managed by all club members under the guidance of Dr. Nidhi Srivastava. The mentioned are the winners of the competition: 1st Palak Rastogi & Diksha Chauhan (BSc. MB 2nd year), 2nd Kanupriya Goel & Aditi sharma (BBA 2nd year), 3rd Saima (BSc. MB). The following students bagged the consolation prizes : Simran Roy (BSc. BT 2nd year) and Sonal & Aditi (BBA 2nd year).

## Visit To Amar Ujala



**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service):** School of Journalism and Mass Communication of IMS Ghaziabad UC Campus organised a media visit to Amar Ujala for the students of BA/JMC 1st year on 20 September 2022. Amar Ujala is the third best Hindi newspaper in the country, which was founded in 1948 covering seven states. Mr. Pawan Pathak, Production Manager introduced the students with their editorial department in which he explained about the real-life working of the editorial

department. Further they organised an interactive discussion for the students where Mr. Manoj Kumar Mishra introduced the students with the real meaning of Journalism. Continuing the interactive session with the students who

made the budding journalists picturize the struggle and the ingredients to become a successful journalist. Mr. Mishra highlighted the two golden secrets i.e. command over language & knowledge about current affairs to get into the world of journalism.

Further the students went to the conference hall, where a presentation was displayed which showed history and insides of the Amar Ujala. Finally, the students were led towards the printing section where the newbie journalists were practically exposed about the mechanical printing of the newspaper. The students became aware about hard work to print a newspaper whose lifespan is just for two hours. Students got to know about the print media production, the collection and selection of news.

## International Summit On Corporate Restructuring And Joint Venture

## IMS News Service

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service):** The ASSOCHAM National Council for Corporate Affairs, Company Law and Corporate Governance organized an international summit on corporate restructuring and joint venture. This session started with the lighting of the lamp by all the dignitaries followed by the welcome address by Mr. Basudev Mukherjee (Assistant Secretary General, ASSOCHAM). The chairman task force of ASSOCHAM, Mr. Pavan Kumar Vijay addressed the audience with his enlightening words on



M&A. CS Ranjeet Pandey (Former President & Council Member of ICSI) discussed about the corporate reconstructing and joint ventures and problems faced by them. Further, the anchor of the session invited the special guests CA (Dr.) Ashok Haldia and (Chairman, Board of IIP-ICAI) and Ms. Jyoti Jindgar Bhanot (Secretary I/C) to gain their insights about

competitive perspective of corporate restructuring which continued with address of the guest of honor, Shri Dandip Garg (Executive Director, Competitive Commission Of India, Government of India). The concluding remarks and the vote of thanks was proposed by Shri S.C. Aggarwal by thanking all the dignitaries for stating their views and suggestions on the topic.

## Guest Lecture Organized By School of J &amp; MC

**Ghaziabad (IMS News Service):** The School of Journalism and Mass Communication at IMS Ghaziabad UC Campus always keeps its students on their toes and comes up with great opportunities to learn from professionals from the industry. Journalism is termed as the 4th pillar of democracy and has a definite role to play in Nation Building.

A socially responsible, valued loaded, enlightened and fearless media can play decisive role in educating the public and uplifting the spirit of the nation. To discuss the decisive role of Journalism, Journalists and Nation, the School of Journalism and

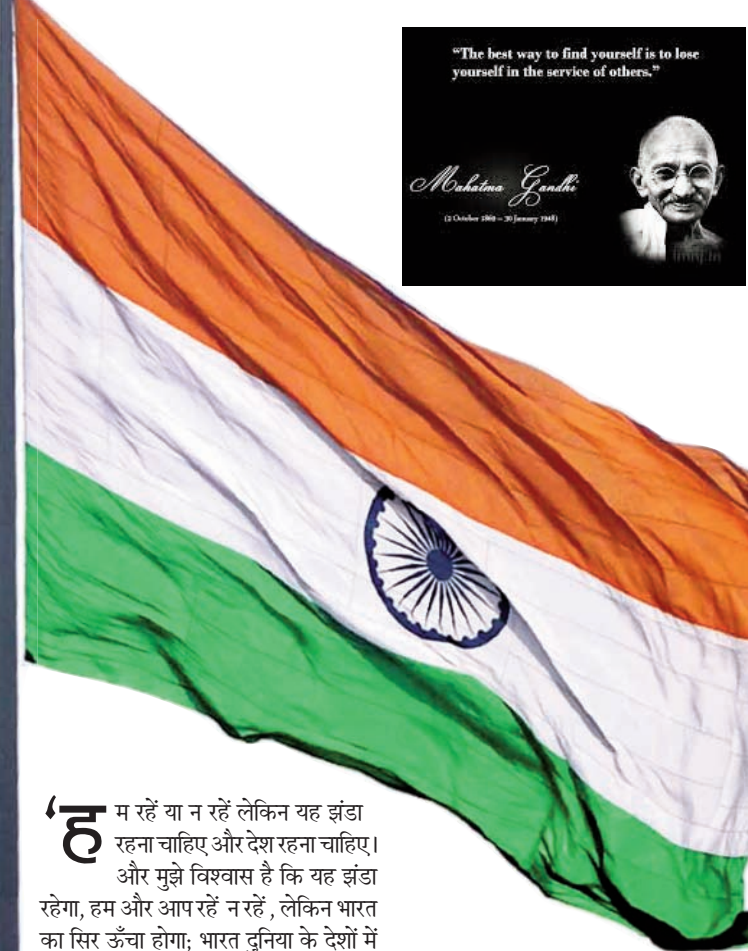


Mass Communication organized a Guest Lecture with Mr. Shyam Kishore Sahay. The event was commenced with the warm welcome of the guest Mr. Shyam Kishore Sahay (Editor Sansad TV) by Dr. Arun Kumar Singh, Director IMS UC Campus. Mr. Sahay is a great name in the field of

journalism. In an hour and a half session, the guest discussed the responsibilities of the journalists in Nation Building. He also threw a light on the importance of media and how it is responsible for the socially responsible, enlightened and committed professionals and academicians to a great extent.



# ‘हम रहें या न रहें लेकिन यह झंडा रहना चाहिए’



कथाकथित अछूत व्यापारियों को आमंत्रित किया, और कथाकथित अछूत वर्ग को 'हरिजन' यानी ईश्वर की संतान शब्द से जोड़ा, बाद में उन्होंने इसी नाम से एक साप्ताहिक पत्रिका का प्रकाशन किया जो देश में निचले तबके के लोगों की समस्याओं को उजागर करती थी। 1932 ई में छुआछूत को मिटाने के लिए उन्होंने 12,500 मील की पैदल यात्रा की, इस क्रम में उन्होंने 'हरिजन कोष' की भी स्थापना की।

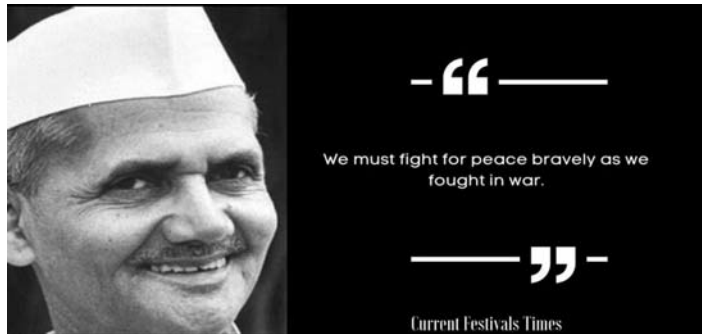
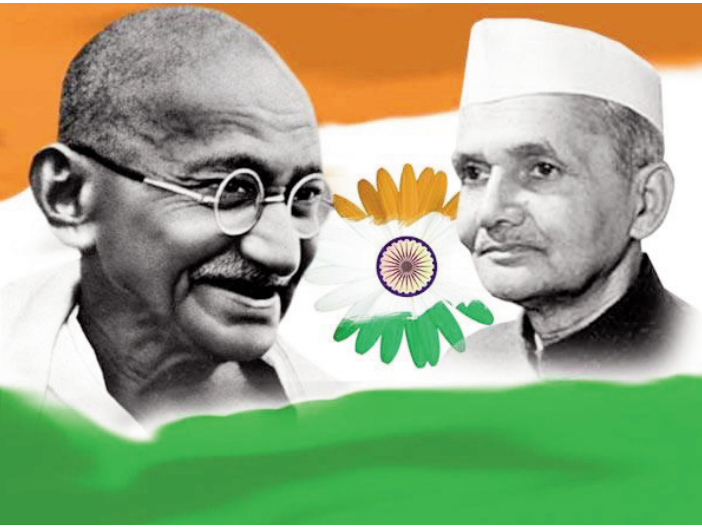
1917 ई में बिहार के चम्पारण जिले में उन्होंने अपना पहला आंदोलन चलाया, जिससे देश के विभिन्न दूर-दराज तक के इलाके के किसान खुद को सीधे तौर पर राष्ट्र आंदोलन से जोड़ कर देखने लगे, एवं किसान-जमींदार की संकल्पना खत्म होकर एक देश की भावना चारों ओर फैलने लगी। चम्पारण समेत खेड़ा एवं बारडोली जैसे दूर-दराज के क्षेत्रों में अपना प्रयोग कर गाँधी जी ने उन्हें एक धागे में पिरोने का कार्य किया।

अंग्रेजों ने 1909 ई के एक्ट से हिन्दू-मुस्लिम के बीच जो खाई बनाई थी, उसे गाँधी जी ने राष्ट्रीय चेतना से भरने का काम किया, अंग्रेजी हुकूमत को उखाड़ फेंकने के लिए उन्होंने सभी जातियों, वर्गों, समुदायों, एवं धर्मों को एकजुट कर, उन्हें अपनी राष्ट्रवाद की भावना से प्रेरित कर लक्ष्य प्राप्ति के लिए एकमुश्त प्रयास करने को प्रेरित किया, यही वजह है कि 1920 ई का 'असहयोग आंदोलन', 1930 का 'सविनय अवज्ञा आंदोलन' एवं 1942 ई को प्रारम्भ 'भारत छोड़ो आंदोलन' हर वर्ग एवं समुदायों का आंदोलन था, जिसमें सबकी सक्रिय भागीदारी थी। प्रथम विश्वयुद्ध के पहले तक जो आंदोलन कुछ खास क्षेत्रों एवं लोगों तक सीमित था, गाँधी जी ने अपने प्रयासों से उसे जनमानस का आंदोलन बना दिया, बहुजन एवं बहुवर्ग आधारित आंदोलन अब केवल ऊँचे तबकों तक सीमित नहीं था बल्कि देश की हर सौस की उसमें बराबर की भागीदारी थी।

जैसे खण्डों में विभाजित हो ही चुका था कि भारतीय आंदोलनों की श्रृंखला में गाँधी जी का प्रवेश होता है, 1915 ई० में जब गाँधी जी साउथ-अफ्रीका से लौटे तो वहाँ से अपने साथ एक हथियार लेकर आए, जिसका नाम उन्होंने मगनलाल गाँधी के सुझाव से 'सत्याग्रह' रखा, यानी सत्य के साथ आग्रह करना, अहिंसा के साथ विद्रोह करना। ऐसा आज तक कहीं नहीं देखा गया था, चाहे वो अमेरिका का सप्तवर्षीय युद्ध हो या फ्रांस का विद्रोह, हर जगह आजादी के लिए हिंसा का सहारा लेना पड़ा था, पर गाँधी जी के नजरिए से राष्ट्र की मुक्ति में हिंसा का कोई स्थान नहीं होना चाहिए, उनका मानना था कि हिंसा से आपसी संवाद खत्म हो जाते हैं एवं समाज में हिंसात्मक प्रकृति की वृद्धि होती है, जो राष्ट्र रूपी पेड़ की जड़ों को अंदर से खोखला कर देता है। 1915 में भारत लौटने पर अहमदाबाद स्थित अपने पहले आश्रम में उन्होंने तमाम विरोधों की परवाह न करते हुए,

‘हम रहें या न रहें लेकिन यह झंडा रहना चाहिए और देश रहना चाहिए। और मुझे विश्वास है कि यह झंडा रहेगा, हम और आप रहें न रहें, लेकिन भारत का सिर ऊँचा होगा, भारत दुनिया के देशों में एक बड़ा देश होगा और शायद यह दुनिया को बहुत कुछ दे भी सके। अब हमें शांति के लिए भी उसी हिम्मत और हौसले से काम करना है जिससे हमने हमले का सामना किया था।’ हमारे देश के दूसरे प्रधानमंत्री लाल बहादुर शास्त्री जी के इस कथन में राष्ट्रवाद का पूरा सार समाहित है।

2 अक्टूबर का दिन हमारे यानी भारत की दृष्टि से बहुत ही अहम दिन है, क्योंकि इस दिन दो ऐसे पुरुषों का जन्म हुआ, जिन्होंने इस देश को न केवल एक सूत्र में बाँधने का कार्य किया, बल्कि संकट की स्थिति में उसे संजोये रखने का कार्य भी किया, हमारे देश के राष्ट्रपिता 'महात्मा गाँधी' एवं देश के दूसरे प्रधानमंत्री 'लाल बहादुर शास्त्री' की जयंती का दिन। देश में अपने लगभग 200 वर्षों के शासन में अंग्रेजों की मुख्य नीति थी 'फूट डालो और शासन करो' (Divide and Rule पॉलिसी), जिसमें वो सफल भी रहे। देश जाति-धर्म, प्रान्त-रियासत, अमीर-गरीब, किसान-जमींदार, और मजदूर



उनकी पुत्री की अकाल मृत्यु भी हो गई।

भारत की आजादी के तुरंत बाद ही गाँधी जी की हत्या हो गई, नए लोकतांत्रिक देश के तौर में हम कई चुनौतियों से जूझ रहे थे, जैसे पाकिस्तान से युद्ध के दौरान उन्होंने भारतीय सेना को लाहौर तक घुसने के आदेश दे दिए जिसके तुरंत बाद भारतीय सेना ने पाकिस्तान की सेना को परास्त कर दिया। देश के किसानों एवं सेना को निष्ठा के लिए शास्त्री जी 'जय जवान, जय किसान' का प्रसिद्ध नारा दिया, और देश के ढीले हो रहे सूत्रों को पुनः, पहले से भी मजबूत गाँठों में बाँधने का कार्य किया। ताशकंद में पाकिस्तान के राष्ट्रपति अयूब खान के साथ युद्धविराम के समझौते पर हस्ताक्षर करने के कुछ घण्टे बाद ही 11 जनवरी 1966 की रात में शास्त्री जी की अज्ञात कारणों से मृत्यु हो जाती है, जिसके कारण का पता आज तक स्पष्ट नहीं हो पाया है। 2 अक्टूबर का दिन यानी राष्ट्रीय चेतना का दिन, दो ऐसे महापुरुषों का जन्मदिन जिन्होंने देश की एकता, अखंडता को संकल्पित एवं सुनिश्चित किया, जय हिंद।

प्रधानमंत्री आवास में खेती कर शास्त्री जी ने स्वयं से की। हरित क्रांति, एवं दुग्ध क्रांति में शास्त्री जी का बहुत बड़ा योगदान रहा है। पाकिस्तान से युद्ध के दौरान उन्होंने भारतीय सेना को लाहौर तक घुसने के आदेश दे दिए जिसके तुरंत बाद भारतीय सेना ने पाकिस्तान की सेना को परास्त कर दिया। देश के किसानों एवं सेना को निष्ठा के लिए शास्त्री जी 'जय जवान, जय किसान' का प्रसिद्ध नारा दिया, और देश के ढीले हो रहे सूत्रों को पुनः, पहले से भी मजबूत गाँठों में बाँधने का कार्य किया। ताशकंद में पाकिस्तान के राष्ट्रपति अयूब खान के साथ युद्धविराम के समझौते पर हस्ताक्षर करने के कुछ घण्टे बाद ही 11 जनवरी 1966 की रात में शास्त्री जी की अज्ञात कारणों से मृत्यु हो जाती है, जिसके कारण का पता आज तक स्पष्ट नहीं हो पाया है। 2 अक्टूबर का दिन यानी राष्ट्रीय चेतना का दिन, दो ऐसे महापुरुषों का जन्मदिन जिन्होंने देश की एकता, अखंडता को संकल्पित एवं सुनिश्चित किया, जय हिंद।

# हर धर्म, घर और दिल को जोड़ती है दीपावली

विप्राशु पंत

दीपावली का त्योहार बड़ा ही पावन पर्व है, जिसे संपूर्ण भारत में हर्षोल्लास के साथ मनाया जाता है। दीपावली एक ऐसा त्योहार है जो पृथ्वी के साथ-साथ आसमान को भी रोशन करता है। इस दिन पूरा देश अनगिनत दीपों की भूमि में बदल जाता है। दीपावली आकर्षण, भव्यता, समन्वयता और वैभव का त्योहार है जो लोगों को बिना अपनी जाति व पृष्ठभूमि की चिंता किए बिना एक साथ मिलकर त्योहार मनाने के लिए प्रोत्साहित करता है।

दीपावली का आध्यात्मिक अर्थ है आंतरिक प्रकाश के प्रति जागरूकता। एक तरह से यह आंतरिक



प्रकाश की जागरूकता का उत्सव है जिसमें अंधकार को दूर करने और जीवन की सभी बाधाओं को दूर करने की शक्ति है। दिवाली का सार 'तमसो मा ज्योतिर्गमय' श्लोक में निहित है अर्थात् 'मुझे अंधकार से निकाल

प्रकाश की ओर ले चलो।' अथवा हर तरह के अंधेरे जैसे गरीबी, दुख और बीमारी को सुख, समृद्धि तथा अज्ञान के अंधकार से दूर करना ही दीपावली का त्योहार है। दीपावली या दिवाली का पर्व कार्तिक मास के शुक्ल पक्ष की



अमावस्या को मनाया जाता है। उत्तर भारत की मान्यता है कि इस दिन प्रभु श्री राम और माता सीता के साथ 14 वर्षों का वनवास कर अयोध्या लौटे थे। वहीं दक्षिण भारत में माना जाता है कि इस दिन श्रीकृष्ण ने कार्तिक मास के

कृष्ण पक्ष की चतुर्दशी को नरकासुर का वध कर 16,100 गोपीकाओं को छुड़ाया और देवताओं एवं संतों को भी उसके आतंक से मुक्ति दिलाई। एक अन्य मान्यता के अनुसार इस दिन भगवान विष्णु ने देवी लक्ष्मी को अपने

वामन रूप में आकर राजा बाली के कारागार से छुड़ाया। तभी से दीपावली के दिन देवी लक्ष्मी की पूजा की जाती है। दीपावली केवल हिंदू धर्म के लोग ही नहीं बल्कि सिख समुदाय भी इस दिन दीप जलाते व दीपावली का त्योहार मनाते हैं। इतिहास में इस शुभ दिन पर सिखों के छठे गुरु, गुरु हरगोबिंद को मुगल सम्राट जहांगीर की कैद से मुक्त किया गया था, वहीं 1577 में स्वर्ण मंदिर की आधारशिला रखने के उपलक्ष्य में सिख भी दीपावली मनाते हैं। दीपावली का त्योहार समाज में सद्भाव, शांति समन्वय और भाईचारे को बढ़ावा देने के साथ-साथ हमारे मन को भी रोशन करता है। यह एक ऐसा त्योहार है जो हर धर्म, हर घर और हर दिल को जोड़ता है।



चाहत

हिन्दुओं का एक प्रमुख त्योहार है। अश्विन मास के शुक्ल पक्ष की दशमी तिथि को इसका आयोजन होता है। भगवान राम ने इसी दिन रावण का वध किया था तथा देवी दुर्गा ने नौ रात्रि एवं दस दिन के युद्ध के उपरान्त महिषासुर पर विजय प्राप्त की थी। इसे असत्य पर सत्य की विजय के रूप में मनाया जाता है। इसीलिए इस दशमी को 'विजयादशमी' के नाम से जाना जाता है।

इस दिन जो कार्य आरम्भ किया जाता है, उसमें विजय मिलती है। प्राचीनकाल में राजा-महाराजा इस दिन विजय की प्रार्थना कर

रणयात्रा के लिए प्रस्थान करते थे। भारतीय संस्कृति वीरता की पूजक है, शौर्य की उपासक है। व्यक्ति और समाज के रक्त में वीरता प्रकट हो, इसलिए दशहरे का उत्सव मनाया जाता है। दशहरा का पर्व दस प्रकार के पापों- काम, क्रोध, लोभ, मोह मद, मत्सर, अहंकार, आलस्य, हिंसा और चोरी के परित्याग की सद्प्रेरणा प्रदान करता है। दशहरे का सांस्कृतिक पहलू भी है। भारत कृषि प्रधान देश है। जब किसान अपने खेत में सुनहरी फसल उगाकर अनाज रूपी संपत्ति घर लाता है तो उसके उल्लास और उमंग का ठिकाना नहीं रहता। इस प्रसन्नता के अवसर पर वह भगवान की कृपा मानता है और उसे प्रकट

करने के लिए वह उसका पूजन करता है। समस्त भारत वर्ष में यह पर्व विभिन्न प्रदेशों में विभिन्न प्रकार से मनाया जाता है। महाराष्ट्र में इस अवसर पर 'सिल्लिंगण' के नाम से सामाजिक महोत्सव के रूप में भी इसको मनाया जाता है। दशमी के दिन पुरुष आपस में आलिंगन करते हैं, जिसे कोलाकुली कहते हैं। स्त्रियाँ देवी के माथे पर सिंदूर चढ़ाती हैं और देवी को अश्रुपूरित विदाई देती हैं। इसके साथ ही वे आपस में भी सिंदूर लगाती हैं, व सिंदूर से खेलते हैं। कन्या पूजन भी किया जाता है लेकिन सवाल यह आता है की क्या 10 दिन स्त्रियों की पूजा करना और फिर उसी औरत

# विजयादशमी

को हवस का शिकार बनाना ये कहां तक ठीक है। नेशनल ब्राह्म रिपोर्टिंग ब्यूरो के 2014 के आंकड़ों के मुताबिक देश में हर एक घंटे में 4 रप की वारदात होती है। यानी हर 14 मिनट में रप की एक वारदात सामने आती है 12014 में रप के कुल 36 हजार 975 मामले दर्ज हुए।

नेशनल अपराध ब्यूरो (NCRB) के आंकड़ों के मुताबिक औसतन हर 2 दिन में पुलिस कस्टडी में कम से कम एक रप की

वारदात होती है और हर वर्ष पुलिस कस्टडी में करीब 197 रप होते हैं। 2014 में पुलिस कस्टडी में हुई गैंग रप की वारदात की संख्या 7 है देश में औसतन हर 4 घंटे में एक गैंग रप की वारदात होती है।

वर्ष 2014 में गैंग रप के कुल 2361 मामले दर्ज किए गए थे। हर दो घंटे में रप की एक नाकाम कोशिश को अंजाम दिया जाता है। हर 13 घंटे में एक महिला ऐसे अपराध का शिकार होती है।



# Creative Corner

## आज हम ये कैसा जश्न मना रहे हैं?

आज हम ये कैसा जश्न मना रहे हैं? आजादी के नाम पर कहाँ जा रहे हैं? आजादी चाहिए अंग्रेजों से पर अंग्रेजियत ही भाती है। अंग्रेजी बन गई है अपनी, मुश्किल हिंदी में आती है। दिशाहीन होकर भाग रहे हैं सारी चिंता यही सताती है। जब तक राँव न झाड़ दे अंग्रेजी में हमे नौद नहीं आती है। आज भी हमें अंग्रेज ही भा रहे हैं। आज हम ये कैसा जश्न मना रहे हैं? आजादी के नाम पर कहाँ जा रहे हैं? मुझे छोड़ कर बाकी का सुधारना है जरूरी। तुम तो छोड़ो भ्रष्टाचार समझो मेरी मजबूरी। मुझे तो छोड़ो बस तुम बनाओ झूठ से दूरी। लगता है ऐसे ही सुधर जायेगी दुनिया पूरी। क्यों नहीं हम खुद को सुधार पा रहे हैं? आज हम ये कैसा जश्न मना रहे हैं? आजादी के नाम पर कहाँ जा रहे हैं? आज है आजादी बोलने की तो क्या बोलते हैं? बातें करते अर्थहीन और जखम ही खोलते हैं। आजादी के नाम पर सभाओं में इकट्ठे होते हैं सारे। जनहित में कम देश के ही खिलाफ लगाते हैं नारे। किसी और को नहीं खुद को सता रहे हैं। आज हम ये कैसा जश्न मना रहे हैं? आजादी के नाम पर कहाँ जा रहे हैं? देश को चाहिए भगत सिंह पर वो बेटा तेरा हो। परिवार को चाहिए श्रवण कुमार जो बेटा मेरा हो। सरकार में भी हो हिस्सा एंशो आराम बहुतेरा हो। धन यश पद प्रतिष्ठा सब पर अधिकार मेरा हो। खुद हैं भ्रष्ट दूसरो को धता बता रहे हैं। आज हम ये कैसा जश्न मना रहे हैं? आजादी के नाम पर कहाँ जा रहे हैं?



डॉ. अरविंद कुमार शर्मा



## Happy Pain

The agony that burstd on my face  
Endorsed with all those happy songs  
I forgot to cry  
On those rainy storms



SHREYA KUMARI

The pain flattered on my mind  
The moments clamped on my eyes  
The stories of my life  
Were filmed like a fairytale

The lost emotions of my heart  
Beats like a thunderstorm  
The icebergs started melting  
On my heated thoughts

The dreams that I enjoyed  
Left me on the roadside  
Finally it was time to rouse  
Look! I relish my life with loss.



## तुम भीष्म सी प्रतिज्ञा रखना..

तुम भीष्म सी प्रतिज्ञा रखना,  
अर्जुन जैसा तुम लक्ष्य रखना।  
एकलव्य सी चाह रखना,  
विदुर जैसा ज्ञान रखना।



वृष्टि त्यागी

तुम करण से निष्ठावान बनना,  
अभिमन्यु से योद्धा बनना,  
फिर देखना तुम सफल हो जाओगे।

जो सुन किसी शकुनी की,  
बन गए तुम ध्रतराष्ट्र,  
तो सारे गुण, योग्यता होते हुए भी  
तुम विफल हो जाओगे।।

फिर लाख परपंच रचने पर भी,  
तुम निष्फल हो जाओगे।।



## जिंदगी

कल मैंने एक झलक जिंदगी को देखा  
राहों में भरे गुनगुना रही थी,

दूढ़ा बहुत मैंने इधर- उधर  
आँख मिचौली कर मुस्कुरा रही थी



Chahat Singh

एक अस्से के बाद, आज आया मुझे करार  
वो प्यार से सहला कर सुला रही थी

हम दोनों क्यों खफा है, एक दूसरे से  
मैं उसे और वो मुझे समझा रही थी

मैंने पूछा क्यों इतना दर्द दिया तूने,  
बहुत प्यार से बोली  
मैं जिंदगी हूँ पगली  
तुझे जीना सिखा रही थी

